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Overview

VIVOTEK IP8161 is a professional-series fixed network camera featuring superb image quality and exceptional bandwidth efficiency. It is especially suitable for wide open spaces such as building entrances and airports, or applications requiring accurate identification, such as human faces in banks or vehicle license plates in parking lots.

Featuring a 2-megapixel sensor, this camera is able to provide a wide field of view with exceptional detail when compared to a standard VGA camera, significantly reducing the number of camera installations. The ePTZ function enables users to focus on close-up shots of different areas in the camera's view without moving the camera physically. Users can quickly move to a target area by simply clicking on the video feed from the camera on their screen. In addition, the IP8161 can deliver user-defined thumbnails for viewing instead of video of an entire scene so as to optimize bandwidth and storage efficiency.

The IP8161 supports H.264 compression technology, drastically reducing file sizes and conserving valuable network bandwidth. With MPEG-4 and MJPEG compatibility, video streams can also be transmitted in either of these formats for versatile applications. The streams can also be individually configured to meet different needs or bandwidth constraints, thereby further reducing bandwidth and storage requirements. Users can receive multiple streams simultaneously in different resolutions, frame rates and image qualities for viewing on different platforms.

Thanks to its day and night function achieved by a built-in removable IR-cut filter, the IP8161 is able to maintain clear images 24 hours a day.

Additionally, the IP8161 camera incorporates an adjustment ring to improve lens compatibility with either C- or CS-mount lens, providing system integrators with more flexibility and hassle-free installation for different applications. The built-in SD/SDHC card slot offers a convenient and portable storage option to prevent data loss in case of network disconnection.

Data security with the IP8161 is further enhanced with HTTPS encryption and 802.1x authentication. Together with PoE, QoS, activity adaptive streaming, and the included 32-CH central management software, the IP8161 is indisputably the top choice for reliable and high performance surveillance.

Read Before Use

The use of surveillance devices may be prohibited by law in your country. The Network Camera is not only a high-performance web-ready camera but can also be part of a flexible surveillance system. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the operation of such devices is legal before installing this unit for its intended use.

It is important to first verify that all contents received are complete according to the Package Contents listed below. Take note of the warnings in the Quick Installation Guide before the Network Camera is installed; then carefully read and follow the instructions in the Installation chapter to avoid damage due to faulty assembly and installation. This also ensures the product is used properly as intended.

The Network Camera is a network device and its use should be straightforward for those who have basic networking knowledge. It is designed for various applications including video sharing, general security/ surveillance, etc. The Configuration chapter suggests ways to best utilize the Network Camera and ensure proper operations. For creative and professional developers, the URL Commands of the Network Camera section serves as a helpful reference to customizing existing homepages or integrating with the current web server.

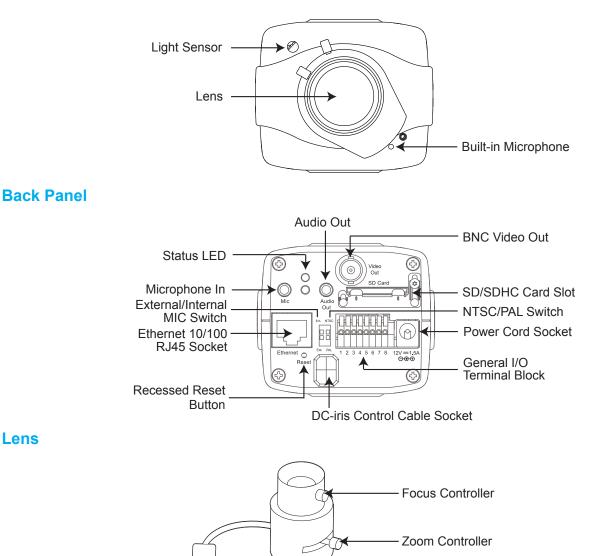
Package Contents

- ∎ IP8161
- Power Adapter
- Camera Stand
- CS-mount Lens
- Software CD
- Warranty Card
- Quick Installation Guide
- L-type Hex Key Wretch

Physical Description

Front Panel

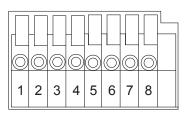
Lens



General I/O Terminal Block

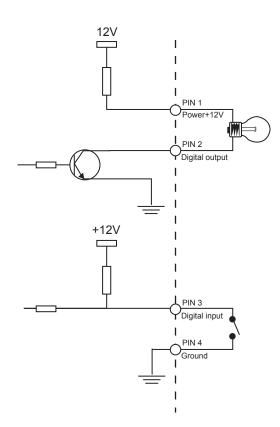
This Network Camera provides a general I/O terminal block which is used to connect external input / output devices. The pin definitions are described below.

Pin	Name
1	Power +12V
2	Digital Output
3	Digital Input
4	Ground
5	AC 24V input
6	AC 24V input
7	RS-485 +
8	RS-485 -



DI/DO Diagram

Please refer to the following illustration for the connection method.

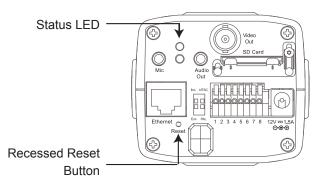


Status LED

The LED indicates the status of the Network Camera.

Item	LED status	Description
1	Steady Red	Power on and system booting
1	Red LED unlighted	Power off
2	Steady Red + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Network works (heartbeat)
2	Steady Red + Green LED unlighted	Network fail
3	Steady Red + Blink Green every 2 sec.	Audio mute (heartbeat)
4	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 1 sec.	Upgrading Firmware
5	Blink Red every 0.15 sec. + Blink Green every 0.15 sec.	Restore default

Hardware Reset



The reset button is used to reset the system or restore the factory default settings. Sometimes resetting the system can return the camera to normal operation. If the system problems remain after reset, restore the factory settings and install again.

<u>Reset</u>: Press and release the recessed reset button with a paper clip or thin object. Wait for the Network Camera to reboot.

<u>Restore</u>: Press and hold the recessed reset button until the status LED rapidly blinks. It takes about 30 seconds. Note that all settings will be restored to factory default. Upon successful restore, the status LED will blink green and red during normal operation.

SD/SDHC Card Capacity

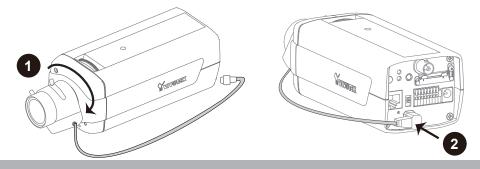
This network camera is compliant with **SD/SDHC 16GB / 8GB** and other preceding standard SD cards.

Installation

Hardware Installation

Follow the steps below to mount the lens to the Network Camera:

- 1. Mount the lens by turning it clockwise onto the camera mount until it stops. If necessary, turn the lens counterclockwise slowly until it gets the best attitude.
- 2. Connect the lens cable plug to the camera connector.

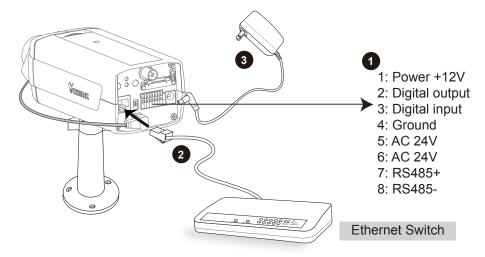


Network Deployment

Setting up the Network Camera over the Internet

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to an Internet connection.

- 1. If you have external devices such as sensors and alarms, connect them to the general I/O terminal block.
- 2. Connect the camera to a switch via Ethernet cable.
- 3. Connect the power cable from the Network Camera to a power outlet.

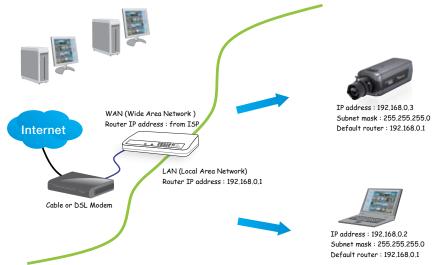


There are several ways to set up the Network Camera over the Internet. The first way is to set up the Network Camera behind a router. The second way is to utilize a static IP. The third way is to use PPPoE.

Internet connection via a router

Before setting up the Network Camera over the Internet, make sure you have a router and follow the steps below.

 Connect your Network Camera behind a router, the Internet environment is illustrated below. Regarding how to obtain your IP address, please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.



- 2. In this case, if the Local Area Network (LAN) IP address of your Network Camera is 192.168.0.3, please forward the following ports for the Network Camera on the router.
- HTTP port
- RTSP port
- RTP port for audio
- RTCP port for audio
- RTP port for video
- RTCP port for video

If you have changed the port numbers on the Network page, please open the ports accordingly on your router. For information on how to forward ports on the router, please refer to your router's user's manual.

3. Find out the public IP address of your router provided by your ISP (Internet Service Provider). Use the public IP and the secondary HTTP port to access the Network Camera from the Internet. Please refer to Network Type on page 33 for details.

Internet connection with static IP

Choose this connection type if you are required to use a static IP for the Network Camera. Please refer to LAN on page 33 for details.

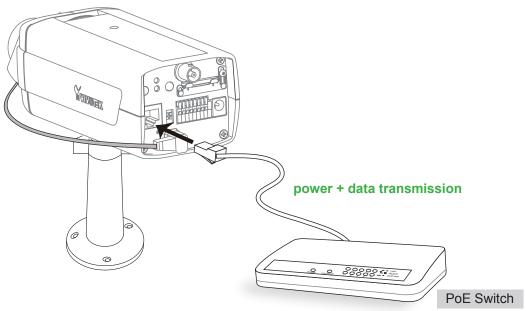
Internet connection via PPPoE (Point-to-Point over Ethernet)

Choose this connection type if you are connected to the Internet via a DSL Line. Please refer to PPPoE on page 34 for details.

Set up the Network Camera through Power over Ethernet (PoE)

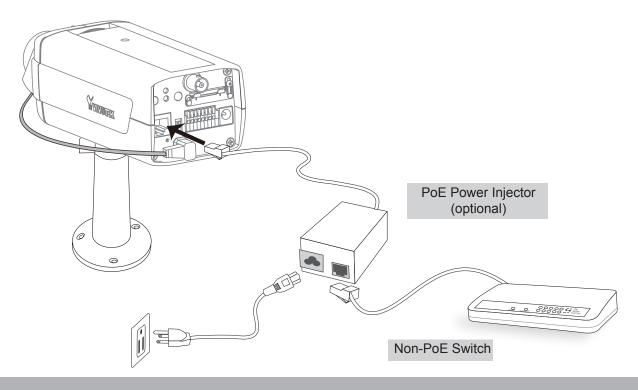
When using a PoE-enabled switch

The Network Camera is PoE-compliant, allowing transmission of power and data via a single Ethernet cable. Follow the below illustration to connect the Network Camera to a PoE-enabled switch via Ethernet cable.



When using a non-PoE switch

If your switch/router does not support PoE, use a PoE power injector (optional) to connect between the Network Camera and a non-PoE switch.



Software Installation

Installation Wizard 2 (IW2), free-bundled software included on the product CD, helps you set up your Network Camera on the LAN.

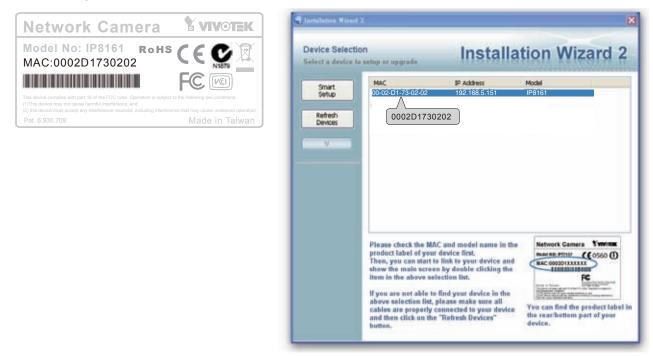
1. Install IW2 under the Software Utility directory from the software CD. Double click the IW2 shortcut on your desktop to launch the program.



2. The program will conduct an analysis of your network environment. After your network environment is analyzed, please click **Next** to continue the program.

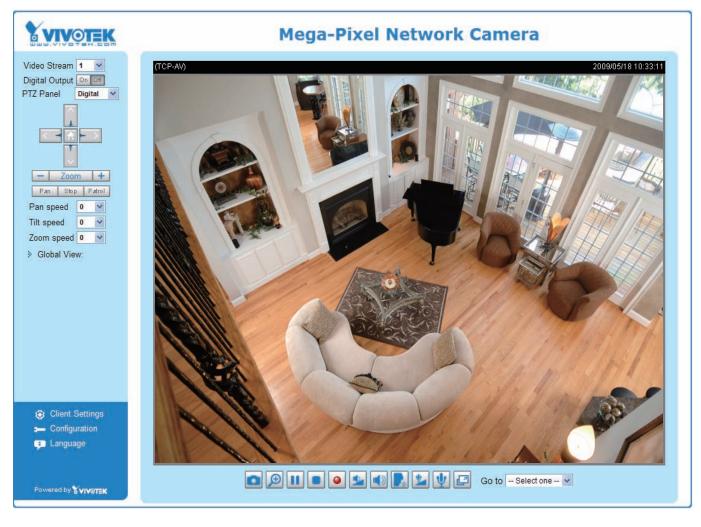
🖣 Installation Wound 2 - Network Environment Analysis 🛛 🔀	🖷 Installation Wirned 2 - Retwork Type
Installation Wizard 2	Installation Wizard 2
The wizard is analyzing your network environment. Please wait a moment.	Your network environment was analyzed as below. Private DHCP
	Cable/DSL modem Router C
Eit Cancel	Ext

- 3. The program will search for all VIVOTEK network devices on the same LAN.
- 4. After searching, the main installer window will pop up. Click on the MAC and model name which matches the product label on your device to connect to the Network Camera via Internet Explorer.



Ready to Use

- 1. Access the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Retrieve live video through a web browser or recording software.



Accessing the Network Camera

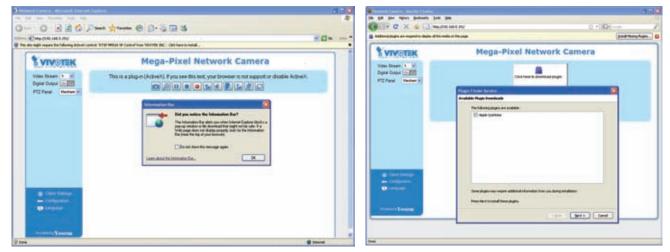
This chapter explains how to access the Network Camera through web browsers, RTSP players, 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, and VIVOTEK recording software.

Using Web Browsers

Use Installation Wizard 2 (IW2) to access to the Network Cameras on the LAN.

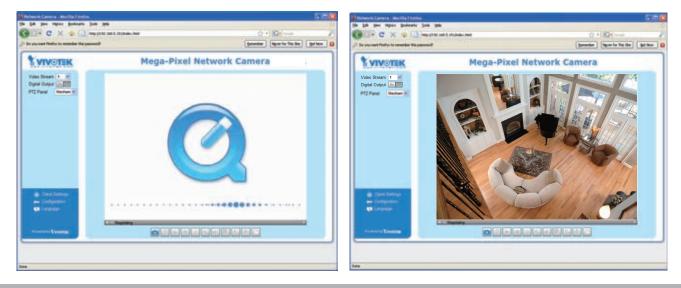
If your network environment is not a LAN, follow these steps to access the Network Camera:

- 1. Launch your web browser (ex. Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox, or Netscape).
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field. Press Enter.
- 3. The live video will be displayed in your web browser.
- 4. If it is the first time installing the VIVOTEK network camera, an information bar will pop up as shown below. Follow the instructions to install the required plug-in on your computer.

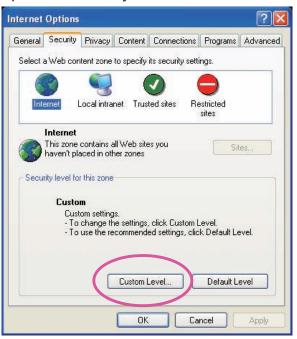


<u>NOTE</u>

For Mozilla Firefox or Netscape users, your browser will use Quick Time to stream the live video. If you donn't have Quick Time on your computer, please download it first, then launch the web browser.



- By default, the Network Camera is not password-protected. To prevent unauthorized access, it is highly recommended to set a password for the Network Camera. For more information about how to enable password protection, please refer to Security on page 26.
- If you see a dialog box indicating that your security settings prohibit running ActiveX[®] Controls, please enable the ActiveX[®] Controls for your browser.
- 1. Choose Tools > Internet Options > Security > Custom Level.



2. Look for Download signed ActiveX[®] controls; select Enable or Prompt. Click **OK**.

Security S	ettings			?×
Settings:				
	X controls and plue winload signed Act) Disable) Enable) Prompt		s	
	wynload unsigned /) Disable) Enable) Prompt tialize and script A) Disable) Enable) Prompt	ctiveX contr	ols not marked a	s safe
Reset cus Reset to:	tom settings Medium		Res	et
			ок Са	ancel

3. Refresh your web browser, then install the Active X[®] control. Follow the instructions to complete installation.

Using RTSP Players

To view the MPEG-4 streaming media using RTSP players, you can use one of the following players that support RTSP streaming.



Quick Time Player

👦 Real Player

- 1. Launch the RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. The address format is rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream1 or stream2>

As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46. For example:

inter an Internet URL to open:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/live.sdp	~

4. The live video will be displayed in your player.

For more information on how to configure the RTSP access name, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46 for details.



Using 3GPP-compatible Mobile Devices

To view the streaming media through 3GPP-compatible mobile devices, make sure the Network Camera can be accessed over the Internet. For more information on how to set up the Network Camera over the Internet, please refer to Setup the Network Camera over the Internet on page 7.

To utilize this feature, please check the following settings on your Network Camera:

- 1. Because most players on 3GPP mobile phones do not support RTSP authentication, make sure the authentication mode of RTSP streaming is set to disable. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46.
- 2. As the the bandwidth on 3G networks is limited, you will not be able to use a large video size. Please set the video and audio streaming parameters as listed below. For more information, please refer to Viewing Window on page 59.

Video Mode	MPEG-4
Frame size	176 x 144
Maximum frame rate	5 fps
Intra frame period	1S
Video quality (Constant bit rate)	40kbps
Audio type (GSM-AMR)	12.2kbps

- 3. As most ISPs and players only allow RTSP streaming through port number 554, please set the RTSP port to 554. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46.
- 4. Launch the player on the 3GPP-compatible mobile devices (ex. Real Player).
- Type the following URL commands into the player. The address format is rtsp://<public ip address of your camera>:<rtsp port>/<RTSP streaming access name for stream 3>. For example:

Enter an Internet URL to open:		
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/live.	sdp	~
		 Cancel

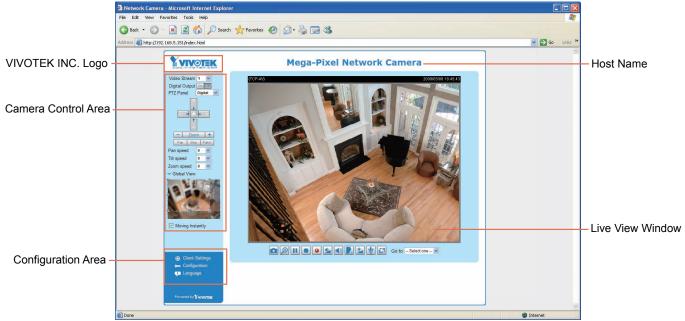
Using VIVOTEK Recording Software

The product software CD also contains recording software, allowing simultaneous monitoring and video recording for multiple Network Cameras. Please install the recording software; then launch the program to add the Network Camera to the Channel list. For detailed information about how to use the recording software, please refer to the user's manual of the software or download it from http://www.vivotek.com.



Main Page

This chapter explains the layout of the main page. It is composed of the following sections: VIVOTEK INC. Logo, Host Name, Camera Control Area, Configuration Area, Menu, and Live Video Window.



VIVOTEK INC. Logo

Click this logo to visit the VIVOTEK website.

Host Name

The host name can be customized to fit your needs. For more information, please refer to System on page 24.

Camera Control Area

<u>Video Stream</u>: This Network Cmera supports multiple streams (stream $1 \sim 4$) simultaneously. You can select either one for live viewing. For more information about multiple streams, please refer to page 59 for detailed information.

Digital Output: Click to turn the digital output device on or off.

<u>PTZ Panel</u>: This Network Camera supports both "digital" (e-PTZ) and "mechanical" pan/tilt/zoom control. Please refer to Camera Control on page 70 for detailed information.

<u>Global View</u>: Click on this item to display the Global View window. The Global View window contains a full view image (the largest frame size of the captured video) and a floating frame (the viewing region of the curruent video stream). The floating frame allows users to control the e-PTZ function (Electronic Pan/Tilt/Zoom). For more information about e-PTZ operation, please refer to E-PTZ Operation on page 75. For more information about how to set up the viewing region of the current video stream, please refer to Viewing Windows on page 59.



The viewing region of the curruent video stream

The largest frame size

Moving Instantly

Configuration Area

<u>Client Settings</u>: Click this button to access the client setting page. For more information, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

<u>Configuration</u>: Click this button to access the configuration page of the Network Camera. It is suggested that a password be applied to the Network Camera so that only the administrator can configure the Network Camera. For more information, please refer to Configuration on page 23.

<u>Language</u>: Click this button to choose a language for the user interface. Language options are available in: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Live Video Window

The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to H.264 / MPEG-4:



H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options

Video and Audio Control Buttons

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol and Media Options</u>: The transmission protocol and media options for H.264 / MPEG-4 video streaming. For further configuration, please refer to Client Settings on page 21.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>Title and Time</u>: The video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For further configuration, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.

Zoom Factors:	100%
-	
]	



Pause: Pause the transmission of the streaming media. The button becomes the Resume button after clicking the Pause button.

Stop: Stop the transmission of the streaming media. Click the Resume button to continue transmission.

Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Volume: When the Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the volume on the local computer.

Mute: Turn off the volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Mutio On button after clicking the Mute button.

<u>Talk</u>: Click this button to talk to people around the Network Camera. Audio will project from the external speaker connected to the Network Camera. Click this button **s** again to end talking transmission.

Mic Volume: When the W Mute function is not activated, move the slider bar to adjust the microphone volume on the local computer.

W Mute: Turn off the Mic volume on the local computer. The button becomes the Mic On button after clicking the Mute button.

E Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

The following window is displayed when the video mode is set to MJPEG:



Video Control Buttons

<u>Video Title</u>: The video title can be configured. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>Time</u>: Display the current time. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>Title and Time</u>: Video title and time can be stamped on the streaming video. For more information, please refer to Video Settings on page 53.

<u>Video and Audio Control Buttons</u>: Depending on the Network Camera model and Network Camera configuration, some buttons may not be available.

Snapshot: Click this button to capture and save still images. The captured images will be displayed in a pop-up window. Right-click the image and choose **Save Picture As** to save it in JPEG (*.jpg) or BMP (*.bmp) format.

Digital Zoom: Click and uncheck "Disable digital zoom" to enable the zoom operation. The navigation screen indicates the part of the image being magnified. To control the zoom level, drag the slider bar. To move to a different area you want to magnify, drag the navigation screen.



Start MP4 Recording: Click this button to record video clips in MP4 file format to your computer. Press the Stop MP4 Recording button to end recording. When you exit the web browser, video recording stops accordingly. To specify the storage destination and file name, please refer to MP4 Saving Options on page 22 for details.

Full Screen: Click this button to switch to full screen mode. Press the "Esc" key to switch back to normal mode.

Client Settings

This chapter explains how to select the stream transmission mode and saving options on the local computer. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** on the page bottom to enable the settings.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Media Options

 H.264/MPEG-4 Media Options
Video and Audio
O Video Only
O Audio Only

Select to stream video or audio data or both. This is enabled only when the video mode is set to H.264 or MPEG-4.

H.264 / MPEG-4 Protocol Options

 H.264/MPEG-4 Protocol Options
O UDP Unicast
O UDP Multicast
● TCP
© HTTP

Depending on your network environment, there are four transmission modes of H.264 or MPEG-4 streaming:

<u>UDP unicast</u>: This protocol allows for more real-time audio and video streams. However, network packets may be lost due to network burst traffic and images may be broken. Activate UDP connection when occasions require time-sensitive responses and the video quality is less important. Note that each unicast client connecting to the server takes up additional bandwidth and the Network Camera allows up to ten simultaneous accesses.

<u>UDP multicast</u>: This protocol allows multicast-enabled routers to forward network packets to all clients requesting streaming media. This helps to reduce the network transmission load of the Network Camera while serving multiple clients at the same time. Note that to utilize this feature, the Network Camera must be configured to enable multicast streaming at the same time. For more information, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46.

<u>TCP</u>: This protocol guarantees the complete delivery of streaming data and thus provides better video quality. The downside of this protocol is that its real-time effect is not as good as that of the UDP protocol.

<u>HTTP</u>: This protocol allows the same quality as TCP protocol without needing to open specific ports for streaming under some network environments. Users inside a firewall can utilize this protocol to allow streaming data through.

MP4 Saving Options

Ider: c:\Reco	ord	Browse	
e name prefi	x: CLIP		
		1.000	
Add date a	nd time suffix to file	name	

Users can record live video as they are watching it by clicking <a>Start MP4 Recording on the main page. Here, you can specify the storage destination and file name.

Folder: Specify a storage destination for the recorded video files.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the video file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name: Select this option to append the date and time to the end of the file name.



Configuration

Click **Configuration** on the main page to enter the camera setting pages. Note that only Administrators can access the configuration page.

VIVOTEK offers an easy-to-use user interface that helps you set up your network camera with minimal effort. To simplify the setting procedure, two types of user interfaces are available: Advanced Mode for professional users and Basic Mode for entry-level users. Some advanced functions (HTTPS/ Access list/ Homepage layout/ Application/ Recording/ System log/ View parameters) are not displayed in Basic Mode.

If you want to set up advanced functions, please click **[Advanced Mode]** on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch to Advanced Mode.

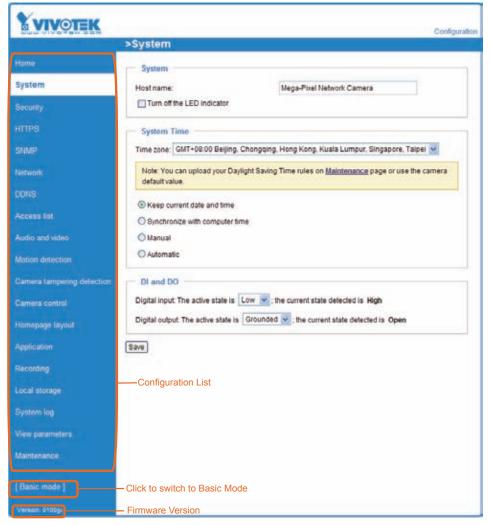
In order to simplify the user interface, the detailed information will be hidden unless you click on the function item. When you click on the first sub-item, the detailed information for the first sub-item will be displayed; when you click on the second sub-item, the detailed information for the second sub-item will be displayed and that of the first sub-item will be hidden.

The following is the interface of the Basic Mode and the Advanced Mode:

	>System	Configuration
Home	r System −	
System	Host name: Mega-Pixel Network Camera	
Security	Turn off the LED indicator	
Network	Configuration List	
DDNS	Keep current date and time	
Audio and video	O Synchronize with computer time	
Motion detection	O Manual O Automatic	
Camera tampering detection	DI and DO	
Maintenance	Digital input: The active state is Low 💙 ; the current state detected is High	0
[Advanced mode]	Digital output: The active state is Grounded 💙 ; the current state detected is Open	
	Save	
	Click to switch to Advanced Mode	
Version: 0100g	– Firmware Version	

Basic Mode

Advanced Mode



Each function on the configuration list will be explained in the following sections. Those functions that are displayed only in Advanced Mode are marked with Advanced Mode. If you want to set up advanced functions, please click [Advanced Mode] on the bottom of the configuration list to quickly switch over.

System

System

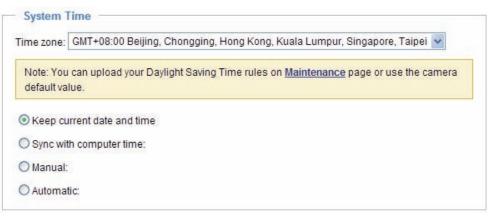
This section explains how to configure the basic settings for the Network Camera, such as the host name and system time. It is composed of the following three columns: System, System Time and DI and DO. When finished with the settings on this page, click **Save** at the bottom of the page to enable the settings.

System	
Host name:	Mega-Pixel Network Camera
Turn off the LED indicator	

Host name: Enter a desired name for the Network Camera. The text will be displayed at the top of the main page.

<u>Turn off the LED indicators</u>: If you do not want to let others know that the network camera is in operation, you can select this option to turn off the LED indicators.

System Time



<u>Keep current date and time</u>: Select this option to preserve the current date and time of the Network Camera. The Network Camera's internal real-time clock maintains the date and time even when the power of the system is turned off.

<u>Sync with computer time</u>: Select this option to synchronize the date and time of the Network Camera with the local computer. The read-only date and time of the PC is displayed as updated.

<u>Manual</u>: The administrator can enter the date and time manually. Note that the date and time format are [yyyy/mm/dd] and [hh:mm:ss].

<u>Automatic</u>: The Network Time Protocol is a protocol which synchronizes computer clocks by periodically querying an NTP Server.

<u>NTP server</u>: Assign the IP address or domain name of the time-server. Leaving the text box blank connects the Network Camera to the default time servers.

<u>Update interval</u>: Select to update the time using the NTP server on an hourly, daily, weekly, or monthly basis.

<u>Time zone</u> Advanced Mode: Select the appropriate time zone from the list. If you want to upload Daylight Savings Time rules on the Maintenance page, please refer to Upload / Export Daylight Saving Time Configuration File on page 103 for details.

DI and DO

aital input. The active state is	I our with a surrout state data stad in Iliah
gitai input, The active state is	s Low 😪 ; the current state detected is High
gital output: The active state	is Grounded 💙 ; the current state detected is Open

<u>Digital input</u>: Select High or Low to define normal status for the digital input. The Network Camera will report the current status.

<u>Digital output</u>: Select Grounded or Open to define normal status for the digital output. The Network Camera will show whether the trigger is activated or not.

Security

This section explains how to enable password protection and create multiple accounts.

Root Password



The administrator account name is "root", which is permanent and can not be deleted. If you want to add more accounts in the Manage User column, please apply the password for the "root" account first.

- 1. Type the password identically in both text boxes, then click **Save** to enable password protection.
- 2. A window will be prompted for authentication; type the correct user's name and password in their respective fields to access the Network Camera.

Manage Privilege Advanced Mode

	Operator	Viewer	
Digital Output:			
PTZ control:		~	Save

<u>Digital Output & PTZ control</u>: You can modify the manage privilege of operators or viewers. Check or uncheck the item, then click **Save** to enable the settings. If you give Viewers the privilege, Operators will also have the ability to control the Network Camera through the main page. (Please refer to Main Page on page 17.)

<u>Allow anonymous viewing</u>: If you check this item, any client can access the live stream without entering a User ID and Password.

Manage User

Existing user name:	Add new user 💌	
Jser name:		
Jser password:		Delete
onfirm user password:		Add
ivilege:	Administrator 😽	Update
1742-51	Administrator	
	Operator Viewer	

Administrators can add up to 20 user accounts.

- 1. Input the new user's name and password.
- 2. Select the privilege level for the new user account. Click Add to enable the setting.

Access rights are sorted by user privilege (Administrator, Operator, and Viewer). Only administrators can access the Configuration page. Though operators cannot access the Configuration page, they can use the URL Commands to get and set the value of parameters. For more information, please refer to URL Commands of the Network Camera on page 106. Viewers access only the main page for live viewing.

Here you also can change a user's access rights or delete user accounts.

- 1. Select an existing account to modify.
- 2. Make necessary changes and click **Update** or **Delete** to enable the setting.

```
HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol over SSL) Advanced Mode
```

This section explains how to enable authentication and encrypted communication over SSL (Secure Socket Layer). It helps protect streaming data transmission over the Internet on higher security level.

Enable HTTPS

Check this item to enable HTTPS communication, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only". Note that you have to create and install a certificate first in the second column before clicking the **Save** button.

Enable HTTPS	
*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and install certificate first.	
Enable HTTPS secure connection:	
● HTTP & HTTPS ○ HTTPS only	
Save	
Create and install certificate method	
Oreate self-signed certificate automatically	
Create self-signed certificate manually:	
O Create certificate request and install:	

Create and Install Certificate Method

Before using HTTPS for communication with the Network Camera, a **Certificate** must be created first. There are three ways to create and install a certificate:

Create self-signed certificate automatically

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. In the first column, check **Enable HTTPS secure connection**, then select a connection option: "HTTP & HTTPS" or "HTTPS only".
- 3. Click **Save** to generate a certificate.

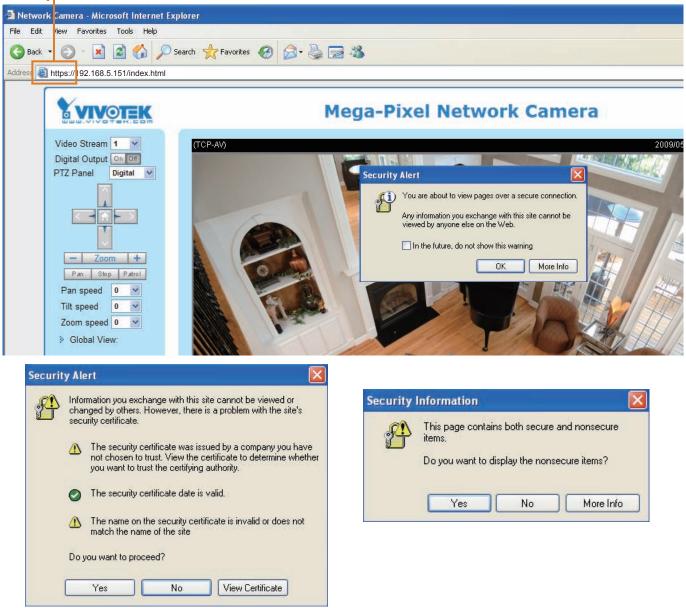
-10 6	enable HTTPS, you have to create an	id install certificate first.
🕑 En	able HTTPS secure connection:	у
O Cr	Please wait while the certificate is a generated eate sen-signed certificate automat eate self-signed certificate manually eate certificate request and install:	cany
- Certi	ificate Information	Not installed

4. The Certificate Information will automatically de displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to view detailed information about the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com

 Click Home to return to the main page. Change the address from "<u>http://</u>" to "<u>https://</u>" in the address bar and press Enter on your keyboard. Some Security Alert dialogs will pop up. Click OK or Yes to enable HTTPS.

https://



Create self-signed certificate manually

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

Create Certificate		
ountry:	TW	
tate or province:	Asia	
ocality:	Asia	
rganization:	Vivotek.	Inc
rganization Unit:	Vivotek.	Inc
ommon Name:	www.viv	votek.com
alidity:	9999	days

3. The Certificate Information will automatically be displayed in the third column as shown below. You can click **Property** to see detailed information about the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	TW
State or province:	Asia
Locality:	Asia
Organization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com

<u>Create certificate and install</u> : Select this option if you want to create a certificate from a certificate authority.

- 1. Select this option.
- 2. Click **Create** to open the Create Certificate page, then click **Save** to generate the certificate.

 Create and install certificate i 	method
🔘 Create self-signed certificate au	Itomatically
O Create self-signed certificate m	anually:
Oreate certificate request and ir	istall:
Certificate request:	Create
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload

ountry:	TW
ate or province:	Asia
ocality:	Asia
rganization:	Vivotek.Inc
Organization Unit:	Vivotek.Inc
Common Name:	www.vivotek.com
/alidity:	9999 days

3. If you see the following Information bar, click **OK** and click on the Information bar at the top of the page to allow pop-ups.

HITTPS Microsof	ft Internet Explorer	
	wantes Taals Help	
3 Back + 🔘 -	💌 🗟 🏠 🔎 Search 👷	Fevorites 🐵 😥 😼 🖼 🍇
and the second se	168.5.151/setup/https.html	Å
Pop-up blocked. To s	ee this pop-up or additional options click here	
	VIVOTEK	
	HEW VIVOTEN.EDO	>HTTPS
	and the second sec	
	Home	Information Bar
	System	Did you notice the Information Bar?
	Security	The Information Bar alerts you when Internet Explorer blocks a
	county	pop up window or life download that might not be sale. If a Web page does not display properly, look for the Information
	HTTPS	Bar (near the top of your browser).
	a financial de la constante de	
	SNMP	Do not show this message again.

4. The pop-up window shows an example of a certificate request.

Copy the PEM format request below and send it to a CA for identify validation. After the install it by clicking the "Upload" button on HTTPS page.	at, you have to
Certificate Request (PEM format)	
BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST MIIBuDCCASECADBSMOswCQYDVQQCEwJUVZERMA8GA1UECBMIUHJvdmlu BgNVBAcTCUNpdHkgTmFtZTEAMBgGA1UEChMRT3JnYWSpemF0aW9uIESh BgNVBAsTCVVuaXQgTmFtZTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSVAgQWRkcmVzczCBnzAN 9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAuOT75EY52gsSyPFMx27wHdQlobPescsX ONRheukFaXFDkM+5xk+KSoEPBPqj77yhH+zdUHS27fFSLG57bW9SoxrW mCD+//AiJX864dJ/mjHn7Wc55GFaxgMvbALcxT+hCIeDCWYnRqh/fpKN UrcCAwEAAaAMMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAAVazWOAtftfU9dyFgTx FOTkbnD0QG18e4ftJ3rROD1TvIINjg3K8zsAS8Gd3pME1ejqLY0BrtaS S0bLG1subWsXr88PngaBwjY0TpG3q1zvUPJZLAVmdL3ne5urTbABXOSc PX9dw4OJWkIC8QhV END CERTIFICATE REQUEST	bWUxEjAQ BgkqhkiG LUx9DFw6 uLhSvRZW j+BxvVoN OY01D/z0 qdCUqGiX

5. Look for a trusted certificate authority that issues digital certificates. Enroll the Network Camera. Wait for the certificate authority to issue a SSL certificate; click **Browse...** to search for the issued certificate, then click Upload in the second column.

> oreate sen signed certified	e automatically
Create self-signed certificat	e manually:
Create certificate request ar	nd install:
Certificate request:	Create
Select certificate file:	Browse Upload

<u>NOTE</u>

- ► How do I cancel the HTTPS settings?
 - 1. Uncheck Enable HTTPS secure connection in the first column and click Save; a warning dialog will pop up.
 - 2. Click OK to disable HTTPS.

*To enable HTTPS, you have to create and ins	tall certificate first.
Enable HTTPS secure connection:	Microsoft Internet Explorer
we	This will stop the HTTPS service, do you really want to stop
Create and install certificate method	OK Cancel

- 3. The webpage will redirect to a non-HTTPS page automatically.
- If you want to create and install other certificates, please remove the existing one. To remove the signed certificate, uncheck Enable HTTPS secure connection in the first column and click Save. Then click Remove to erase the certificate.

Status:	Active
Country:	Microsoft Internet Explorer
State or province:	
Locality:	Are you sure you want to delete the certificate?
Organization:	OK Cancel
Organization Unit:	OK Cancel
Common Name:	IP Address

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) Advanced Mode

This section explains how to use the SNMP on the network camera. The Simple Network Management Protocol is an application layer protocol that facilitates the exchange of management information between network devices. It helps network administrators to remotely manage network devices and find, solve network problems with ease.

- The SNMP consists of the following three key components:
- 1. Manager: Network-management station (NMS), a server which executes applications that monitor and control managed devices.
- 2. Agent: A network-management software module on a managed device which transfers the status of managed devices to the NMS.
- 3. Managed device: A network node on a managed network. For example: routers, switches, bridges, hubs, computer hosts, printers, IP telephones, network cameras, web server, and database.

Before configuring SNMP settings on the this page, please enable your NMS first.

SNMP Configuration

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

Select this option and enter the names of Read/Write community and Read Only community according to your NMS settings.

Enable SNMPv1, SNMPv2c

[— SNMPv1, SNMPv2c Settin	igs	
	Read/Write community:	Private	
	Read only community:	Public	

Enable SNMPv3

This option contains cryptographic security, a higher security level, which allows you to set the Authentication password and the Encryption password.

- Security name: According to your NMS settings, choose Read/Write or Read Only and enter the community name.
- Authentication type: Select MD5 or SHA as the authentication method.
- Authentication password: Enter the password for authenrication (at least 8 characters).
- Encryption password: Enter a password for ecryption (at least 8 characters).

Enable SNMPv3

SNMPv3 Settings		
Read/Write Security name:	Private	
Authentication Type:	MD5 🗸	
Authentication Password:		
Encryption Password:		
Read only Security name:	Public	
Authentication Type:	MD5 🗸	
Authentication Password:		
Encryption Password:		

Network

This section explains how to configure a wired network connection for the Network Camera.

Network Type

Net	vork Type
۰ L	N:
	Get IP address automatically
	O Use fixed IP address:
	Enable UPnP presentation
	Enable UPnP port forwarding
O F	PPoE:
E	able IPv6

LAN

Select this option when the Network Camera is deployed on a local area network (LAN) and is intended to be accessed by local computers. The default setting for the Network Type is LAN. Rememer to click **Save** when you complete the Network setting.

<u>Get IP address automatically</u>: Select this option to obtain an available dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP server each time the camera is connected to the LAN.

Use fixed IP address: Select this option to manually assign a static IP address to the Network Camera.

O Get IP address automatically		
Use fixed IP address:		
IP address:	192.168.5.109	
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0	
Default router:	192.168.5.1	
Primary DNS:	192.168.0.10	
Secondary DNS:	192.168.0.20	
Primary WINS server:		
Secondary WINS server:		
Enable UPnP presentation		
Enable UPnP port forwarding		
PPPoE:		
Enable IPv6		

- 1. You can make use of VIVOTEK Installation Wizard 2 on the software CD to easily set up the Network Camera on LAN. Please refer to Software Installation on page 10 for details.
- 2. Enter the Static IP, Subnet mask, Default router, and Primary DNS provided by your ISP.

<u>Subnet mask</u>: This is used to determine if the destination is in the same subnet. The default value is "255.255.255.0".

<u>Default router</u>: This is the gateway used to forward frames to destinations in a different subnet. Invalid router setting will fail the transmission to destinations in different subnet.

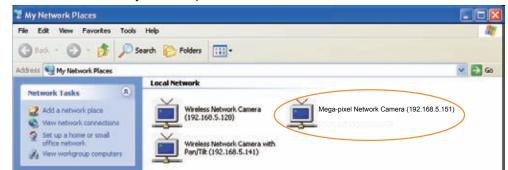
Primary DNS: The primary domain name server that translates hostnames into IP addresses.

Secondary DNS: Secondary domain name server that backups the Primary DNS.

<u>Primary WINS server</u>: The primary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

<u>Secondary WINS server</u>: The secondary WINS server that maintains the database of computer name and IP address.

<u>Enable UPnP presentation</u>: Select this option to enable UPnPTM presentation for your Network Camera so that whenever a Network Camera is presented to the LAN, shortcuts of connected Network Cameras will be listed in My Network Places. You can click the shortcut to link to the web browser. Currently, UPnPTM is supported by Windows XP or later. Note that to utilize this feature, please make sure the UPnPTM component is installed on your computer.



<u>Enable UPnP port forwarding</u>: To access the Network Camera from the Internet, select this option to allow the Network Camera to open ports on the router automatically so that video streams can be sent out from a LAN. To utilize of this feature, make sure that your router supports UPnPTM and it is activated.

PPPoE (Point-to-point over Ethernet)

Select this option to configure your Network Camera to make it accessible from anywhere as long as there is an Internet connection. Note that to utilize this feature, it requires an account provided by your ISP.

Follow the steps below to acquire your Network Camera's public IP address.

- 1. Set up the Network Camera on the LAN.
- 2. Go to Home > Configuration > Application > Server Settings (please refer to Server Settings on page 86) to add a new email or FTP server.
- 3. Go to Configuration > Application > Media Settings (please refer to Media Settings on page 89). Select System log so that you will receive the system log in TXT file format which contains the Network Camera's public IP address in your email or on the FTP server.
- 4. Go to Configuration > Network > Network Type. Select PPPoE and enter the user name and password provided by your ISP. Click **Save** to enable the setting.

Network Type	
O LAN:	
PPPoE:	
User name:	
Password:	
Confirm password:	

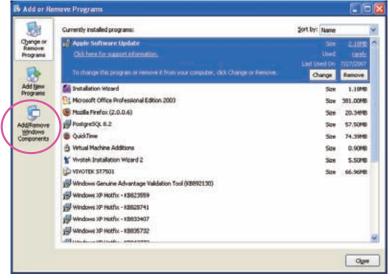
- 5. The Network Camera will reboot.
- 6. Disconnect the power to the Network Camera; remove it from the LAN environment.

<u>NOTE</u>

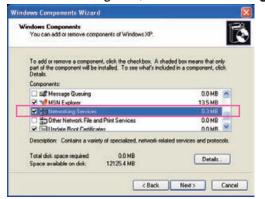
- If the default ports are already used by other devices connected to the same router, the Network Camera will select other ports for the Network Camera.
- If UPnP[™] is not supported by your router, you will see the following message: Error: Router does not support UPnP port forwarding.
- Steps to enable the UPnP[™] user interface on your computer: Note that you must log on to the computer as a system administrator to install the UPnP[™] components.
 - 1. Go to Start, click Control Panel, then click Add or Remove Programs.

Control Fand	bandh 🔁 falden 📰 v	10-
Tanterase ®	Pick a category	
Contraction in the	Appropriate and Deceme	Present and When Proclemes
Contention to the	And and and best of the set of t	
The second se		The line lowerst webspeed
	. Dennes, Sarret, and Backs Services	Č,
	🤣 Federates and Hamister	

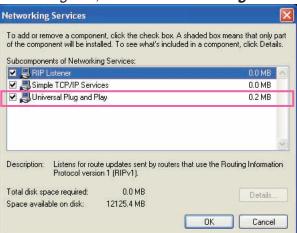
2. In the Add or Remove Programs dialog box, click Add/Remove Windows Components.



3. In the Windows Components Wizard dialog box, select Networking Services and click Details.



4. In the Networking Services dialog box, select Universal Plug and Play and click OK.



5. Click **Next** in the following window.

Windows Components You can add or remove components of Windows XP.	
To add or remove a component, click the checkbox. A st part of the component will be installed. To see what's incl Details.	
Components:	0.0 MB
🗹 🐋 MSN Explorer	13.5 MB
Image: Services	0.3 MB
Bother Network File and Print Services	0.0 MB
Contract Certificates	0.0 MR
Description: Contains a variety of specialized, network re	lated services and protocols
Total disk space required. 0.0 MB	(n
Space available on disk: 12125.4 MB	Detair

- 6. Click **Finish**. UPnP[™] is enabled.
- ► How does UPnP[™] work?

UPnP[™] networking technology provides automatic IP configuration and dynamic discovery of devices added to a network. Services and capabilities offered by networked devices, such as printing and file sharing, are available among each other without the need for cumbersome network configuration. In the case of Network Cameras, you will see Network Camera shortcuts under My Network Places.

Enabling UPnP port forwarding allows the Network Camera to open a secondary HTTP port on the router-not HTTP port-meaning that you have to add the secondary HTTP port number to the Network Camera's public address in order to access the Network Camera from the Internet. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

From the Internet	In LAN
http://203.67.124.123:8080	http://192.168.4.160 or http://192.168.4.160:8080

If the PPPoE settings are incorrectly configured or the Internet access is not working, restore the Network Camera to factory default; please refer to Restore on page 102 for details. After the Network Camera is reset to factory default, it will be accessible on the LAN.

Enable IPv6

Select this option and click **Save** to enable IPv6 settings.

Please note that this only works if your network environment and hardware equipment support IPv6. The browser should be Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer 6.5, Mozilla Firefox 3.0 or above.

Network	Туре
IAN:	
۲	Get IP address automatically
0	Use fixed IP address:
	Enable UPnP presentation
	Enable UPnP port forwarding
🔽 Enable	IPv6
	IPv6 Information
	Manually setup the IP address

Save

When IPv6 is enabled, by default, the network camera will listen to router advertisements and be assigned with a link-local IPv6 address accordingly.

IPv6 Information: Click this button to obtain the IPv6 information as shown below.

IPv6 NET Information
[eth0 address]
IPv6 address list of host
[Gateway]
IPv6 address list of gateway
[DNS]
IPv6 address list of DNS

If your IPv6 settings are successful, the IPv6 address list will be listed in the pop-up window. The IPv6 address will be displayed as follows:

Refers to Ethernet

[eth0 address]	
2001:0c08:2500:0002:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Global	Link-global IPv6 address/network mask
fe80:0000:0000:0000:0202:d1ff:fe04:65f4/64@Link	Link-local IPv6 address/network mask
[Gateway]	
fe80::211:d8ff:fea2:1a2b	
[DNS]	
2010:05c0:978d.:	

Please follow the steps below to link to an IPv6 address:

- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. Enter the link-global or link-local IPv6 address in the address bar of your web browser.
- 3. The format should be:



4. Press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Refresh** button to refresh the webpage. For example:

Network Camera - Microsoft Internet Explorer File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
Back 	tes 🚱 🔗 🍓 🗃 🖓
VIVOTEK	

<u>NOTE</u>

If you have a Secondary HTTP port (the default value is 8080), you can also link to the webpage in the following address format: (Please refer to HTTP on page 43 for detailed information.)



► If you choose PPPoE as the Network Type, the [PPP0 address] will be displayed in the IPv6 information column as shown below. [eth0 address]

<u>Manually setup the IP address</u>: Select this option to manually set up IPv6 settings if your network environment does not have DHCPv6 server and router advertisements-enabled routers. If you check this item, the following blanks will be displayed for you to enter the corresponding information:

IPv6 Information	
Manually setup the IP address	
Optional IP address / Prefix length	/ 64
Optional default router	
Optional primary DNS	

IEEE 802.1x Advanced Mode

Enable this function if your network environment uses IEEE 802.1x, which is a port-based network access control. The network devices, intermediary switch/access point/hub, and RADIUS server must support and enable 802.1x settings.

The 802.1x standard is designed to enhance the security of local area networks, which provides authentication to network devices (clients) attached to a network port (wired or wireless). If all certificates between client and server are verified, a point-to-point connection will be enabled; if authentication fails, access on that port will be prohibited. 802.1x utilizes an existing protocol, the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), to facilitate communication.

■ The components of a protected network with 802.1x authentication:



- 1. Supplicant: A client end user (camera), which requests authentication.
- 2. Authenticator (an access point or a switch): A "go between" which restricts unauthorized end users from communicating with the authentication server.
- 3. Authentication server (usually a RADIUS server): Checks the client certificate and decides whether to accept the end user's access request.
- VIVOTEK Network Cameras support two types of EAP methods to perform authentication: EAP-PEAP and EAP-TLS.

Please follow the steps below to enable 802.1x settings:

- 1. Before connecting the Network Camera to the protected network with 802.1x, please apply a digital certificate from a Certificate Authority (ie. MIS of your company) which can be validated by a RADIUS server.
- Connect the Network Camera to a PC or notebook outside of the protected LAN. Open the configuration page of the Network Camera as shown below. Select EAP-PEAP or EAP-TLS as the EAP method. In the following blanks, enter your ID and password issued by the CA, then upload related certificate(s).

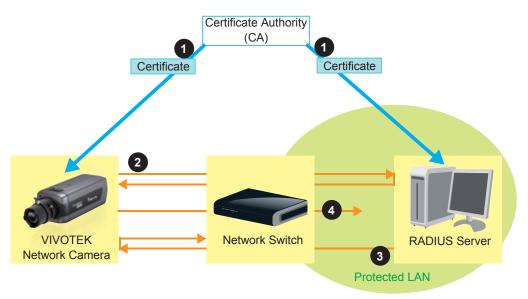
IEEE 802.1x	
Enable 802.1x	
EAP method:	EAP-PEAP
Identity:	
Password:	
CA certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove

nable 802.1x	
EAP method:	EAP-TLS
Identity:	
Private key passord:	
CA certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
client certificate:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove
Client private key:	Browse Upload
Status: no file	Remove

3. When all settings are complete, move the Network Camera to the protected LAN by connecting it to an 802.1x enabled switch. The devices will then start the authentication automatically.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ► The authentication process for 802.1x:
- 1. The Certificate Authority (CA) provides the required signed certificates to the Network Camera (the supplicant) and the RADIUS Server (the authentication server).
- 2. A Network Camera requests access to the protected LAN using 802.1X via a switch (the authenticator). The client offers its identity and client certificate, which is then forwarded by the switch to the RADIUS Server, which uses an algorithm to authenticate the Network Camera and returns an acceptance or rejection back to the switch.
- 3. The switch also forwards the RADIUS Server's certificate to the Network Camera.
- 4. Assuming all certificates are validated, the switch then changes the Network Camera's state to authorized and is allowed access to the protected network via a pre-configured port.



QoS (Quality of Service) Advanced Mode

Quality of Service refers to a resource reservation control mechanism, which guarantees a certain quality to different services on the network. Quality of service guarantees are important if the network capacity is insufficient, especially for real-time streaming multimedia applications. Quality can be defined as, for instance, a maintained level of bit rate, low latency, no packet dropping, etc.

The following are the main benefits of a QoS-aware network:

- The ability to prioritize traffic and guarantee a certain level of performance to the data flow.
- The ability to control the amount of bandwidth each application may use, and thus provide higher reliability and stability on the network.

Requirements for QoS

To utilize QoS in a network environment, the following requirements must be met:

- All network switches and routers in the network must include support for QoS.
- The network video devices used in the network must be QoS-enabled.

QoS models

CoS (the VLAN 802.1p model)

IEEE802.1p defines a QoS model at OSI Layer 2 (Data Link Layer), which is called CoS, Class of Service. It adds a 3-bit value to the VLAN MAC header, which indicates prioritization from 0~7 (Eight different classes of service are available). The priority is set up on the network switches, which then use different queuing disciplines to forward the packets.

Below is the setting column for CoS. Enter the **VLAN ID** of your switch ($0\sim4095$) and choose the priority for each application ($0\sim7$).

- Cos			
🔽 Ena	able CoS		
	VLAN ID:	1	
	Live video:	0 🗸	
	Live audio:	0 🗸	
	Event/Alarm:	0 🗸	
	Management:	0 🗸	

If you assign Video the highest level, the switch will handle video packets first.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ▶ The web browsing may fail if the CoS setting is incorrect.
- Class of Service technologies do not guarantee a level of service in terms of bandwidth and delivery time; they offer a "best-effort." Users can think of CoS as "coarsely-grained" traffic control and QoS as "finely-grained" traffic control.
- Though CoS is simple to manage, it lacks scalability and does not offer end-to-end quarantees since it is based on L2 protocol.

QoS/DSCP (the DiffServ model)

DSCP-ECN defines QoS at Layer 3 (Network Layer). The Differentiated Services (DiffServ) model is based on packet marking and router queuing disciplines. The marking is done by adding a field to the IP header, called the DSCP (Differentiated Services Codepoint). This is a 6-bit field that provides 64 different class IDs. It gives an indication of how a given packet is to be forwarded, known as the Per Hop Behavior (PHB). The PHB describes a particular service level in terms of bandwidth, queueing theory, and dropping (discarding the packet) decisions. Routers at each network node classify packets according to their DSCP value and give them a particular forwarding treatment; for example, how much bandwidth to reserve for it.

Below are the setting options of DSCP (DiffServ Codepoint). Specify the DSCP value for each application (0~63).

QoS/DSCP		
Enable QoS/DSCP		
Live video:	0	
Live audio:	0	
Event/Alarm:	0	
Management:	0	

HTTP Advanced Mode

To utilize HTTP authentication, make sure that your have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

— HTTP ———	
Authentication:	basic 🗸
HTTP port:	80
Secondary HTTP port:	8080
Access name for stream 1:	video.mjpg
Access name for stream 2:	video2.mjpg
Access name for stream 3:	video3.mjpg
Access name for stream 4:	video4.mjpg
Access name for stream 5:	videoany.mjpg

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides two types of security settings for an HTTP transaction: basic and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format and there can be potential risks of being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm and thus provide better protection against unauthorized accesses.

<u>HTTP port / Secondary HTTP port</u>: By default, the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080. They can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535. If the ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning messages will be displayed:

Wicrosoft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀	Microsoft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
HTTP port must be 80 or from 1025 to 65535	Secondary HTTP port must be from 1025 to 65535
ОК	OK

To access the Network Camera on the LAN, both the HTTP port and secondary HTTP port can be used to access the Network Camera. For example, when the HTTP port is set to 80 and the secondary HTTP port is set to 8080, refer to the list below for the Network Camera's IP address.

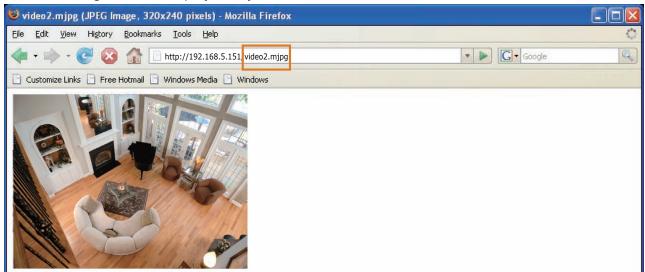
On the LAN
http://192.168.4.160 or
http://192.168.4.160:8080

<u>Access name for stream 1 ~ 5</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source. Users can click **Configuration > Audio and Video > Video Settings** to set up the video quality of linked streams. For more information about how to set up the video quality, please refer to Viewing Windows on page 59.

When using Mozilla Firefox or Netscape to access the Network Camera and the video mode is set to JPEG, users will receive video comprised of continuous JPEG images. This technology, known as "server push", allows the Network Camera to feed live pictures to Mozilla Firefox and Netscape.

URL command -- http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 5> For example, when the Access name for stream 2 is set to video2.mjpg:

- 1. Launch Mozilla Firefox or Netscape.
- 2. Type the above URL command in the address bar. Press Enter.
- 3. The JPEG images will be displayed in your web browser.



<u>NOTE</u>

- Microsoft[®] Internet Explorer does not support server push technology; therefore, using http://<ip address>:<http port>/<access name for stream 1 ~ 5> will fail to access the Network Camera.
- Users can only use URL commands to request the stream 5. For more information about URL commands, please refer to page 106.

HTTPS

HTTPS		
HTTPS port:	443	

By default, the HTTPS port is set to 443. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

Two way audio

[— Two way audio —	
	Two way audio port:	5060

By default, the two way audio port is set to 5060. Also, it can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

The Network Camera supports two way audio communication so that operators can transmit and receive audio simultaneously. By using the Network Camera's built-in or external microphone and an external speaker, you can communicate with people around the Network Camera.

Note that as JPEG only transmits a series of JPEG images to the client, to enable the two-way audio function, make sure the video mode is set to "MPEG-4" on the Audio and Video Settings page and the media option is set to "Video and Audio" on the Client Settings page. Please refer to Client Settings on page 21 and Audio and Video Settings on page 53.



Audio is being transmitted to the Network Camera



Click 💽 to enable audio transmission to the Network Camera; click 🕍 to adjust the volume of microphone; click 👽 to turn off the audio. To stop talking, click 🕞 again.

FTP

FTP	
FTP port:	21

The FTP server allows the user to save recorded video clips. You can utilize VIVOTEK's Installation Wizard 2 to upgrade the firmware via FTP server. By default, the FTP port is set to 21. It also can be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

RTSP Streaming

To utilize RTSP streaming authentication, make sure that you have set a password for the Network Camera first; please refer to Security on page 26 for details.

RTSP Streaming	
Authentication:	disable 😽
Access name for stream 1:	live.sdp
Access name for stream 2:	live2.sdp
Access name for stream 3:	live3.sdp
Access name for stream 4:	live4.sdp
Access name for stream 5:	liveany.sdp
RTSP port:	554
RTP port for video:	5556
RTCP port for video:	5557
RTP port for audio:	5558
RTCP port for audio:	5559

<u>Authentication</u>: Depending on your network security requirements, the Network Camera provides three types of security settings for streaming via RTSP protocol: disable, basic, and digest.

If **basic** authentication is selected, the password is sent in plain text format, but there can be potential risks of it being intercepted. If **digest** authentication is selected, user credentials are encrypted using MD5 algorithm, thus providing better protection against unauthorized access.

The availability of the RTSP streaming for the three authentication modes is listed in the following table:

	Quick Time player	Real Player
Disable	0	0
Basic	0	0
Digest	0	Х

<u>Access name for stream 1 ~ 5</u>: This Network camera supports multiple streams simultaneously. The access name is used to differentiate the streaming source.

If you want to use an RTSP player to access the Network Camera, you have to set the video mode to MPEG-4 and use the following RTSP URL command to request transmission of the streaming data. rtsp://<ip address>:<rtsp port>/<access name for stream1 ~ 5>

- For example, when the access name for stream 1 is set to live.sdp:
- 1. Launch an RTSP player.
- 2. Choose File > Open URL. A URL dialog box will pop up.
- 3. Type the above URL command in the text box.
- 4. The live video will be displayed in your player as shown below.



Open URL	
Enter an Internet URL to open:	
rtsp://192.168.5.151:554/live.sdp	~
	OK Cancel

RTSP port /RTP port for video, audio/ RTCP port for video, audio

- RTSP (Real-Time Streaming Protocol) controls the delivery of streaming media. By default, the port number is set to 554.
- The RTP (Real-time Transport Protocol) is used to deliver video and audio data to the clients. By default, the RTP port for video is set to 5556 and the RTP port for audio is set to 5558.
- The RTCP (Real-time Transport Control Protocol) allows the Network Camera to transmit the data by monitoring the Internet traffic volume. By default, the RTCP port for video is set to 5557 and the RTCP port for audio is set to 5559.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The RTP port must be an even number and the RTCP port is the RTP port number plus one, and thus is always an odd number. When the RTP port changes, the RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the RTP ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:



<u>Multicast settings for stream 1 ~ 4</u>: Click the items to display the detailed configuration information. Select the Always multicast option to enable multicast for stream 1 ~ 4.

Multicast settings for stream 1:	
📃 Always multicast	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.99
Multicast video port:	5560
Multicast RTCP video port:	5561
Multicast audio port:	5562
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5563
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15
 Multicast settings for stream 2: Always multicast 	
Multicast group address:	239.128.1.100
Multicast video port:	5564
Multicast RTCP video port:	5565
Multicast audio port:	5566
Multicast RTCP audio port:	5567
Multicast TTL [1~255]:	15

Unicast video transmission delivers a stream through point-to-point transmission; multicast, on the other hand, sends a stream to the multicast group address and allows multiple clients to acquire the stream at the same time by requesting a copy from the multicast group address. Therefore, enabling multicast can effectively save Internet bandwith.

The ports can be changed to values between 1025 and 65535. The multicast RTP port must be an even number and the multicast RTCP port number is the multicast RTP port number plus one, and thus is always odd. When the multicast RTP port changes, the multicast RTCP port will change accordingly.

If the multicast RTP video ports are incorrectly assigned, the following warning message will be displayed:

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🔣
1	Invalid port number. Multicast stream 1 video port must be an even number.
	×

<u>Multicast TTL [1~255]</u>: The multicast TTL (Time To Live) is the value that tells the router the range a packet can be forwarded.

DDNS

This section explains how to configure the dynamic domain name service for the Network Camera. DDNS is a service that allows your Network Camera, especially when assigned with a dynamic IP address, to have a fixed host and domain name.

DDNS: Dynamic domain name service

ble DDNS:	
Provider:	Dyndns.org(Dynamic) 🔽
Host name:	
User name:	
Password:	

Enable DDNS: Select this option to enable the DDNS setting.

Provider: Select a DDNS provider from the provider drop-down list.

VIVOTEK offers **Safe100.net**, a free dynamic domain name service, to VIVOTEK customers. It is recommended that you register **Safe100.net** to access VIVOTEK's Network Cameras from the Internet. Additionally, we offer other DDNS providers, such as Dyndns.org(Dynamic), Dyndns.org(Custom), TZO. com, DHS.org, CustomSafe100, dyn-interfree.it.

Note that before utilizing this function, please apply for a dynamic domain account first.

■ Safe100.net

- 1. In the DDNS column, select **Safe100.net** from the drop-down list. Click **I accept** after reviewing the terms of the Service Agreement.
- In the Register column, fill in the Host name (xxxx.safe100.net), Email, Key, and Confirm Key, and click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, a success message will be displayed in the DDNS Registration Result column.

Host name:	VVTK.safe100.	net
Email:	wtk@vivotek.co	om
Key:	••••	Forget key
Confirm key:		
To apply for a domain name f	or the camera, or to modify the	previously registered information, fill in
the following fields and then o	lick "Register".	
the following fields and then o	click "Register".	
	lick "Register".	
Register DDNS Registration Result:	our account information has	
Register DDNS Registration Result: [Register] Successfully Ye been mailed to registered e	our account information has -mail address	ically upload relevant information to the

3. Click **Copy** and all the registered information will automatically be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column at the top of the page as seen in the picture.

Provider:	Safe100.net	~
Host name:	VVTK.safe100.net	[*.safe100.net]
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	-11 22 22
Key:	••••	
Register	W/TK safe100 net	
Host name: Email:		
Email:	wtk@vivotek.com	
Key:	••••	Forget key
Confirm key:		
To apply for a domain name for the	camera, or to modify the previou	sly registered information, fill
he following fields and then click "	Register".	
Register		
DDNS Registration Result:		
[Degister] Supposefully, Your o	account information has	

4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

CustomSafe100

VIVOTEK offers documents to establish a CustomSafe100 DDNS server for distributors and system integrators. You can use CustomSafe100 to register a dynamic domain name if your distributor or system integrators offer such services.

- 1. In the DDNS column, select CustomSafe100 from the drop-down list.
- 2. In the Register column, fill in the Host name, Email, Key, and Confirm Key; then click **Register**. After a host name has been successfully created, you will see a success message in the DDNS Registration Result column.
- 3. Click **Copy** and all for the registered information will be uploaded to the corresponding fields in the DDNS column.
- 4. Select Enable DDNS and click **Save** to enable the setting.

<u>Forget key</u>: Click this button if you have forgotten the key to Safe100.net or CustomSafe100. Your account information will be sent to your email address.

Refer to the following links to apply for a dynamic domain account when selecting other DDNS providers:

- Dyndns.org(Dynamic) / Dyndns.org(Custom): visit http://www.dyndns.com/
- TZO.com: visit http://www.tzo.com/
- DHS.org: visit http://www.dhs.org/
- dyn-interfree.it: visit http://dyn-interfree.it/

Access List Advanced Mode

This section explains how to control access permission by verifying the client PC's IP address.

General Settings

Maximum nu	mber of concurrent streaming	connection(s) limited to): 10 🔽 🚺	View Information
Enable a	ccess list filtering			

<u>Maximum number of concurrent streaming connection(s) limited to</u>: Simultaneous live viewing for 1~10 clients (including stream 1 and stream 2). The default value is 10. If you modify the value and click **Save**, all current connections will be disconnected and automatically attempt to re-link (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

<u>View Information</u>: Click this button to display the connection status window showing a list of the current connections. For example:

Connection status					
	IP address	Elapsed time	User ID		
	192.168.1.147	12:20:34	root		
	61.22.15.3	00:10:09			
	192.168.3.25	45:00:34	greg		
Re	efresh Add	I to deny list	Disconnect		

- IP address: Current connections to the Network Camera.
- Elapsed time: How much time the client has been at the webpage.
- User ID: If the administrator has set a password for the webpage, the clients have to enter a user name and password to access the live video. The user name will be displayed in the User ID column. If the administrator allows clients to link to the webpage without a user name and password, the User ID column will be empty.

There are some situations which allow clients access to the live video without a user name and password:

- 1. The administrator does not set up a root password. For more information about how to set up a root password and manage user accounts, please refer to Security on page 26.
- 2. The administrator has set up a root password, but set **RTSP Authentication** to "disable". For more information about **RTSP Authentication**, please refer to RTSP Streaming on page 46.
- 3. The administrator has set up a root password, but allows anonymous viewing. For more information about **Allow Anonymous Viewing**, please refer to Security on page 26.

- Refresh: Click this button to refresh all current connections.
- Add to deny list: You can select entries from the Connection Status list and add them to the Deny List to deny access. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player). If you want to enable the denied list, please check Enable access list filtering and click Save in the first column.
- Disconnect: If you want to break off the current connections, please select them and click this button. Please note that those checked connections will only be disconnected temporarily and will automatically try to re-link again (IE Explore or Quick Time Player).

Enable access list filtering: Check this item and click **Save** if you want to enable the access list filtering function.

Filter

There are two lists for permission control: Allowed list and Denied list. Only those clients whose IP addresses are on the Allowed list and not on the Denied list can access the Network Camera. Please note that the IPv6 access list column will not be displayed unless you enable IPv6 on the Network page. For more information about **IPv6 Settings**, please refer to page 37 for detailed information.

lter	
IPv4 access list	
Allowed list	Denied list
1.0.0.0-255.255.255.255	
Add Delete	Add Delete
IPv6 access list	
Allowed list	Denied list

Add a rule to Allowed/Denied list: Click Add to add a rule to Allowed/Denied list.

There are three types of rules:

<u>Single</u>: This rule allows the user to add an IP address to the Allowed/Denied list. For example:

Rule: Single 😪
IP address: 192.168.2.1

<u>Network</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a network address and corresponding subnet mask to the Allow/Deny List. For example:

ule: Network 🛩				
etwork address / Network mask	192.168.2.0	1	24	

IP address 192.168.2.x will be bolcked.

<u>Range</u>: This rule allows the user to assign a range of IP addresses to the Allow/Deny List. This rule is only applied to IPv4. For example:

Rule: Range 🔽			
P address - IP address	192.168.2.0	- 192.168.2.255	

Delete Allowed/Denied list:

In the Delete Allowed List or Delete Denied List column, make a selection and click **Delete**.

<u>NOTE</u>

▶ For example, when the range of IP addresses on the allowed list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 192.255.255.255 and the range in the denied list is set from 1.1.1.0 to 170.255.255.255, only users' IPs between 171.0.0.0 and 192.255.255.255 can access the Network Camera.



Administrator IP address

<u>Always allow the IP address to access this device</u>: You can check this item and add the Administrator's IP address in this field to make sure the Administrator can always connect to the device.

Administrator IP address	
Always allow the IP address to access this device	
Save	

Audio and Video

This section explains how to cofigure the audio and video settings of the Network Camera. It is composed of the following two columns: Video Settings and Audio Settings.

Video Settings

Video settings	
Video title:	
Color:	Color 🗸
Power line frequency:	60 Hz 💌
Iris mode:	Fixed 🗸
Select caching stream:	Stream 1 🗸
Video orientation:	Flip Mirror
Overlay title and time stamp on video and snapsh	ot.
Enable time shift caching stream	

Video title: Enter a name that will be displayed on the title bar of the live video.



Color: Select to display color or black/white video streams.

<u>Power line frequency</u>: Set the power line frequency consistent with local utility settings to eliminate image flickering associated with fluorescent lights. Note that after the power line frequency is changed, you must disconnect and reconnect the power cord of the Network Camera in order for the new setting to take effect.

Iris mode: Select a proper iris mode for your environment.

<u>Select caching stream</u>: This Network Camera supports time shift cache stream on the Network Camera. Select one stream and check the below option **Enable time shift caching stream**.

<u>Enable time shift caching stream</u> Advanced Mode: Check this item to enable the time shift cache stream on the Network Camera, which will stores video in the camera's embedded memory for a period of time depending on the cache memory of each Network Camera. This function can work seamlessly with VIVOTEK's ST7501 recording software. When an event occurs, the recording software can request time shift cache stream from the camera, which allows the user to get an earlier video data.

<u>Video orientation</u>: Flip--vertically reflect the display of the live video; Mirror--horizontally reflect the display of the live video. Select both options if the Network Camera is installed upside-down (ex. on the ceiling) to correct the image orientation. Please note that the preset locations will be cleared after flip/mirror.

<u>Overlay title and time stamp on video</u>: Select this option to place the video title and time on the video streams.

Note that when the frame size is set to 176 x 144 as shown in the picture below, only the time will be stamped on the video streams.



Options of Video Advanced Mode

There are three options for you to choose: Video quality first, Video frame rate first, and Cropping mode. Select either one mode according to your needs.

Options of Video

- Video quality first (MAX 15fps)
- Video frame rate first (Maximum frame size 800x600)
- Cropping mode
- Video quality first: Select this option will reduce the maximum frame rate to 15fps and clear the settings in the Viewing Window.
- <u>Video frame rate first</u>: Select this option will limit the frame size to 800x600 and clear the settings in the Viewing Window.
- <u>Cropping mode</u>: The cropping function allows users to crop unnecessary information and simply transmit the image of the target region for live viewing or storage. With the trimming, the transmitting data size and thus, the network load is reduced and a higher frame rate is obtained. As a result, bandwidth resources and storage space can be used more efficiently.

Image Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Image Settings** to open the Image Settings page. On this page, you can tune the White balance, Brightness, Saturation, Contrast, and Sharpness settings for the video.

Image Settings	Privacy Mask	Sensor Settings	Viewing Window
	Crop	ping Setting	

Video(TCP-AV)	2009/01/03 02:37:43
White Balance	Save
Image Adjustment	
Brightness: +0 ¥	Saturation: +0 V
Contrast: +0 🔽	Sharpness: +0 🗸
Preview	Restore Save
	Close

White balance: Adjust the value for the best color temperature.

Auto

The Network Camera automatically adjusts the color temperature of the light in response to different light sources. The white balance setting defaults to **Auto** and works well in most situations.

Keep current value

Follow the steps below to manually set the white balance to compensate for the ambient lighting conditions.

- 1. Set the White balance to Auto and click Save.
- 2. Place a sheet of white paper in front of the lens, then allow the Network Camera to adjust the color temperature automatically.
- 3. Select Keep Current Value to confirm the setting while the white balance is being measured.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the new setting.

Image Adjustment

- Brightness: Adjust the image brightness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Saturation: Adjust the image saturation level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Contrast: Adjust the image contrast level, which ranges from -5 to +5.
- Sharpness: Adjust the image sharpness level, which ranges from -5 to +5.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Privacy Mask Advanced Mode

Click **Privacy Mask** to open the settings page. On this page, you can block out sensitive zones to address privacy concerns.



- To set the privacy mask windows, follow the steps below:
- 1. Click **New** to add a new window.
- 2. Use the mouse to size and drag-drop the window, which is recommended to be at least twice the size of the object (height and width) you want to cover.
- 3. Enter a Window Name and click **Save** to enable the setting.
- 4. Select **Enable privacy mask** to enable this function.

<u>NOTE</u>

- ▶ Up to 5 privacy mask windows can be set up on the same screen.
- If you want to delete the privacy mask window, please click the 'x' on the upper right-hand corner of the window.

Sensor Settings Advanced Mode

Click **Sensor Settings** to open the Sensor Settings page. On this page, you can set the maximum exposure time, exposure level, and AGC (Auto Gain Control) settings.

You can configure two sets of sensor settings: one for normal situations, the other for special situations, such as day/night/schedule mode.

Video(TCP-AV)	2009/02/05 16:11:49	
Exposure Maximum Exposure Time: Exposure level: Enable AGC: Enable BLC	1/30 S 🛩 4 🛩 4X 💌	Sensor Setting 1: For normal situations
	Profile	Sensor Setting 2: For special situations
Preview Restor	re Save Close	1

Exposure

- <u>Maximum Exposure Time</u>: Select a proper maximum exposure time according to the light source of the surroundings. The exposure times are selectable for the following durations: 1/480, 1/240, 1/120 second, 1/60 second, 1/30 second, 1/15 second, and 1/5 second. Shorter exposure times result in less light.
- Exposure level: You can manually set the Exposure level, which ranges from 1 to 8 (dark to bright). The default value is 4.
- Enable AGC (Auto Gain Control): You can manually set the AGC level (2X 4X, or 8X). The default value is 4X.
- Enable BLC (Back Light Compensation): Enable this option when the object is too dark or too bright to recognize. It allows the camera to adjust to the best light conditions in any environment and automatically give the necessary light compensation.

You can click **Preview** to fine-tune the image, or click **Restore** to recall the original settings without incorporating the changes. When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

If you want to configure another sensor setting for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Sensor Settings Profile Settings page as shown below.

(TCP-AV)	
- General Settings	
Enable this profile	
This profile is applied to	
O Day mode	
Night mode	
O Schedule mode:	
Exposure	
Maximum Exposure Time:	1/5 S 🗸
Exposure level:	4 ~
Enable AGC:	8X 🗸
Enable BLC	
	Preview Restore
	Save Close

Please follow the steps beolw to setup a profile:

- 1. Check Enable this profile.
- 2. Select the applied mode: Day mode, Night mode, or schedule mode. Please manually enter a range of time if you choose Schedule mode.
- 3. Configure Exposure settings in the second column. Please refer to last page for detailed information.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit the page.

Viewing Window Advanced Mode

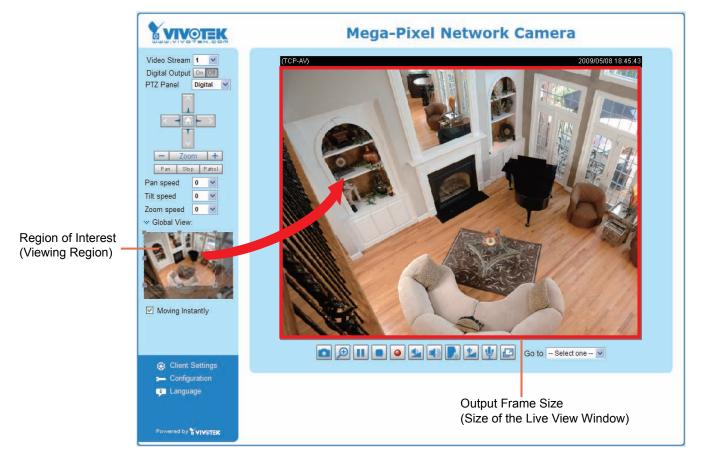
Click Viewing Window to open the Viewing Window Settings page.

Image Settings	Privacy Mask	Sensor Settings	Viewing Window
	Crop	ping Setting	

This Network Camera supports multiple streams with frame size ranging from 176 x 144 to 1600 x 1200.

The definition of multiple streams:

- Stream 1: Users can define the "Region of Interest" (viewing region) and the "Output Frame Rate" (size of the live view window).
- Stream 2: Users can define the "Region of Interest" (viewing region) and the "Output Frame Rate" (size of the live view window).
- Stream 3 (Mobile stream): Users can define the "Region of Interest" (viewing region), but the "Output Frame Rate" (size of the live view window) is fixed at 176 x 144.
- Stream 4 (Global view stream): This stream captures the full view of the video and streams out at the maximum resolution (1600 x 1200).

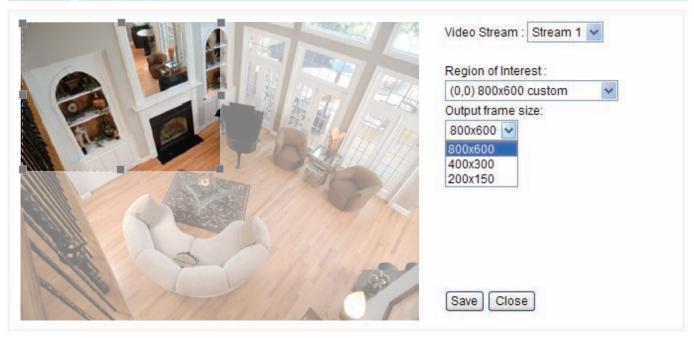


<u>NOTE</u>

All the items in the "Region of Interest" should not be greater than the "Output Frame Size" (current maximum resolution).

Click **Viewing Window** to open the viewing region settings page. On this page, you can set the **Region** of **Interest** and the **Output Frame Size** for stream $1 \sim 3$.

Viewing Window



Please follow the steps below to set up those settings for a stream:

- 1. Select a stream which you want to set up the viewing region. If you want to stream out the video to a mobile device, please select stream 3.
- 2. Select a **Region of Interest** from the drop-down list. The floating frame, the same as the one in the Gloabl View window on the home page, will resize accordingly. If you want to set up a customized viewing region, you can also resize and drag the floating frame to a desired position with your mouse.
- 3. Choose a proper **Output Frame Size** from the drop-down list according to the size of your monitoring device.
- The parameters of the multiple streams:

	Region of Interest	Output frame size
Stream 1	1600 X 1200 ~ 176 x 144 (Selectable)	1600 X 1200 ~ 176 x 144 (Selectable)
Stream 2	1600 X 1200 ~ 176 x 144 (Selectable)	1600 X 1200 ~ 176 x 144 (Selectable)
Stream 3	1468 x 1200 ~ 176 x 144 (Selectable)	176 x 144 (Fixed)
Stream 4	1600 X 1200 (Fixed)	1600 X 1200 (Fixed)

■ The maximum **Region of Interest** of stream 3 is 1468 x 1200. You can also check the item "Set region to full view" to extend the region to full view (1600 x 1200). However, the image will be distorted a little bit.

Video Stream : Stream 3 👻
Region of Interest :
(0,0) 1468x1200 custom 🔽
Output frame size:
176x144 🗸
Set region to full view

When completed with the settings in the Viewing Window, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the window. The selected **Output Frame Size** will immediately be applied to the **Frame size** of each video stream as shown on the next page. Then you can go back to the home page to test the e-PTZ function. For more information about the e-PTZ function, please refer to page 75.

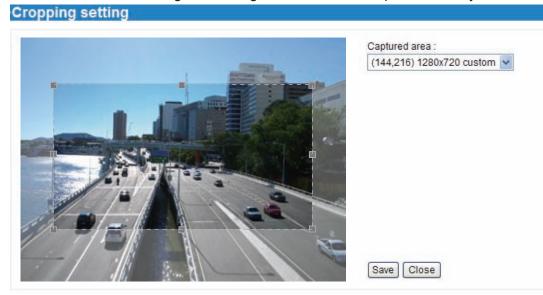
Cropping Setting Advanced Mode

Click Cropping Setting to open the Cropping Settings page.

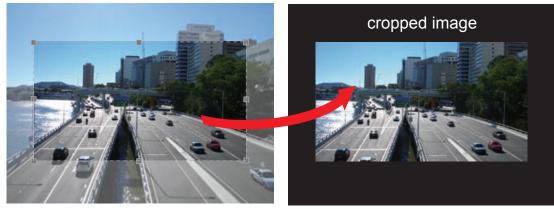
Image Settings	Privacy Mask	Sensor Settings	Viewing Window
	Crop	ping Setting	

Please follow the steps below to set up cropping mode for mutiple streams:

- 1. Click Cropping Setting to open the window as shown below.
- 2. Select a **Captured area** from the drop-down list. The floating frame, the same as the one in the Global View window on the home page, will resize accordingly. If you want to set up a customized viewing region, you can also resize and drag the floating frame to a desired position with your mouse.



3. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the window. Below is the illustration of cropped image:



<u>NOTE</u>

- ► In cropping mdoe, the maximum frame rate will be up to 30fps if the width is under 1280 and the height is under 720; otherwise, the maximum frame rate may be reduced to 15fps.
- Select cropping mode will clear the settings in the Viewing Window and disable Motion Detection, Privacy Mask, and Preset Position.

Video Quality Settings Advanced Mode		
Click the stream item to display the detailed in settings in above sections.	information. The maximum frame	size will follow your
☆ Video quality settings for stream 1:	w Video quality settings for stream 3:	
MPEG-4:	MPEG-4:	fixed
Frame size: 800x600 🗸	In the second secon	lixeu
Maximum frame rate: 15 fps 🗸	Frame size:	176x144 😒
Intra frame period: 1 S 💌	Maximum frame rate:	Customize 🗸
Video quality:		12 fps [1~30]
🔘 Constant bit rate: 512 Kbps 🔽	Intra frame period:	1/4 S 💙
Fixed quality: Good	Video quality:	
O H.264:	Constant bit rate:	Customize 🗸
O JPEG:		2048 Kbps [1~8000]
w Video quality settings for stream 2:	Fixed quality:	Detailed 🗸
	O JPEG:	
O MPEG-4:	w Video quality settings for stream 4:	
O H.264:	O MPEG-4:	
● JPEG:	OH.264:	
Frame size: 320x240 🗸	IPEG:	
Maximum frame rate: 10 fps 🔽	Frame size:	800x600 🗸
Video quality: Good 🖌	Maximum frame rate:	15 fps 🗸
	Video quality:	Good

This Network Camera offers real-time H.264, MPEG-4 and MJEPG compression standards (Triple Codec) for real-time viewing.

If H.264 / MPEG-4 mode is selected, the video is streamed via RTSP protocol. There are four parameters for you to adjust the video performance:

O H.264:			
Frame	e size:	1600x1200 🗸	
Maxim	um frame rate:	15 fps 🛛 👻	
Intra fr	ame period:	1S 💌	
Video	quality:		
0	Constant bit rate:	512 Kbps 🛛 👻	
۲	Fixed quality:	Good 🗸	

Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

Intra frame period

Determine how often to plant an I frame. The shorter the duration, the more likely you will get better video quality, but at the cost of higher network bandwidth consumption. Select the intra frame period from the following durations: 1/4 second, 1/2 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, 3 seconds, and 4 seconds.

Video quality

A complex scene generally produces a larger file size, meaning that higher bandwidth will be needed for data transmission. Therefore, if **Constant bit rate** is selected, the bandwidth utilization is fixed at a selected level, resulting in mutable video quality performance. The bit rates are selectable at the following rates: 20Kbps, 30Kbps, 40Kbps, 50Kbps, 64Kbps, 128Kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 768Kbps, 1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps, 4Mbps, 6Mbps, and 8Mbps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

On the other hand, if **Fixed quality** is selected, all frames are transmitted with the same quality; bandwidth utilization is therefore unpredictable. The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

If **JPEG** mode is selected, the Network Camera continuously sends JPEG images to the client, producing a moving effect similar to a filmstrip. Every single JPEG image transmitted guarantees the same image quality, which in turn comes at the expense of variable bandwidth usage. Because the media contents are a combination of JPEG images, no audio data is transmitted to the client. There are three parameters provided in MJPEG mode to control the video performance:

IPEG:		
Fran	ne size:	1600x1200 🗸
Maxi	mum frame rate:	15 fps 🛛 🗸
Vide	o quality:	Good 🗸

Frame size

You can set up different video resolution for different viewing devices. For example, set a smaller frame size and lower bit rate for remote viewing on mobile phones and a larger video size and a higher bit rate for live viewing on web browsers. Note that a larger frame size takes up more bandwidth.

Maximum frame rate

This limits the maximum refresh frame rate per second. Set the frame rate higher for smoother video quality.

If the power line frequency is set to 50Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, and 25fps. If the power line frequency is set to 60Hz, the frame rates are selectable at 1fps, 2fps, 3fps, 5fps, 8fps, 10fps, 15fps, 20fps, 25fps, and 30fps. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value. The frame rate will decrease if you select a higher resolution.

Video quality

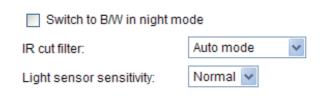
The video quality can be adjusted to the following settings: Medium, Standard, Good, Detailed, and Excellent. You can also select **Customize** and manually enter a value.

<u>NOTE</u>

- Video quality and fixed quality refers to the compression rate, so a lower value will produce higher quality.
- Converting high-quality video may significantly increase the CPU loading, and you may encounter streaming disconnection or video loss while capturing a complicated scene. In the event of occurance, we suggest you customize a lower video resolution or reduce the frame rate to obtain smooth video.

Day/Night Settings

* Day/Night settings:



Switch to B/W in night mode

Select this to enable the Network Camera to automatically switch to B/W during night mode.

IR cut filter

With a removable IR-cut filter, this Network Camera can automatically remove the filter to let IR light into the sensor during low light conditions.

Auto mode

The Network Camera automatically removes the filter by judging the level of ambient light.

Day mode

In day mode, the Network Camera switches on the IR cut filter at all times to block infrared light from reaching the sensor so that the colors will not be distorted.

Night mode

In night mode, the Network Camera switches off the IR cut filter at all times for the sensor to accept infrared light, thus helping to improve low light sensitivity.

Synchronize with digital input

The Network Camera automatically removes the IR cut filter when DI triggers.

Schedule mode

The Network Camera switches between day mode and night mode based on a specified schedule. Enter the start and end time for day mode. Note that the time format is [hh:mm] and is expressed in 24-hour clock time. By default, the start and end time of day mode are set to 07:00 and 18:00.

Light sensor sensitivity

Select Low, Normal, or High sensitivity for the light sensor.

Audio Settings

Audio Settings	
Mute	
Internal microphone input gain:	0 dB 😽
External microphone input:	0 dB 💙
Audio type:	
O AAC:	
SSM-AMR:	
GSM-AMR bit rate:	12.2 Kbps 🗸

<u>Mute</u>: Select this option to disable audio transmission from the Network Camera to all clients. Note that if mute mode is turned on, no audio data will be transmitted even if audio transmission is enabled on the Client Settings page. In that case, the following message is displayed:

Warning		
The media type has been cha	inged to video only because the media from serve	er contains no audio
	ОК	

Internal microphone input gain: Select the gain of the internal audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) ~ -33 db (least sensitive).

External microphone input: Select the gain of the external audio input according to ambient conditions. Adjust the gain from +21 db (most sensitive) or -33 db (least sensitive).

Audio type: Select audio codec AAC or GSM-AMR and the bit rate Advanced Mode

- AAC provides good sound quality at the cost of higher bandwidth consumption. The bit rates are selectable from: 16Kbps, 32Kbps, 48Kbps, 64Kbps, 96Kbps, and 128Kbps.
- GSM-ARM is designed to optimize speech quality and requires less bandwidth. The bit rates are selectable from: 4.75Kbps, 5.15Kbps, 5.90Kbps, 6.7Kbps, 7.4Kbps, 7.95Kbps, 10.2Kbps, and 12.2Kbps.

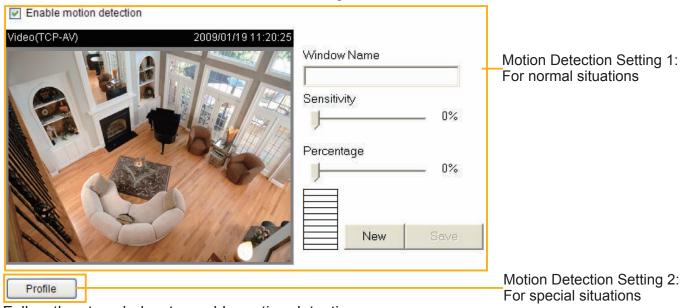
When completed with the settings on this page, click **Save** to enable the settings.

<u>NOTE</u>

The Network Camera offers two inputs to capture audio - internal microphone or external microphone. The internal/external microphone switch is located on the back panel of the Network Camera.

Motion Detection

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to enable motion detection. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured.



Follow the steps below to enable motion detection:

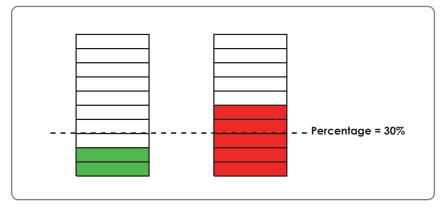
- 1. Click **New** to add a new motion detection window.
- In the Window Name text box, enter a name for the motion detection window.
 To move and resize the window, drag and drop your mouse on the window.
 - To delete window, click X on the top right corner of the window.
- 3. Define the sensitivity to moving objects and the space ratio of all alerted pixels by moving the Sensitivity and Percentage slider bar.
- 4. Click Save to enable the settings.
- 5. Select Enable motion detection to enable this function.
- For example:

Enable motion detection



The Percentage Indicator will rise or fall depending on the variation between sequential images. When motions are detected by the Network Camera and are judged to exceed the defined threshold, the red bar rises. Meanwhile, the motion detection window will be outlined in red. Photos or videos can be captured instantly and configured to be sent to a remote server (Email, FTP) by utilizing this feature as a trigger source. For more information on how to set an event, please refer to Application on page 80.

A green bar indicates that even though motions have been detected, the event has not been triggered because the image variations still fall under the defined threshold.



If you want to configure other motion detection settings for day/night/schedule mode, please click **Profile** to open the Motion Detection Profile Settings page as shown below. A total of three motion detection windows can be configured on this page as well.

Video(TCP-AV)	2008/01/09 14:59:09	3
		Window Name Sensitivity Window Name New Save
General Settings		
 Night mode Schedule mode: 		Save
	Close	

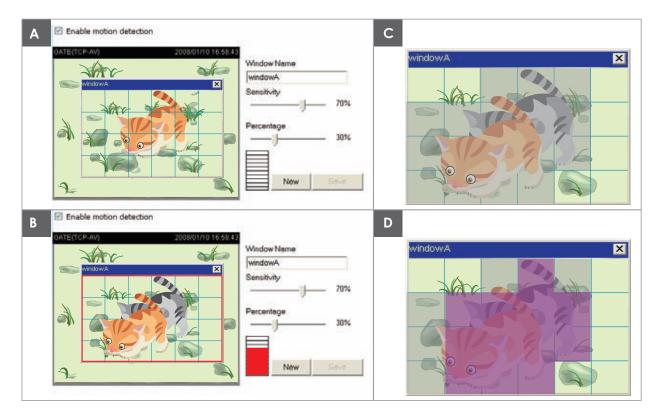
Please follow the steps beolw to set up a profile:

- 1. Create a new motion detection window.
- 2. Check Enable this profile.
- 3. Select the applicable mode: Day mode, Night mode, or Schedule mode. Please manually enter a time range if you choose Schedule mode.
- 4. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

This motion detection window will also be displayed on the Event Settings page. You can go to Application > Event Settings > Trigger to choose it as a trigger source. Please refer to page 82 for detailed information.

<u>NOTE</u>

► How does motion detection work?



There are two motion detection parameters: Sensitivity and Percentage. In the illustration above, frame A and frame B are two sequential images. Pixel differences between the two frames are detected and highlighted in gray (frame C) and will be compared with the sensitivity setting. Sensitivity is a value that expresses the sensitivity to moving objects. Higher sensitivity settings are expected to detect slight movements while smaller sensitivity settings will neglect them. When the sensitivity is set to 70%, the Network Camera defines the pixels in the purple areas as "alerted pixels" (frame D).

Percentage is a value that expresses the proportion of "alerted pixels" to all pixels in the motion detection window. In this case, 50% of pixels are identified as "alerted pixels". When the percentage is set to 30%, the motions are judged to exceed the defined threshold; therefore, the motion window will be outlined in red.

For applications that require a high level of security management, it is suggested to use higher sensitivity settings and smaller percentage values.

Camera Tampering Detection

This section explains how to set up camera temper detection. With tamper detection, the camera is capable of detecting incidents such as **redirection**, **blocking or defocusing**, or even **spray paint**.

Enable came	era tam	pering detection	
		10 Million - Million Brits	
Trigger duration:	10	seconds [10~600]	

Please follow the steps below to set up the camera tamper detection function:

- 1. Check Enable camera tampering detection.
- 2. Enter the tamper trigger duration. (10 sec. ~ 10 min.) The tamper alarm will be triggered only when the tampering factor (the difference between current frame and pre-saved background) exceeds the trigger threshold.
- Set up the event source as Camera Tampering Detection on Application page > Event Settings / Server Settings (how to send alarm message) / Media Settings (send what type of alarm message). Please refer to page 82 for detailed information.

Camera Control

This section explains how to control the Network Camera's Pan/Tilt/Zoom operation.

- There are two ways to enable the camera control function:
- 1. Mechanical: Connect the Network Camera to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface.
- 2. Digital: Control the e-PTZ operation. It allows users to quickly move the focus to a target area for close-up viewing without moving the camera physically. Please refer to page 75 for detailed instruction.

Mechanical PTZ Operation

If you select "Mechanical", the RS485 Settings section will be displayed as shown below:

 Disable PTZ camera 	
O PTZ camera	
Transparent HTTP Tunnel	

RS485 Settings

Disable: Select this option to disable this function.

PTZ camera: Select this option to enable PTZ operation.

To utilize this feature, please connect the Network Camera to a PTZ driver or scanner via RS485 interface first. Then you can configure the PTZ driver and RS485 port with the following settings.

 PTZ camera Transparent HTTP Tunnel 	
Camera ID	1
PTZ driver:	None
Port settings:	
Baud rate:	9600 💌
Data bits:	8 💌
	22 (1000)
Stop bits:	1 🗸

VIVOTEK offers three PTZ drivers: DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, and Pelco D protocol. If none of the above PTZ drivers is supported by your PTZ scanner, please select **Custom camera** (scanner). Please refer to the user's manual of your PTZ scanner to determine the Camera ID, PTZ driver, and Port settings. The Camera ID is necessary to control multiple cameras. If you click **Save** to enable this function, the camera control panel will be displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on page 72.

<u>Transparent HTTP Tunnel</u>: If you want to use your own RS-485 device, you can use UART commands to build a Transparent HTTP Tunnel. The UART commands will be sent through HTTP tunnel established between the RS-485 device and the linked camera. For detailed application notes, please refer to URL Commands on page 106 or http://www.vivotek.com/downloadfiles/faq/videoserver/UART_HTTP_Tunnel. pdf.

Transparent HTTP Tunnel		
Port settings:		
Baud rate:	9600 🗸	
Data bits:	8 🗸	
Stop bits:	1 💌	
Parity bit:	none 💌	
	Port settings: Baud rate: Data bits: Stop bits:	Port settings: Baud rate: Data bits: Stop bits:

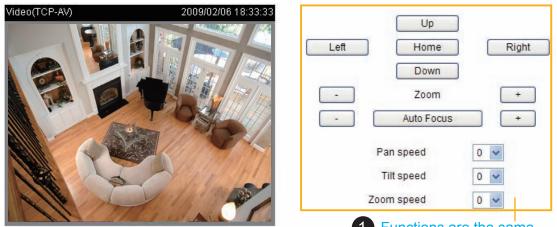
Preset Positions

If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver and click the **Save** button, the **Preset Position** button will be enabled. Click **Preset Position** to open the settings page. You can also select preset positions for the camera to patrol. A total of 20 preset positions can be configured.

Please follow the steps below to preset a position:

- 1. Adjust the shooting area to the desired position using the buttons on the right side of the window.
- 2. Enter a name for the preset position, which allows for up to forty characters. Click **Add** to enable the settings. The preset positions will be displayed under the Preset Location list on the left-hand side.
- 3. To add additional preset positions, please repeat steps 1~2.
- 4. To remove a preset position from the list, select it from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.
- 5. The preset positions will also displayed on the main page. Please refer to the illustration on the next page.
- 6. Click Save to enable the settings.

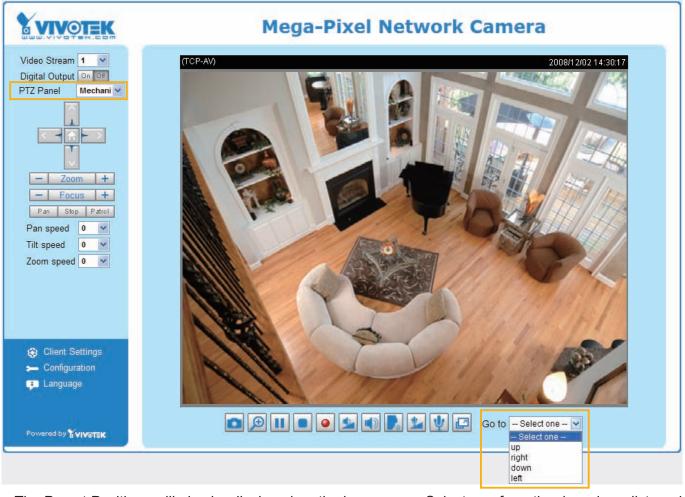
Patrol selection:



Functions are the same as the Control Panel on the home page

Preset locations	Selected locations		
	Source	Dwelling time (sec):	Preset position name:
			Preset Position:
Select	Remove Up Down	a O Update	Go to Delete

Home page in Mechanical PTZ Mode



The Preset Positions will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected preset position.

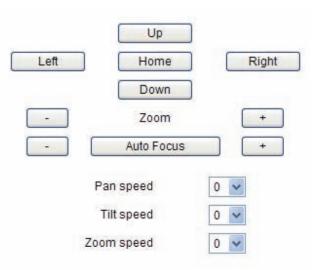
Patrol Settings

You can select some preset positions for the Network Camera to patrol.

Please follow the steps below to set up a patrol schedule:

- 1. Click a preset location on the list and click Select.
- 2. The selected preset location will be displayed on the **Source** list.
- 3. Set the **Dwelling time** for the preset location during auto patrol. You can also manually enter a value in the blank and click **Update**.
- 4. Repeat step 1 and 3 to select additional preset locations.
- 5. If you want to delete a selected location, select it from the Source list and click **Remove**.
- 6. Select a location and click **Up** or **Down** to rearrange the patrol order.
- 7. Click **Save** to enable the settings.





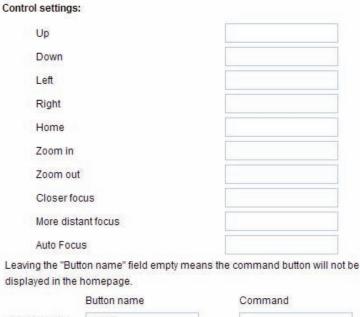
Patrol selection:

Preset locations	Selected		
up right down lefi	2 Source right left	Dwelling time (sec): 3	Preset position name:
Select	Remove Up Down	10 Update	up V Go to Delete
Select	Remove Up Down	10 Update	

Close

Custom Command

If **Custom Camera (scanner)** is selected as the PTZ driver, the **Preset Position** and **PTZ Control Panel** on the main page will be disabled. You will need to configure command buttons to control the PTZ scanner. Click **Custom Command** to open the Custom Command page to set the commands in the Control Settings session. Please refer to your PTZ scanner user's manual to enter the commands in the following fields. Click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.



 <u>NOTE</u>

If you select DynaDome/SmartDOME, Lilin PIH-7x00, or Pelco D protocol as the PTZ driver, the Control Settings column will not be displayed.

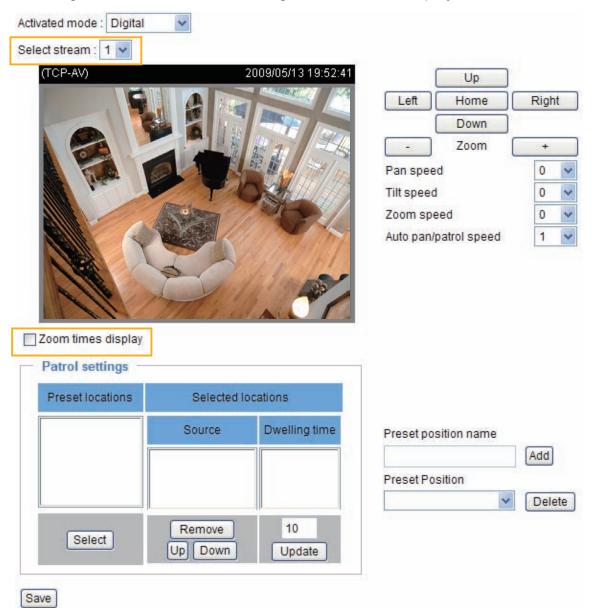
► For all PTZ drivers, a total of five additional command buttons can be configured.

► The command buttons will be displayed on the main page:



E-PTZ Operation

If you select "Digital", the e-PTZ control settings section will be displayed as shown below:



<u>Select Stream</u>: Select one of the stream 1~3 to set up the e-PTZ control. Please note that **each stream can be set up with its own e-preset positions and e-patrol settings**. For detailed information about how to set up **Preset Positions** and **Patrol Settings**, please refer to page 71~73.

Zoom Times Display

If you check this item, the zoom indicator will be displayed on the home page when you zoom in/out the live viewing window as the picture shown on the next page.

When completed with the settings of e-PTZ, click **Save** to enable the settings on this page.

Home page in E-PTZ Mode



- The e-Preset Positions will also be displayed on the home page. Select one from the drop-down list, and the Network Camera will move to the selected e-preset position.
- If you have set up different e-preset positions for stream 1~3, you can select one of the video streams to display its separate e-preset positions.

Global View

In addition to using the e-PTZ control panel, you can also use the mouse to drag or resize the floating frame to pan/tilt/zoom the viewing region. The live view window will also move to the viewing region accordingly.

Moving Instantly

If you check this item, the live view window will switch to the new viewing region instantly after you move the floating frame.

Click on Image

The e-PTZ function also supports "Click on Image". When you click on any point of the Global View Window or Live View Window, the viewing region will also move to that point.

Homepage Layout Advanced Mode

This section explains how to set up your own customized homepage layout.

Preview

This column shows the settings of your hompage layout. You can manually select the background and font colors in Theme Options (the third column on this page). The settings will be displayed automatically in this Preview field. The following shows the homepage using the default settings:



Hide Powered by VIVOTEK

■ Hide Powered by VIVOTEK: If you check this item, it will be removed from the homepage.

Logo

Here you can change the logo at the top of your homepage.

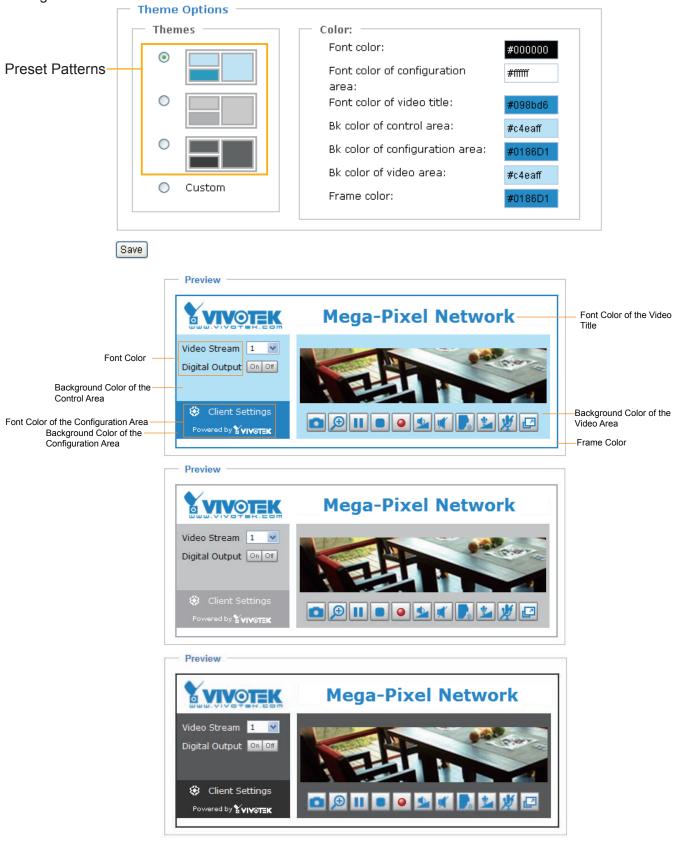
(if it is not already	small logo(Gif, JPG or PNG), which w that size) and which will be visible ace the old custom logo (if there wa	on the main page. Upl	
Default	💿 Custom		
VINOT			Browse
		Upload	
.ogo link: http://www	vivotek.com		

Follow the steps below to upload a new logo:

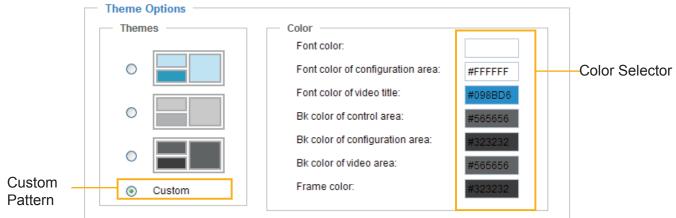
- 1. Click **Custom** and the Browse field will appear.
- 2. Select a logo from your files.
- 3. Click **Upload** to replace the existing logo with a new one.
- 4. Enter a website link if necessary.
- 5. Click Save to enable the settings.

Theme Options

Here you can change the color of your homepage layout. There are three types of preset patterns for you to choose from. The new layout will simultaneously appear in the **Preview** filed. Click **Save** to enable the settings.



- Follow the steps below to set up the customed homepage:
- 1. Click **Custom** on the left column.
- 2. Click the field where you want to change the color on the right column.



3. The palette window will pop up as shown below.

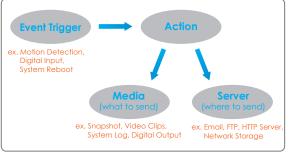
Hex:	#000000	02		Hex:	#23538A
Red:	0	1		Red:	35
Green:	0	4	Y	Green:	83
Blue:	0			Blue:	138
Hue:	0			Hue:	212
Saturation:	0			Saturation:	74.6
Value:	0			Value:	54.1
	lect			4 Se	lect

- 4. Drag the slider bar and click on the left square to select a desired color.
- 5. The selected color will be displayed in the corresponding fields and in the **Preview** column.
- 6. Click **Save** to enable the settings.

Application Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to responds to particular situations (event). A typical application is that when a motion is detected, the Network Camera sends buffered images to an FTP server or e-mail address as notifications.

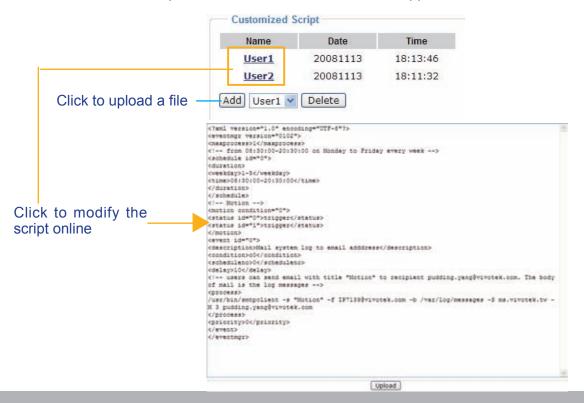
In the illustration on the right, an event can be triggered by many sources, such as motion detection or external digital input devices. When an event is triggered, you can specify what type of action that will be performed. You can configure the Network Camera to send snapshots or videos to your email address or FTP site.



Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
dHelp										
Customize	d Script -									
Customize Name		ate		ta.	lime					

Customized Script

This function allows you to upload a sample script (.xml file) to the webpage, which will save your time on configuring the settings. Please note that there is a limited number of customized scripts you can upload; if the current amount of customized scripts has reached the limit, an alert message will pop up. If you need more information, please ask for VIVOTEK technical support.



Event Settings

In the **Event Settings** column, click **Add** to open the **Event Settings** page. On this page, you can arrange three elements -- Trigger, Schedule, and Action to set an event. A total of 3 event settings can be configured.

Event name:
Enable this event
Priority: Normal 🛩
Detect next event after 10 second(s).
Note: This can only applied to motion detection and digital input
Trigger
O Video motion detection:
O Periodically:
O Digital input
System boot
C Recording notify
Camera tampering detection:
Event Schedule
💌 Sun 💌 Mon 💌 Tue 💌 Wed 💌 Thu 💌 Fri 💌 Sat
Time
Always
C From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]
Action
Trigger digital output for 1 seconds
Add Server Add Media
Server Media Extra parameter
SDNone SD Test View
Save Close

Event name: Enter a name for the event setting.

Enable this event: Select this option to enable the event setting.

<u>Priority</u>: Select the relative importance of this event (High, Normal, or Low). Events with a higher priority setting will be executed first.

<u>Detect next event after resconds</u>: Enter the duration in seconds to pause motion detection after a motion is detected.

An event is an action initiated by a user-defined trigger source; it is the causal arrangement of the following three elements: Trigger, Event Schedule, and Action.

Trigger

This is the cause or stimulus which defines when to trigger the Network Camera. The trigger source can be configured to use the Network Camera's built-in motion detection mechanism or external digital input devices.

There are several choices of trigger sources as shown below. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options.

Video motion detection

This option makes use of the built-in motion detection mechanism as a trigger source. To enable this function, you need to configure a Motion Detection Window first. For more information, please refer to Motion Detection on page 66 for details.

[Trigger
	Video motion detection:
	Normal: 1 2 3
	Profile: 1 2 3
	Note: Please configure Motion detection first
	O Periodically:
	O Digital input
	System boot
	Recording notify
	Camera tampering detection:

Periodically

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger periodically for every other defined minute. Up to 999 minutes are allowed.

Trigger
Video motion detection:
Periodically:
Trigger every other 1 minutes
O Digital input
System boot
Recording notify
Camera tampering detection:

Digital input

This option allows the Network Camera to use an external digital input device or sensor as a trigger source. Depending on your application, there are many choices of digital input devices on the market which helps to detect changes in temperature, vibration, sound, and light, etc.

System boot

This option triggers the Network Camera when the power to the Network Camera is disconnected.

Recording notify

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the recording disk is full or when recording starts to rewrite older data.

Camera tampering detection

This option allows the Network Camera to trigger when the camera detects that is is being tampered with. To enable this function, you need to configure the Tampering Detection option first. Please refer to page 69 for detailed information.

ſ	— Trigger —
	O Video motion detection:
	O Periodically:
	O Digital input
	System boot
	Recording notify
	Oamera tampering detection:
	Note: Please configure Camera tampering detection first

Event Schedule

Specify the period	od for the event.
	Event Schedule
	Sun V Mon V Tue V Wed V Thu

💌 Sun 🗹 Mon 🔽 Tue 🔍 Wed 🔽 Thu 🔽 Fri 💌 Sat	
Time	
Always	
From 00:00 to 24:00 [hh:mm]	

- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording schedule in 24-hr time format.

<u>Action</u>

Define the actions to be performed by the Network Camera when a trigger is activated.

Add Server	Add Media	
Server	Media	Extra parameter
	None 🔽 🚺	SD Test View

■ Trigger digital output for □ seconds Select this option to turn on the external digital output device when a trigger is activated. Specify the length of the trigger interval in the text box. To set an event with recorded video or snapshots, it is necessary to configure the server and media settings so that the Network Camera will know what action to take (such as which server to send the media files to) when a trigger is activated.

Add Server / Add Media

Click **Add Server** to configure Server Settings. For more information, please refer to Server Settings on page 86.

Click **Add Media** to configure Media Settings. For more information, please refer to Media Settings on page 89.

Here is an example of the Event Settings page:

Enable this	event	
iority: Norma	*	
etect next ever	tafter 10 second(s	s).
ite: This can c	nly applied to motion dete	ection and digital input
- Trigger -		
🔘 Video m	otion detection	
O Periodic	ally	
Oigital in	put	
O System	poot	
O Recordin	ig notify	
O Camera	tampering detection	
Event Sch	edule	
V Sun V	Mon 🔽 Tue 🔽 Wed 🔽	🖉 Thu 🐷 Fri 🐷 Sat
Sun 🗹	Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹	🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat
Time		🗹 Thu 🗹 Fri 🗹 Sat
Time	Mon 🗹 Tue 🗹 Wed 🗹 Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00	
Time	lways	
Time	lways	
Time ③ A ○ F Action	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00	
Time ③ A ○ F Action	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 ligital output for 1	0 [hh:mm]
Time Action Trigger of	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 ligital output for 1	0 [hh:mm]
Time Action Trigger of Add Serve	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 ligital output for 1 r Add Media	0 [hh:mm] seconds Extra parameter
Time Action Trigger of Add Server Server	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 Igital output for 1 r Add Media Media	0 [hh:mm] seconds Extra parameter
Time Action Trigger of Add Server Server SD	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 Igital output for 1 r Add Media Media None V SD T None V	0 [hh:mm] seconds Extra parameter Test View reate folders by date time and hour automatically
Time Action Trigger of Add Server Server SD FTP	Iways rom 00:00 To 24:00 Iigital output for 1 r Add Media Media MediaNone SD TNone	0 [hh:mm] seconds Extra parameter Test View reate folders by date time and hour automatically

Save Close

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit Event Settings page. The new event settings / server settings / media settings will appear in the event drop-down list on the Application page.

Here is an example of the Application page with an event setting:

	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Trigger
Event1	ON	V	V	٧	V	V	V	V	00:00~24:00	di
dd Event1 🗸	Delete	Help	p							
Server Setting	S									
Name	Туре				Addr	ess/L	ocatio	n		
FTP	ftp				ftp.	vivotek	.com			
NAS	ns				\\192.	168.5.	122\n	as		
Email	email				Ms	s.vivote	ek.tw			
HTTP	http		ht	tp://19	2.168.	5.10/c	gi-bin	uploa	d.cgi	
Add FTP 🔽 🤇	Delete									
	space:	1. S. M. S. M.	В							
Media Settings vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u>	space:	8000K Type apsho								
vailable memory Name	r space: 1 sna	Гуре	t							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u>	r space: 1 1 sn: vid	fype apsho	t							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u>	r space: 1 1 sn: vid sys	l <mark>ype</mark> apsho eoclip	t 9							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System loq</u>	r space: 1 1 sn: vid sys	f ype apsho eoclip temlog	t g							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> <u>Recording notify</u>	r space: 1 1 sn: vid sys	rype apsho eoclip temlog ordms	t g							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> <u>Recording notify</u> Add Snapshot	r space: 1 sna vid sys recc	rype apsho eoclip temlog ordms	t g							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> <u>Recording notify</u>	r space: 1 sna vid sys recc	rype apsho eoclip temlog ordms	t g							
vailable memory Name <u>Snapshot</u> <u>Video Clip</u> <u>System log</u> <u>Recording notify</u> Add Snapshot	space: 1 sna vid sys reco	rype apsho eoclip temlog ordms	t g	1	ſime					

When the Event Status is <u>ON</u>, once an event is triggered by motion detection, the Network Camera will automatically send snapshots via e-mail.

If you want to stop the event trigger, you can click <u>ON</u> to turn it to <u>OFF</u> status or click **Delete** to remove the event setting.

To remove a server setting from the list, select a server name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the server setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

To remove a media setting from the list, select a media name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**. Note that only when the media setting is not being applied to an event setting can it be deleted.

Server Settings

Click **Add Server** on Event Settings page to open the Server Setting page. On this page, you can specify where the notification messages are sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 server settings can be configured.

Server name: Enter a name for the server setting.

Server Type

There are four choices of server types available: Email, FTP, HTTP, and Network storage. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Email: Select to send the media files via email when a trigger is activated.

Server Type	
🖲 Email:	
Sender email address:	Camera@vivotek.com
Recipient email address:	VIVOTEK@vivotek.com
Server address:	Ms.vivotek.tw
User name:	
Password:	
Server port	25
This server requires a s	secure connection (SSL)
O FTP:	
O HTTP:	
Network storage:	

Test Save Close

- Sender email address: Enter the email address of the sender.
- Recipient email address: Enter the email address of the recipient.
- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the email server.
- User name: Enter the user name of the email account if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password of the email account if necessary.
- Server port: The default mail server port is set to 25. You can also manually set another port.

If your SMTP server requires a secure connection (SSL), check **This server requires a secure** connection (SSL).

To verify if the email settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window. If successful, you will also receive an email indicating the result.

🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bia/idmin/testverver.egi - 💷 🔲 🔯	🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bia/admia/testserver.cgi 💽 🗖 🔀
The email has been sent successfully.	Error in sending email.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>FTP</u>: Select to send the media files to an FTP server when a trigger is activated.

erver name:	FTP	
- Server T	уре	
O Email:		
• FTP:		
Serv	er address:	ftp://vivotek.com.tw
Serv	er port:	21
Use	r name:	vivotek
Pass	sword:	•••••
FTP	folder name:	
F	assive mode	
O HTTP:		
O Network	k storage:	

- Server address: Enter the domain name or IP address of the FTP server.
- Server port

By default, the FTP server port is set to 21. It can also be assigned to another port number between 1025 and 65535.

- User name: Enter the login name of the FTP account.
- Password: Enter the password of the FTP account.
- FTP folder name

Enter the folder where the media file will be placed. If the folder name does not exist, the Network Camera will create one on the FTP server.

Passive mode

Most firewalls do not accept new connections initiated from external requests. If the FTP server supports passive mode, select this option to enable passive mode FTP and allow data transmission to pass through the firewall.

To verify if the FTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as shown below. If successful, you will also receive a test.txt file on the FTP server.





Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

HTTP: Select to send the media files to an HTTP server when a trigger is activated.

erver name:	HTTP	
- Server T	/pe	
O Email:		
O FTP:		
HTTP:		
URL		http://192.168.5.10/cgi-bin/upload.cgi
Use	name:	
Pass	sword:	
O Network	storage:	

Test Save Close

- URL: Enter the URL of the HTTP server.
- User name: Enter the user name if necessary.
- Password: Enter the password if necessary.

To verify if the HTTP settings are correctly configured, click **Test**. The result will be shown in a pop-up window as below. If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the HTTP server.

🚈 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖 🔀	🗿 http://192.168.5.121/cgi-bin/admin/testserver.cgi 🔳 🗖
HTTP Transmission successfully. Thanks	HTTP Transmission failed.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>Network storage</u>: Select to send the media files to a network storage location when a trigger is activated. Please refer to **Network Storage Setting** on page 93 for details.

Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, the new server settings will automatically be displayed on the Event Settings page. For example:

Add Serve	r Add Media]
Server	Media	Extra parameter
SD	None 💌	SD Test View
FTP	None 💙	
NAS	None 💌	Create folders by date time and hour automatically View
Email	None 💌	
	None 🗸	

Media Settings

Click **Add Media** on the Event Settings page to open the Media Settings page. On this page, you can specify the type of media that will be sent when a trigger is activated. A total of 5 media settings can be configured.

Media name: Enter a name for the media setting.

Media Type

There are three choices of media types available: Snapshot, Video Clip, and System log. Select the item to display the detailed configuration options. You can configure either one or all of them.

Snapshot: Select to send snapshots when a trigger is activated.

Media na	ame: Snapsho	t	
— Me	dia Type —		
ی ک	Snapshot:		
	Source: Stre	am1 🐱	
	Send 1	pre-event image(s) [0~7]	
	Send 1	post-event image(s) [0~7]	
	File name pr	efix: Snapshot_	
	Add date	and time suffix to file name	
OV	/ideo Clip		
0 5	System log		

- Source: Select to take snapshots from stream 1 ~ 4.
- Send □ pre-event images

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide how many images to capture before a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

■ Send □ post-event images

Enter a number to decide how many images to capture after a trigger is activated. Up to 7 images can be generated.

For example, if both the Send pre-event images and Send post-event images are set to 7, a total of 15 images are generated after a trigger is activated.

1 pic.	2 pic.	3 pic.	4 pic.	5 pic.	6 pic.	7 pic.	8 pic.	9 pic.	10 pic.	11 pic.	10 pic.	12 pic.	13 pic.	14 pic.	15 pic.
					T	frigge	r Act	ivatic	n						

File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

Add date and time suffix to the file name Select this option to add a date/time suffix to the file name. For example:



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

Video clip: Select to send video clips when a trigger is activated.

Media Type	
🔿 Snapshot:	
Video Clip	
Source: Stream 1 😽	
Pre-event recording: 0	seconds [0~9]
Maximum duration: 5	seconds [1~10]
Maximum file size: 500	Kbytes [50~800]
File name prefix: Video Cli	P_
O System log	

- Source: The source of video clip, which will be identical to the time shift caching stream. For more information about time shift caching stream, please refer to page 53.
- Pre-event recording

The Network Camera has a buffer area; it temporarily holds data up to a certain limit. Enter a number to decide the duration of recording before a trigger is activated. Up to 9 seconds can be set.

Maximum duration

Specify the maximum recording duration in seconds. Up to 10 seconds can be set. For example, if pre-event recording is set to five seconds and the maximum duration is set to ten seconds, the Network Camera continues to record for another 4 seconds after a trigger is activated.



Maximum file size

Specify the maximum file size allowed.

File name prefix

Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

For example:



Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

<u>System log</u>: Select to send a system log when a trigger is activated. Click **Save** to enable the settings, then click **Close** to exit the page.

When completed, click **Save** to enable the settings and click **Close** to exit this page. The new media settings will appear on the Event Settings page.

You can continue to select a server and media type for the event. Please go back to page 66 for detailed information.

Add Serve	er Add Media	
Server	Media	Extra parameter
SD	None 💌	SD Test View
FTP	None Snapshot Video Clip	
NAS	System log Recording notify	Create folders by date time and hour automatically View
Email	None 🔽	
	None 🗸	

- SD Test: Click to test your SD card. The system will display a message indicating success or failure. If you want to use your SD card for local storage, please format it before use. Please refer to page 93 for detailed information.
- Create folders by date, time, and hour automatically: If you check this item, the system will generate folders automatically by date.
- View: Click this button to open a file list window. This function is only for **SD card** and **Network Storage**.

If you click **View** button of SD card, a **Local storage** page will pop up for you to manage recorded files on SD card. For more information about Local storage, please refer to page 96 for illustration.

If you click **View** button of Network storage, a **file directory window** will pop up for you to view recorded data on Network storage. For detailed illustration, please refer to the next page.

The following is an example of a file destination with video clips:



Click **20081120** to open the directory:

The format is: HH (24r) Click to open the file list for that hour

file name	size	date	time
Recording1 58.mp4	2526004	2008/11/20	07 <mark>:</mark> 58:28
Recording1 59.mp4	2563536	2008/11/20	07:59:28
Delete Delet	e all 🛛 🚺 E	lack	
Click to delete	Click	to go book to the	previous
elected items	level	to go back to the of the directory	previous
	level d elete all data	of the directory	previous
elected items Click to d recorded	level d elete all data	of the directory	time
elected items Click to d recorded	level of determined of the second sec	of the directory 15 16 17 ≥	

The format is: File name prefix + Minute (mm) You can set up the file name prefix on Media Settings page. Please refer to page 89 for detailed information.

Recording Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the recording settings for the Network Camera.

Recording Settings

NOTO: DO	sione beta	prece	nung,	journ	ave to	octup	i ctivoi	K Storag	e first via <u>Se</u>	river page	
Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination

NOTE

🙆 Done

- ▶ Before setting up this page, please set up the Network Storage on the Server Settings page first.
- ▶ Please remember to format your SD card when using for the first time. Please refer to page 96 for detailed information.

Network Storage Setting

Click <u>Server</u> to open the Server Settings page and follow the steps below to set up:

🌍 Internet

1. Fill in the information for your server.

For example: >Server Settings	~
Server name: NAS	
Server Type	
O Email:	
FTP: Network storage path (\server name or IP address\folder name)	
1 S Network storage:	
Network storage location: <u>\\192.168.5.122\\nas</u>	
(For example: \\my_nas\diskifolder)	
Workgroup: vivotek	
User name:	
Password:	
Test Save Close	
2 4 User name and password for your server	
	~
Click Test to check the setting. The result will be shown in the pop-up window.	
A http://192.168.5.151/cgi-bin/admin/testserver	56
Mount successfully. Thanks Mount failed.	

🛃 Done

🍘 Internet

If successful, you will receive a test.txt file on the network storage	e server.
--	-----------

😹 NAS on ritali		
File Edit View Favorites Tools H	P	
🕝 Back 👻 🕥 - 🎓 🔎 Searc	Folders	
Address 🗟 \\ritali\NAS		So Go
File and Folder Tasks File and Folder Tasks Rename this file Move this file Copy this file Publish this file to the Web Final this file Print this file Copy Print this	test.txt Text Document 1 KB test.txt - Notepad File Edit Format View Help [NOTIFICATION]The Result of Server	Test of Your IP Camera
Other Places	<u>S</u>	

- 3. Enter a server name.
- 4. Click **Save** to complete the settings and click **Close** to exit the page.

Recording Settings

Click **Add** to open the recording setting page. In this page, you can define the recording source, recording schedule, and recording capacity. A total of 2 recording settings can be configured.

Recording name:	
Enable this recording	
Priority: Normal 🔽	
Source: Stream1 🗸	
- Trigger	
Schedule	
Network fail	
— Recording Schedule ——	
Time Always From 00:00 to 	24:00 [hh:mm]
Always From 00:00 to Destination NAS SD Capacity: NAS	24:00 [hh:mm]
Always From 00:00 to Destination NAS SD Capacity: NAS Entire free space	
Always From 00:00 to SD Capacity: NAS Entire free space Reserved space: 0	24:00 [hh:mm] Mbytes
Always From 00:00 to Destination NAS SD Capacity: NAS Entire free space	

Recording name: Enter a name for the recording setting.

Enable this recording: Select this option to enable video recording.

Priority: Select the relative importance of this recording setting (High, Normal, and Low).

<u>Source</u>: Select the recording source (stream $1 \sim 4$).

Trigger: Select a trigger source.

- Schedule: The server will start to record files on the local storage or network storage (NAS).
- Network fail: Since network fail, the server will start to record files on the local storage (SD card).

<u>Recording Schedule</u>: Specify the recording duration.

- Select the days of the week.
- Select the recording start and end times in 24-hr time format.

Destination: You can select the SD card or network storage that was set up for the recorded video files.

<u>Capacity</u>: You can choose either the entire free space available or limit the reserved space. The recording size limit must be larger than the reserved amount for cyclic recording.

File name prefix: Enter the text that will be appended to the front of the file name.

<u>Enable cyclic recording</u>: If you check this item, when the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one. The reserved amount is reserved for cyclic recording to prevent malfunction. This value must be larger than 15 MBytes.

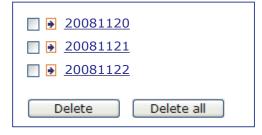
If you want to enable recording notification, please click <u>Application</u> to set up. Please refer to **Trigger > Recording notify** on page 83 for detailed information.

When completed, select **Enable this recording**. Click **Save** to enable the setting and click **Close** to exit this page. When the system begins recording, it will send the recorded files to the Network Storage. The new recording name will appear in the drop-down list on the recording page as shown below.

To remove a recording setting from the list, select a recording name from the drop-down list and click **Delete**.

Name	Status	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Time	Source	Destination
Video	ON	٧	V	٧	٧	٧	V	٧	00:00~24:00	stream1	NAS

- Click Video (Name): Opens the Recording Settings page to modify.
- Click <u>ON</u> (Status): The Status will become <u>OFF</u> and stop recording.
- Click <u>NAS</u> (Destination): Opens the file list of recordings as shown below. For more information about folder naming rules, please refer to page 92 for details.



Local Storage Advanced Mode

This section explains how to manage the local storage on the Network Camera. Here you can view SD card status, search for recorded files to playback, download, etc.

SD card status: Detached —	no SD	card				
SD card control:						
Searching and viewing the	records					
File attributes:						
Trigger time:						
Search						
Search results						
Show 10 💌 entries			Search:			
Trigger time 🔶	Media type	\$	Trigger type	\$	Locked	4
	No matching re-	cords fo	ound			
Showing 0 to 0 of <mark>0</mark> entries					1	1
View Download Uncl	heck All	Gs to A\	/I Lock/Uni	ock	Remove)

SD Card Management

<u>SD card status</u>: This column shows the status and reserved space of your SD card. Please remember to format the SD card when using for the first time.

SD card management			
w SD card status: Ready			
Total size:	7810152 KBytes	Free size:	7602048 KBytes
Used size:	208104 KBytes	Use (%):	2.665 %
Format			

SD card control

■ Enable cyclic storage: Check this item if you want to enable cyclic recording. When the maximum capacity is reached, the oldest file will be overwritten by the latest one.

w SD card control:	
Enable cyclic storage	
Enable automatic disk cleanup	
Maximum duration for keeping files: 7 days	
Save	

Enable automatic disk cleanup: Check this item and enter the number of days you wish to retain a file. For example, if you enter "7 days", the recorded files will be stored on the SD card for 7 days.

Click **Save** to enable your settings.

Searching and Viewing the Records

This column allows the user to set up search criteria for recorded data. If you do not select any criteria and click **Search** button, all recorded data will be listed in the **Search Results** cloumn.

Trigger type:	E	Tampering	Dig	gital input	Video loss
	E	System boot	Re	cording notify	Motion
	E	Periodically	🔲 Ne	twork fail	
Media type:	E	Video Clip	🔲 Sn	apshot	Text
Locked:	E	Locked	🔲 Un	locked	
Trigger time:					
From:	Date	2009-03-05	Time	00:00:00	
To:	Date	2009-03-05	Time	23:59:59	
		(yyyy-mm-dd)		(hh:mm:ss)	

File attributes: Select one or more items as your search criteria.

<u>Trigger time</u>: Manually enter the time range you want to search.

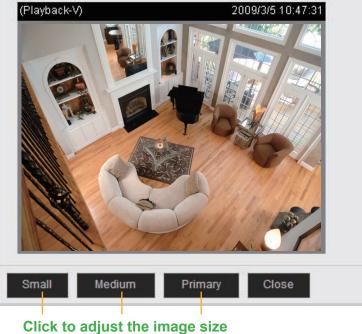
Click **Search** and the recorded data corresponding to the search criteria will be listed in **Search Results** window.

Search Results

The following is an example of search results. There are four columns: Trigger time, Media type, Trigger type, and Locked. Click \Rightarrow to sort the search results in either direction.

Show 10	entries		Search:		
	Trigger time	Media type	Trigger type 💧	Locked 🍦	
	2009-03-05 10:47:57	Videoclip	Periodically	No -	— Highlight a
	2009-03-05 10:48:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	item
	2009-03-05 10:49:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:50:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:51:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:52:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:53:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:54:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:55:57	Videoclip	Periodically	No	
	2009-03-05 10:56:57	Videoclip	Periodically	No	Click to switc
Showing	11 to 20 of 32 entries			< >	pages

<u>View</u>: Click on a search result which will highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Click the **View** button and a media window will pop up to play back the selected file. For example:



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<u>Download</u>: Click on a search result to highlight the selected item in purple as shown above. Then click the **Download** button and a file download window will pop up for you to save the file.

<u>JPEGs to AVI</u>: This functions only applies to "JPEG" format files such as snapshots. You can select several snapshots from the list, then click this button. Those snapshots will be converted into an AVI file.

<u>Lock/Unlock</u>: Select the desired search results, then click this button. The selected items will become Locked, which will not be deleted during cyclic recoroding. You can click again to unlock the selections. For example:

	Trigger time 🔶	Media type 🔶	Trigger type 🔶	Locked
v	2009-03-05 10:47:57	Videoclip	Periodically	Yes
V	2009-03-05 10:48:58	Videoclip	Periodically	Yes
	2009-03-05 10:49:58	Videoclip	Periodically	Yes
	2009-03-05 10:50:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:51:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:52:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:53:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:54:58	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:55:57	Videoclip	Periodically	No
	2009-03-05 10:56:57	Videoclip	Periodically	No
Showing	11 to 20 of 32 entries			< F

Remove: Select the desired search results, then click this button to delete the files.

System Log Advanced Mode

This section explains how to configure the Network Camera to send the system log to the remote server as backup.

Remote Log

Enable remote log		
Log server settings		
IP address:		
port:	514	

Save

You can configure the Network Camera to send the system log file to a remote server as a log backup. Before utilizing this feature, it is suggested that the user install a log-recording tool to receive system log messages from the Network Camera. An example is Kiwi Syslog Daemon. Visit http://www.kiwisyslog. com/kiwi-syslog-daemon-overview/.

Ble Yerv 1		isplay 00 (De	foult) 💌			-
Date 01-12-2008 01-12-2008 01-12-2008	15:21:31	Priority User.Info User.Info Syslog.Info	Hostname 192,168,5,121 192,168,5,121 192,168,5,121	Message [RTSP SERVER] Stop one session, IP- [RTSP SERVER] Start one session, IP- syslogd 1.4.1: restart.		N. Sanda
						-

Follow the steps below to set up the remote log:

- 1. In the IP address text box, enter the IP address of the remote server.
- 2. In the port text box, enter the port number of the remote server.
- 3. When completed, select **Enable remote log** and click **Save** to enable the setting.

Current Log

Current Log Mar 5 13:39:12 syslogd 1.5.0: restart. Mar 5 13:39:13 [swatchdog][232]: Ready to watch httpd. Mar 5 13:39:14 [EVENT MGR]: Starting eventmgr with support for EcTun Mar 5 13:39:14 [DRM Service]: Starting DRM service. Mar 5 13:39:15 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in recording task.xml, skip it Mar 5 13:39:15 [EVENT MGR]: Task conf file: there is no valid event in event_task.xml, skip it Mar 5 13:39:22 [RTSP SERVER]: XMLSParser: open failed^M Mar 5 13:39:22 [VENC]: Failed to set auto iris control Mar 5 13:39:25 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode Mar 5 13:39:27 [IR Cut Control]: Day mode Mar 5 13:39:29 [SYS]: Serial number = 0002D17161CB Mar 5 13:39:29 [SYS]: System starts at Fri Mar 5 13:39:29 UTC 2004 Mar 5 13:39:29 [NET]: === NET INFO === Mar 5 13:39:29 [NET]: Host IP = 172.16.7.116 Mar 5 13:39:29 [NET]: Subnet Mask = 255.255.0.0 Mar 5 13:39:29 [NET]: Gateway = 172.16.0.1 Mar 5 13:39:29 [NET]: Primary DNS = 192.168.0.10

This column displays the system log in chronological order. The system log is stored in the Network Camera's buffer area and will be overwritten when reaching a certain limit.

View Parameters Advanced Mode

The View Parameters page lists the entire system's parameters in alphabetical order. If you need technical assistance, please provide the information listed on this page.

```
Parameter List
                                                                     ~
system hostname='Mega-Pixel Network Camera'
system ledoff='0'
system lowlight='1'
system_date='2009/09/23'
system time='09:41:28'
system datetime=''
system ntp=''
system timezoneindex='320'
system_daylight_enable='0'
system_daylight_dstactualmode='1'
system_daylight_auto_begintime='NONE'
system daylight auto endtime='NONE'
system daylight timezones=',-360,-320,-280,-240,-241,-200,-201,-1
system_updateinterval='0'
system info modelname='IP8161'
system info extendedmodelname='IP8161'
system info serialnumber='0002D10994F0'
system_info_firmwareversion='IP8161-VVTK-0100g'
system_info_language_count='9'
system_info_language_i0='English'
system_info_language_i1='Deutsch'
system_info_language_i2='Español'
system_info_language_i3='Français'
system_info_language_i4='Italiano'
system_info_language_i5='日本語'
system_info_language_i6='Português'
system info language i7='简体中文'
system info language i8='繁體中文'
system info language i9=''
system info language i10=''
system_info_language_i11=''
system_info_language_i12=''
system_info_language_i13=''
system_info_language_i14=''
system info language i15=''
system_info_language_i16=''
<
                                                                   >
```

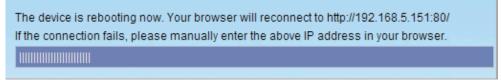
Maintenance

This chapter explains how to restore the Network Camera to factory default, upgrade firmware version, etc.

Reboot

Reboot		
Reboot the device		
Reboot		

This feature allows you to reboot the Network Camera, which takes about one minute to complete. When completed, the live video page will be displayed in your browser. The following message will be displayed during the reboot process.



If the connection fails after rebooting, manually enter the IP address of the Network Camera in the address field to resume the connection.

Restore

Restore all setting:	s to factory default except se	ttings in
Network Type	Daylight Saving Time	Custom language

Restore

This feature allows you to restore the Network Camera to factory default settings.

<u>Network Type</u>: Select this option to retain the Network Type settings (please refer to Network Type on page 33).

<u>Daylight Saving Time</u>: Select this option to retain the Daylight Saving Time settings (please refer to System on page 24)

Custom Language: Select this option to retain the Custom Language settings.

If none of the options is selected, all settings will be restored to factory default.

The following message is displayed during the restoring process.

The device is rebooting now. Your browser will reconnect to http://192.168.5.151:80/ If the connection fails, please manually enter the above IP address in your browser.

Export / Upload Files Advanced Mode

This feature allows you to Export / Upload daylight saving time rules, custom language files, and setting backup files.

Export daylight saving time configuration file	Export
Export language file	Export
Export setting backup file	Export
Upload files	
	Browse Upload
Upload files Update daylight saving time rules Update custom language file	

Export daylight saving time configuration file: Click to set the start and end time of DST.

Follow the steps below to export:

- 1. In the Export files column, click **Export** to export the daylight saving time configuration file from the Network Camera.
- 2. A file download dialog will pop up as shown below. Click **Open** to review the XML file or click **Save** to store the file for editing.



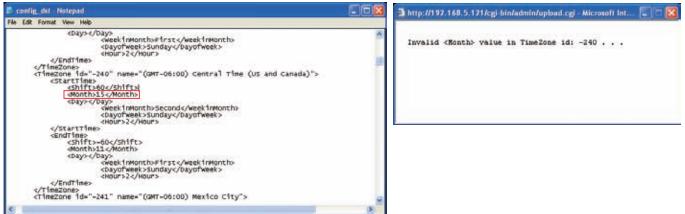
3. Open the file with Microsoft[®] Notepad and locate your time zone; set the start and end time of DST. When completed, save the file.

In the example below, DST begins each year at 2:00 a.m. on the second Sunday in March and ends at 2:00 a.m. on the first Sunday in November.

<day></day> <weekinmonth>First</weekinmonth> <payofweek>sunday</payofweek>	-
<timezone id="-240" name="(GMT-06:00) Central Time (us and Canada)"> <starttimes <starttimes <shift>60</shift> dontb3<days< days<br=""> </days<> </starttimes </starttimes </timezone>	
 <timezone id="-241" name="(GMT-06:00) Mexico City"></timezone>	

Upload daylight saving time rule: Click **Browse...** and specify the XML file to upload.

If the incorrect date and time are assigned, you will see the following warning message when uploading the file to the Network Camera.



The following message is displayed when attempting to upload an incorrect file format.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer	×
1	The file must have a .xml filename su	uffix,

<u>Export language file</u>: Click to export language strings. VIVOTEK provides nine languages: English, Deutsch, Español, Français, Italiano, 日本語, Português, 簡体中文, and 繁體中文.

Upload custom language file: Click **Browse...** and specify your own custom language file to upload.

Export setting backup file: Click to export all parameters for the device and user-defined scripts.

<u>Upload setting backup file</u>: Click **Browse...** to upload a setting backup file. Please note that the model and firmware version of the device should be the same as the setting backup file. If you have set up a fixed IP or other special settings for your device, it is not suggested to upload a settings backup file.

Upgrade Firmware

Select firmware file	Browse

This feature allows you to upgrade the firmware of your Network Camera. It takes a few minutes to complete the process.

Note: Do not power off the Network Camera during the upgrade!

Follow the steps below to upgrade the firmware:

- 1. Download the latest firmware file from the VIVOTEK website. The file is in .pkg file format.
- 2. Click **Browse...** and specify the firmware file.
- 3. Click **Upgrade**. The Network Camera starts to upgrade and will reboot automatically when the upgrade completes.

If the upgrade is successful, you will see "Reboot system now!! This connection will close". After that, reaccess the Network Camera. The following message is displayed when the upgrade has succeeded.

Reboot system now!! This connection will close.

The following message is displayed when you have selected an incorrect firmware file.

Starting firmware upgrade... Do not power down the server during the upgrade. The server will restart automatically after the upgrade is completed. This will take about 1 - 5 minutes. Wrong PKG file format Unpack fail

Appendix URL Commands for the Network Camera

Overview

For some customers who already have their own web site or web control application, the Network Camera/Video Server can be easily integrated through URL syntax. This section specifies the external HTTP-based application programming interface. The HTTP-based camera interface provides the functionality to request a single image, control camera functions (PTZ, output relay etc.), and get and set internal parameter values. The image and CGI-requests are handled by the built-in Web server.

Style Convention

In URL syntax and in descriptions of CGI parameters, text within angle brackets denotes content that is to be replaced with either a value or a string. When replacing the text string, the angle brackets should also be replaced. An example of this is the description of the name for the server, denoted with <servername> in the URL syntax description below, that is replaced with the string myserver in the URL syntax example further down in the page.

URL syntax is denoted with the word "Syntax:" written in bold face followed by a box with the referenced syntax as shown below. For example, name of the server is written as <servername> and is intended to be replaced with the name of the actual server. This can either be a name, e.g., "mywebcam" or "thecam. adomain.net" or the associated IP number for the server, e.g., 192.168.0.220.

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

Description of returned data is written with "**Return:**" in bold face followed by the returned data in a box. All data is returned in HTTP format, i.e., each line is separated with a Carriage Return and Line Feed (CRLF) printed as \r\n.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 <HTTP code> <HTTP text>\r\n

URL syntax examples are written with "**Example:**" in bold face followed by a short description and a light grey box with the example.

Example: request a single snapshot image

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg

General CGI URL Syntax and Parameters

CGI parameters are written in lower-case and as one word without any underscores or other separators. When the CGI request includes internal camera parameters, these parameters must be written exactly as they are named in the camera or video server. The CGIs are organized in functionally-related directories under the cgi-bin directory. The file extension .cgi is required.

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/<*subdir*>[/<*subdir*>...]/<*cgi*>.<*ext*> [?<parameter>=<value>[&<parameter>=<value>...]]

Example: Set digital output #1 to active

http://mywebserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Security Level

SECURITY LEVEL	SUB-DIRECTORY	DESCRIPTION
0	anonymous	Unprotected.
1 [view]	anonymous, viewer,	1. Can view, listen, talk to camera.
	dido, camctrl	2. Can control DI/DO, PTZ of the camera.
4 [operator]	anonymous, viewer,	Operator access rights can modify most of the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator	parameters except some privileges and network options.
6 [admin]	anonymous, viewer,	Administrator access rights can fully control the camera's
	dido, camctrl, operator,	operations.
	admin	
7	N/A	Internal parameters. Unable to be changed by any external
		interfaces.

Get Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/getparam.cgi?[<parameter>]

[&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?[<*parameter*>] [&<parameter>...]

Where the *<parameter>* should be *<group>*[_*<name>*] or *<group>*[.*<name>*]. If you do not specify any parameters, all the parameters on the server will be returned. If you specify only *<group>*, the parameters of the related group will be returned.

When querying parameter values, the current parameter values are returned.

A successful control request returns parameter pairs as follows:

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: <length>\r\n \r\n <*parameter pair>* where <parameter pair> is <parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

<length> is the actual length of content.

Example: Request IP address and its response

Request: http://192.168.0.123/cgi-bin/admin/getparam.cgi?network_ipaddress Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Set Server Parameter Values

Note: The access right depends on the URL directory. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/anonymous/setparam.cgi? <parameter>=<value>
[&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/viewer/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/operator/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi? <*parameter*>=<*value*> [&<parameter>=<value>...][&update=<value>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
<group>_<name></name></group>	value to assigned	Assign < <i>value</i> > to the parameter < <i>group</i> >_< <i>name</i> >.	
update	<boolean></boolean>	Set to 1 to update all fields (no need to update parameter in	
		each group).	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is	
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative	
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it	
		will redirect to an empty page.	
		(Note: The return page can be a general HTML file (.htm, .html)	
		or a VIVOTEK server script executable (.vspx) file. It cannot be	
		a CGI command or have any extra parameters. This parameter	
		must be placed at the end of the parameter list	

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n

Content-Type: text/html\r\n

Context-Length: <length>\r\n

\r\n

<parameter pair>

```
where <parameter pair> is
```

<parameter>=<value>\r\n

[<parameter pair>]

Only the parameters that you set and are readable will be returned.

Example: Set the IP address of server to 192.168.0.123:

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/admin/setparam.cgi?network_ipaddress=192.168.0.123 Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/html\r\n Context-Length: 33\r\n \r\n network.ipaddress=192.168.0.123\r\n

Available parameters on the server

Valid values:

VALID VALUES	DESCRIPTION	
string[<n>]</n>	Text strings shorter than 'n' characters. The characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.	
string[n~m]	Text strings longer than `n' characters and shorter than `m' characters. The	
	characters ",', <,>,& are invalid.	
password[<n>]</n>	The same as string but displays `*' instead.	
integer	Any number between $(-2^{31} - 1)$ and $(2^{31} - 1)$.	
positive integer	Any number between 0 and $(2^{32} - 1)$.	
<m> ~ <n></n></m>	Any number between 'm' and 'n'.	
domain name[<n>]</n>	A string limited to a domain name shorter than 'n' characters (eg.	
	www.ibm.com).	
email address [<n>]</n>	A string limited to an email address shorter than 'n' characters (eg.	
	joe@www.ibm.com).	
ip address	A string limited to an IP address (eg. 192.168.1.1).	
mac address	A string limited to contain a MAC address without hyphens or colons.	
boolean	A boolean value of 1 or 0 represents [Yes or No], [True or False], [Enable or	
	Disable].	
<value1>,</value1>	Enumeration. Only given values are valid.	
<value2>,</value2>		
<value3>,</value3>		
blank	A blank string.	

everything inside <>	A description	
integer primary key	SQLite data type. A 32-bit signed integer. The value is assigned a unique	
	integer by the server.	
text	SQLite data type. The value is a text string, stored using the database	
	encoding (UTF-8, UTF-16BE or UTF-16-LE).	
coordinate	x, y coordinate (eg. 0,0)	
window size	window width and height (eg. 800x600)	

NOTE: The camera should not be restarted when parameters are changed.

Group: system

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
hostname	string[40]	1/6	Host name of server
			(Network Camera,
			Wireless Network Camera,
			Video Server,
			Wireless Video Server).
ledoff	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Turn on (0) or turn off (1) all led indicators.
lowlight	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Turn on white light LED under all conditions.
			Only turn on white light LED in low light
			conditions.
			(product dependent)
date	<yyyy dd="" mm="">,</yyyy>	6/6	Current date of system. Set to 'keep' to keep
	keep,		date unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP to
	auto		synchronize date.
time	<hh:mm:ss>,</hh:mm:ss>	6/6	Current time of the system. Set to 'keep' to
	keep,		keep time unchanged. Set to 'auto' to use NTP
	auto		to synchronize time.
datetime	<mmddhhmmyyyy.ss></mmddhhmmyyyy.ss>	6/6	Another current time format of the system.
ntp	<domain name="">,</domain>	6/6	NTP server.
	<ip address="">,</ip>		*Do not use "skip to invoke default server" for
	<blank></blank>		default value.
timezoneindex	-489 ~ 529	6/6	Indicate timezone and area.
			-480: GMT-12:00 Eniwetok, Kwajalein
			-440: GMT-11:00 Midway Island, Samoa
			-400: GMT-10:00 Hawaii
			-360: GMT-09:00 Alaska
			-320: GMT-08:00 Las Vegas, San_Francisco,
			Vancouver

 -280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time, Denver -281: GMT-07:00 Arizona -240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azorse, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azorse, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Ararsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Taral 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Rangoon 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 280: GMT 07:00 Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, 		
 -240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -20: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -20: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Varsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 05:04 Timay, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 		-280: GMT-07:00 Mountain Time, Denver
Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Labanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Labanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Labanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Labanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Rangoon		-281: GMT-07:00 Arizona
 -200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York, Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:30 Catacas -160: GMT-04:30 Catacas -160: GMT-04:30 Catacas -160: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Ansterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Varsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:00 Traq 140: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 		-240: GMT-06:00 Central America, Central
Toronto -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:00 Taq 160: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi		Time, Mexico City, Saskatchewan
 -201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT 01:00 Arsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Arsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg, Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent 220: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 		-200: GMT-05:00 Eastern Time, New York,
 -180: GMT-04:30 Caracas -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbilisi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbal, New Delhi 220: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 		Toronto
 -160: GMT-04:00 Atlantic Time, Canada, La Paz, Santiago -140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland -120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland -80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic -40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 41: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris 81: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Tehran 160: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbal, New Delhi 230: GMT 05:45 Kathmandu 240: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon 		-201: GMT-05:00 Bogota, Lima, Quito, Indiana
Paz, Santiago-140: GMT-03:30 Newfoundland-120: GMT-03:00 Brasilia, Buenos Aires, Georgetown, Greenland-80: GMT-02:00 Mid-Atlantic-40: GMT-01:00 Azores, Cape_Verde_IS. 0: GMT Casablanca, Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London40: GMT 01:00 Amsterdam, Berlin, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Madrid, Paris41: GMT 01:00 Warsaw, Budapest, Bern 80: GMT 02:00 Athens, Helsinki, Istanbul, Riga 81: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Lebanon, Minsk 83: GMT 02:00 Cairo 82: GMT 02:00 Israel 120: GMT 03:00 Baghdad, Kuwait, Riyadh, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Nairobi 121: GMT 03:00 Iraq 140: GMT 04:00 Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Baku, Tbillsi, Yerevan 180: GMT 04:30 Kabul 200: GMT 05:00 Ekaterinburg, Islamabad, Karachi, Tashkent 220: GMT 05:30 Calcutta, Chennai, Mumbai, New Delhi 230: GMT 06:00 Almaty, Novosibirsk, Astana, Dhaka, Sri Jayawardenepura 260: GMT 06:30 Rangoon		-180: GMT-04:30 Caracas
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			Krasnoyarsk
			320: GMT 08:00 Beijing, Chongging, Hong
			Kong, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore, Taipei
			360: GMT 09:00 Osaka, Sapporo, Tokyo,
			Seoul, Yakutsk
			380: GMT 09:30 Adelaide, Darwin
			400: GMT 10:00 Brisbane, Canberra,
			Melbourne, Sydney, Guam, Vladivostok
			440: GMT 11:00 Magadan, Solomon Is., New
			Caledonia
			480: GMT 12:00 Aucklan, Wellington, Fiji,
			Kamchatka, Marshall Is.
			520: GMT 13:00 Nuku'Alofa
daylight_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable automatic daylight saving time in time
			zone.
daylight_dstactual	1~4	6/7	Check if current time is under daylight saving
mode			time.
			(Used internally)
daylight_auto_beg	string[19]	6/7	Display the current daylight saving start time.
intime		- /	(product dependent)
daylight_auto_end	string[19]	6/7	Display the current daylight saving end time.
time		- /	(product dependent)
daylight_timezone	string	6/6	List time zone index which support daylight
s		-, -	saving time.
updateinterval	0,	6/6	0 to Disable automatic time adjustment,
	3600,	-, -	otherwise, it indicates the seconds between
	86400,		NTP automatic update intervals.
	604800,		
	2592000		
restore	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default
	<positive integer=""></positive>	.,.	values after <value> seconds.</value>
reset	0,	7/6	Restart the server after <value> seconds if</value>
	<positive integer=""></positive>	,,0	<value> is non-negative.</value>
restoreexceptnet	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default
restoreexceptilet	<positive integer=""></positive>	//0	values except (ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1,
			dns2, pppoe).
			This command can cooperate with other
			"restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When
			cooperating with others, the system
			parameters will be restored to the default value

			except for a union of the combined results.
restoreexceptdst	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default
	<positive integer=""></positive>		values except all daylight saving time settings.
			This command can cooperate with other
			"restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When
			cooperating with others, the system
			parameters will be restored to default values
			except for a union of combined results.
restoreexceptlang	0,	7/6	Restore the system parameters to default
	<positive integer=""></positive>		values except the custom language file the
			user has uploaded.
			This command can cooperate with other
			"restoreexceptXYZ" commands. When
			cooperating with others, the system
			parameters will be restored to the default value
			except for a union of the combined results.

Subgroup of **system**: **info** (The fields in this group are unchangeable.)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
modelname	string[40]	0/7	Internal model name of the server (eg. IP7139)
extendedmodelname	string[40]	0/7	ODM specific model name of server (eg.
			DCS-5610). If it is not an ODM model, this field
			will be equal to "modelname"
serialnumber	<mac< td=""><td>0/7</td><td>12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).</td></mac<>	0/7	12 characters MAC address (without hyphens).
	address>		
firmwareversion	string[40]	0/7	Firmware version, including model, company,
			and version number in the format:
			<model-brand-version></model-brand-version>
language_count	<integer></integer>	0/7	Number of webpage languages available on the
			server.
language_i<0~(count-1)>	string[16]	0/7	Available language lists.
customlanguage_maxcount	<integer></integer>	0/6	Maximum number of custom languages
			supported on the server.
customlanguage_count	<integer></integer>	0/6	Number of custom languages which have been
			uploaded to the server.
customlanguage_i<0~(max	string	0/6	Custom language name.
count-1)>			

Group: status

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
di_i<0~(ndi-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
do_i<0~(ndo-1)>	<boolean></boolean>	1/7	0 => Inactive, normal
			1 => Active, triggered
daynight	day, night	7/7	Current status of day, night.
onlinenum_rtsp	integer	6/7	Current number of RTSP connections.
onlinenum_httppush	integer	6/7	Current number of HTTP push server connections.
eth_i0	<string></string>	1/99	Get network information from emac_link.

Group: **di_i<0~(ndi-1)>** (capability.ndi > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	high,	1/1	Indicates open circuit or closed circuit (inactive
	low		status)

Group: **do_i<0~(ndo-1)>** (capability.ndo > 0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
normalstate	open,	1/1	Indicate open circuit or closed circuit (inactive
	grounded		status)

Group: **security**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
privilege_do	view, operator,	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control
	admin		digital output
privilege_camctrl	view, operator,	6/6	Indicate which privileges and above can control
	admin		PTZ
user_i0_name	string[64]	6/7	User name of root
user_i<1~20>_name	string[64]	6/7	User name
user_i0_pass	password[64]	6/6	Root password
user_i<1~20>_pass	password[64]	7/6	User password
user_i0_privilege	viewer,	6/7	Root privilege
	operator,		
	admin		
user_i<1~20>_	viewer,	6/6	User privilege

privilege	operator,	
	admin	

Group: **network**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
type	lan,	6/6	Network connection type.
	рррое		
preprocess	0~15	6/6	Stop related process before setting port value.
resetip	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	1 => Get ipaddress, subnet, router, dns1, dns2 from DHCP
			server at next reboot.
			0 => Use preset ipaddress, subnet, rounter, dns1, and dns2.
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IP address of server.
subnet	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Subnet mask.
router	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Default gateway.
dns1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Primary DNS server.
dns2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Secondary DNS server.
wins1	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Primary WINS server.
wins2	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Secondary WINS server.

Subgroup of **network: ieee8021x**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable IEEE 802.1x
eapmethod	eap-peap,	6/6	Selected EAP method
	eap-tls		
identity_peap	String[64]	6/6	PEAP identity
identity_tls	String[64]	6/6	TLS identity
password	String[254]	6/6	Password for TLS
privatekeypassword	String[254]	6/6	Password for PEAP
ca_exist	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	CA installed flag
ca_time	<integer></integer>	6/7	CA installed time. Represented in EPOCH
ca_size	<integer></integer>	6/7	CA file size (in bytes)
certificate_exist	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Certificate installed flag (for TLS)
certificate_time	<integer></integer>	6/7	Certificate installed time. Represented in EPOCH
certificate_size	<integer></integer>	6/7	Certificate file size (in bytes)
privatekey_exist	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Private key installed flag (for TLS)
privatekey_time	<integer></integer>	6/7	Private key installed time. Represented in EPOCH
privatekey_size	<integer></integer>	6/7	Private key file size (in bytes)

Subgroup of **network: qos**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cos_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable CoS (IEEE 802.1p)
cos_vlanid	1~4095	6/6	VLAN ID
cos_video	0~7	6/6	Video channel for CoS
cos_audio	0~7	6/6	Audio channel for CoS
cos_eventalarm	0~7	6/6	Event/alarm channel for CoS
cos_management	0~7	6/6	Management channel for CoS
cos_eventtunnel	0~7	6/6	Event/Control channel for CoS
dscp_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable DSCP
dscp_video	0~63	6/6	Video channel for DSCP
dscp_audio	0~63	6/6	Audio channel for DSCP
dscp_eventalarm	0~63	6/6	Event/alarm channel for DSCP
dscp_management	0~63	6/6	Management channel for DSCP

Subgroup of **network**: **ipv6**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable IPv6.
addonipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 IP address.
addonprefixlen	0~128	6/6	IPv6 prefix length.
addonrouter	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 router address.
addondns	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	IPv6 DNS address.
allowoptional	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Allow manually setup of IP address setting.

Subgroup of **network**: **ftp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	21, 1025~65535	6/6	Local ftp server port.

Subgroup of ${\color{black}\textbf{network:}}\ {\color{black}\textbf{http}}$

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	80, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTP port.
alternateport	1025~65535	6/6	Alternate HTTP port.
authmode	basic,	1/6	HTTP authentication mode.
	digest		

s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 1.
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	HTTP server push access name for stream 2.
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>1)
s2_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 3
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>2)
s3_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 4
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>3)
s4_accessname	string[32]	1/6	Http server push access name for stream 5
			(capability.protocol.spush_mjpeg =1 and
			video.stream.count>4)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.

Subgroup of **network**: **https**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
port	443, 1025 ~ 65535	6/6	HTTPS port.

Subgroup of **network**: **rtsp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	554, 1025 ~ 65535	1/6	RTSP port.
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
anonymousviewing	<boolean></boolean>	1/6	Enable anoymous streaming viewing.
authmode	disable,	1/6	RTSP authentication mode.
	basic,		(capability.protocol.rtsp=1)
	digest		
s0_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream1.
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>0)
s1_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream2.
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>1)
s2_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream3
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and

			video.stream.count>2)
s3_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream4
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>3)
s4_accessname	string[32]	1/6	RTSP access name for stream5
			(capability.protocol.rtsp=1 and
			video.stream.count>4)
s0_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream1.
			-1 => audio mute
s1_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute
s2_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute
s3_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute
s4_audiotrack	<integer></integer>	6/6	The current audio track for stream2.
			-1 => audio mute

Subgroup of **network_rtsp_s<0~(n-1)>**: **multicast,** n is stream count

(capability.protocol.rtp.multicast=1)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
alwaysmulticast	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable always multicast.
ipaddress	<ip address=""></ip>	4/4	Multicast IP address.
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast video port.
audioport	1025 ~ 65535	4/4	Multicast audio port.
ttl	1 ~ 255	4/4	Multicast time to live value.

Subgroup of **network**: **sip**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
port	1025 ~ 65535	1/6	SIP port.
			(capability.protocol.sip=1)

Subgroup of **network**: **rtp**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Video channel port for RTP.
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)

audioport	1025 ~ 65535	6/6	Audio channel port for RTP.	
			(capability.protocol.rtp_unicast=1)	

Subgroup of **network**: **pppoe**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
user	string[128]	6/6	PPPoE account user name.
pass	password[64]	6/6	PPPoE account password.

Group: ipfilter

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable access list filtering.
admin_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable administrator IP address.
admin_ip	String[44]	6/6	Administrator IP address.
maxconnection	1~10	6/6	Maximum number of concurrent streaming
			connection(s).
allow_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed starting IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
allow_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Allowed ending IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_start	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied starting IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
deny_i<0~9>_end	1.0.0.0 ~	6/6	Denied ending IPv4 address for connection.
	255.255.255.255		
ipv6_allow_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Allowed IPv6 address for connection.
ipv6_deny_i<0~9>	String[44]	6/6	Denied IPv6 address for connection.

Group: videoin

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cmosfreq	50, 60	4/4	CMOS frequency.
			(videoin.type=2)
			(product dependent)
whitebalance	auto, manual	4/4	"auto" indicates auto white balance.
			"manual" indicates keep current value.
Atwbvalue<1~2>	0 ~ 65535	4/4	Auto white balance value.
exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Exposure level (product dependent)
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris.

			(product dependent)
irismode	fixed,	4/4	Iris mode
	indoor,		
	outdoor		
enablewdr	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable/disable WDR
<product dependent=""></product>			
enableblc	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable backlight compensation.
			(product dependent)
agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal level or MAX level.
			(product dependent)
color	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	0 =>monochrome
			1 => color
flip	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Flip the image.
mirror	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Mirror the image.
ptzstatus	<integer></integer>	1/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set separately as
			follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control function; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera; 0
			(external), 1(built-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation; 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not support),
			1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support focus operation; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
text	string[16]	1/4	Enclose caption.
imprinttimestamp	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Overlay time stamp on video.
maxexposure	1~480	4/4	Maximum exposure time.
options	quality,	4/4	Customize video quality first or video frame rate
	framerate, crop		first.
			(product dependent)
crop_position	<coordinate></coordinate>	1/4	Crop left-top corner coordinate.
	(x,y)		
crop_size	<window size=""></window>	1/4	Crop width and height.
	(WxH)		(width must be 16x and height must be 8x)

Group: Videoin_profile_i <u~(m-1)></u~(m-1)>						
NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION			
		(get/set)				
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable/disable this profile setting			
policy	day,	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.			
	night,					
	schedule					
begintime	hh:mm	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.			
endtime	hh:mm	4/4	End time of schedule mode.			
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris.			
			(product dependent)			
exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Exposure level (product dependent)			
maxexposure	1~480	4/4	Maximum exposure time.			
agc	0~2	4/4	Set auto gain control to normal level or MAX level.			
			(product dependent)			
enableblc	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable backlight compensation.			
			(product dependent)			
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable auto Iris.			
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(product dependent)</td></product<>			(product dependent)			
dependent>						
Enablewdr	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable WDR			
<product< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></product<>						
dependent>						

Group: videoin_profile_i<0~(m-1)>

Group: **videoin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products, and m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	h264, mpeg4,	1/4	Video codec type.
	mjpeg		
s<0~(m-1)>_resolution	VGA CMOS =>	1/4	Video resolution in pixels.
	176x144,		
	160x120,		
	320x240,		
	640x480		
	3M CMOS =>		
	176x144,		
	320x240,		
	640x480,		
	800×600,		

	1200-1024		
	1280x1024		
	CCD =>		
	QCIF,		
	176x120,		
	CIF,		
	352x240,		
	4CIF,		
	704x480		
	PAL =>		
	QCIF,		
	176x144,		
	CIF,		
	352x288,		
	4CIF,		
	704x576		
	VS =>		
	QCIF,		
	176x120,		
	176x144,		
	CIF,		
	352x240,		
	352x288,		
	4CIF,		
	704x480,		
	704x576		
s<0~(m-1)>_enableeptz	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Indicate whether to support eptz
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_intr	250, 500,	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
aperiod	1000, 2000,	,	
	3000, 4000		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_rate	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
controlmode		.,	vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qua	1~5,99	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in
nt	בניג -יד	ד (ד	"ratecontrolmode".
			0 is the customized manual input setting.
0 < 0 - (m 1) > mm = 4 h / h	1000 800000	4/4	1 = worst quality, 5 = best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_bitr	1000~800000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in
ate	0		"ratecontrolmode".

s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_ma	1~25,	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4).
xframe	26~30 (only		
	for NTSC or		
	60Hz CMOS)		
s<0~(m-1)>_mpeg4_qval	2~31	4/4	Manual video quality level input - choose
ue			customize input "mpeg4_quant = $0''$ (for
			MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_intrap	250, 500,	4/4	Intra frame period in milliseconds.
eriod	1000, 2000,		
	3000, 4000		
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_ratec	cbr, vbr	4/4	cbr, constant bitrate
ontrolmode			vbr, fix quality
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_quant	1~5,99	4/4	Quality of video when choosing vbr in
			"ratecontrolmode".
			0 is the customized manual input setting.
			1 = worst quality, $5 =$ best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_bitrat	1000~800000	4/4	Set bit rate in bps when choosing cbr in
е	0		"ratecontrolmode".
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_maxfr	1~25,	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for MPEG-4).
ame	26~30 (only		
	for NTSC or		
	60Hz CMOS)		
s<0~(m-1)>_h264_qvalu	0~51	4/4	Manual video quality level input - choose
e			customize input "h264_quant = $0''$ (for
			MPEG-4).
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qua	1 ~ 5,99	4/4	Quality of JPEG video.
nt			0 is the customized manual input setting.
			1 = worst quality, $5 =$ best quality.
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_max	1~25, 26~30	1/4	Set maximum frame rate in fps (for JPEG).
frame	(only for NTSC		
	or 60Hz CMOS)		
s<0~(m-1)>_mjpeg_qval	2~97	4/4	Manual video quality level input - choose
ue			customize input "mjpeg_quant = $0''$ (for
			MJPEG).
s<0~(m-1)>_forcei	1	7/6	Force I frame.

Group: videoinpreview

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
maxexposure	1~480	4/4	Maximum exposure time. (product dependent)

exposurelevel	1~8	4/4	Preview of exposure level (product dependent)
enableblc	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of enable backlight compensation.
			(product dependent)
enablewdr	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Preview of enable/disable WDR
<product dependent=""></product>			
agc	0~2	4/4	Preview of set auto gain control to normal level
			or MAX level.
			(product dependent)
autoiris	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of enable auto Iris.
			(product dependent)

Group: ircutcontrol

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
mode	auto,	6/6	Set IR cut control mode
	day,		
	night,		
	di,		
	schedule		
daymodebegintime	00:00~23:59	6/6	Day mode begin time
daymodeendtime	00:00~23:59	6/6	Day mod end time
disableirled	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable IR led
bwmode	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Switch to B/W in night mode if enabled
sensitivity	low,	6/6	Sensitivity of light sensor
	normal,		
	high		

Group: **audioin_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products (capability.audioin>0)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
source	micin,	4/4	Micin => use external microphone input.
	linein		Linein => use line input.
mute	0, 1	4/4	Enable audio mute.
gain	1~37	4/4	Gain of external microphone input.
boostmic	1~37	4/4	Gain of internal microphone input.
s<0~(m-1)>_codectype	aac4, gamr	4/4	Set audio codec type for input.
s<0~(m-1)>_aac4_bitrate	16000,	4/4	Set AAC4 bitrate in bps.
	32000,		
	48000,		

			-
	64000,		
	96000,		
	128000		
s<0~(m-1)>_gamr_bitrate	4750,	4/4	Set AMR bitrate in bps.
	5150,		
	5900,		
	6700,		
	7400,		
	7950,		
	10200,		
	12200		

Group: image_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
	WILLOL		
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust brightness of image according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust saturation of image according to mode settings.
contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Adjust contrast of image according to mode settings.
sharpness	<product< td=""><td>4/4</td><td>Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.</td></product<>	4/4	Adjust sharpness of image according to mode settings.
	dependent>		
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable edge enhancement.(Haydn only)
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Adjust edge enhancement strength. 1 is minimum and
			128 is maximum. (Haydn only)
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable noise reduction. (Haydn only)
IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Adjust noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
			3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
			(Haydn only)
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Adjust noise reduction strength. 1 is minimum and 63 is
			maximum. (Haydn only)

Group: **imagepreview_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel products

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
brightness	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of brightness adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
saturation	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of saturation adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.

contrast	-5 ~ 5	4/4	Preview of contrast adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
sharpness	<product dependent=""></product>	4/4	Preview of sharpness adjustment of image
			according to mode settings.
IBPE_edgeenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of adjusting enabling edge
			enhancement. (Haydn only)
IBPE_edgestrength	1 ~ 128	4/4	Preview of adjusting edge enhancement
			strength. 1 is minimum and 128 is maximum.
			(Haydn only)
IBPE_nrenable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Preview of adjusting enabling noise reduction.
			(Haydn only)
IBPE_nrmode	1 ~ 3	4/4	Preview of adjusting noise reduction mode.
			1 => DeGaussian
			2 => DeImpulse
			3 => DeGaussian + DeImpulse
			(Haydn only)
IBPE_nrstrength	1 ~ 63	4/4	Preview of adjusting noise reduction strength.
			1 is minimum and 63 is maximum. (Haydn
			only)

Group: imagepreview

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
videoin_whitebalance	auto,	4/4	Preview of adjusting white balance of image according
	manual		to mode settings
videoin_restoreatwb	0,1~	4/4	Restore of adjusting white balance of image according
			to mode settings

Group: **timeshift**, c for n channel products, m is stream number

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable time shift streaming.
c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~(<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable time shift streaming for specific stream.
m-1)>_allow			(product dependent)

Group: motion_c<0~(n-1)> for m profile and n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable motion detection.

win_i<0~2>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable motion window 1~3.
win_i<0~2>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of motion window $1 \sim 3$.
win_i<0~2>_left	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_top	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~2>_width	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_height	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_objsize	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
win_i<0~2>_sensitivity	0~100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable profile 1 ~ (m-1).
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_policy	day,	4/4	The mode which the profile is applied to.
	night,		
	schedule		
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_begintim	hh:mm	4/4	Begin time of schedule mode.
е			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_endtime	hh:mm	4/4	End time of schedule mode.
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable motion window.
~2>_enable			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	string[14]	4/4	Name of motion window.
~2>_name			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 320	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
~2>_left			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 240	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
~2>_top			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 320	4/4	Width of motion detection window.
~2>_width			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 240	4/4	Height of motion detection window.
~2>_height			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 100	4/4	Percent of motion detection window.
~2>_objsize			
profile_i<0~(m-1)>_win_i<0	0 ~ 100	4/4	Sensitivity of motion detection window.
~2>_sensitivity			

Group: tampering_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable or disable tamper detection.
threshold	0 ~ 255	4/4	Threshold of tamper detection.
duration	10 ~ 600	4/4	If tampering value exceeds the 'threshold' for more
			than 'duration', then tamper detection is triggered.

Group: ddns

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the dynamic DNS.
provider	Safe100,	6/6	Safe100 => safe100.net
	DyndnsDynamic,		DyndnsDynamic => dyndns.org (dynamic)
	DyndnsCustom,		DyndnsCustom => dyndns.org (custom)
	TZO,		TZO => tzo.com
	DHS,		DHS => dhs.org
	DynInterfree,		DynInterfree =>dyn-interfree.it
	PeanutHull,		PeanutHull => PeanutHull
	CustomSafe100		CustomSafe100 =>
			Custom server using safe100 method
<provider>_hostname</provider>	string[128]	6/6	Your dynamic hostname.
<provider>_usernam</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your user or email to login to the DDNS service
eemail			provider
<provider>_password</provider>	string[64]	6/6	Your password or key to login to the DDNS
key			service provider.
<provider>_serverna</provider>	string[128]	6/6	The server name for safe100.
me			(This field only exists if the provider is
			customsafe100)

Group: upnppresentation

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP presentation service.

Group: upnpportforwarding

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable or disable the UPNP port forwarding service.
upnpnatstatus	0~3	6/7	The status of UpnP port forwarding, used internally.
			0 = OK, $1 = FAIL$, $2 = no IGD router$, $3 = no need for$
			port forwarding

Group: **syslog**

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enableremotelog	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable remote log.

_					_
	serverip	<ip address=""></ip>	6/6	Log server IP address.	
	serverport	514, 1025~65535	6/6	Server port used for log.	1
	level	0~7	6/6	Levels used to distinguish the importance of the	1
				information:	1
				0: LOG_EMERG	1
				1: LOG_ALERT	1
				2: LOG_CRIT	1
				3: LOG_ERR	1
				4: LOG_WARNING	1
				5: LOG_NOTICE	1
				6: LOG_INFO	1
				7: LOG_DEBUG	I

Group: camctrl

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY (get/set)	DESCRIPTION
enablehttptunnel	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable HTTP tunnel for camera control.

Group: camctrl_c<0~(n-1)> for n channel product (capability.ptzenabled)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Pan speed
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Tilt speed
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Zoom speed
autospeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto pan speed
focusspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/4	Auto focus speed
patrolseq	string[64]	1/4	(For external device)
			The indexes of patrol points, separated by ","
patroldwelling	string[128]	1/4	(For external device)
			The dwelling time of each patrol point, separated by ","
preset_i<0~(npre	string[40]	1/4	Name of the preset location.
set-1)>_name			
preset_i<0~(npre	0~999	1/4	The dwelling time of each preset location.
set-1)>_dwelling			
uart	0 ~ (m-1), m	1/4	Select corresponding uart
	is UART count		(capability.nuart>0).
cameraid	0~255	1/4	Camera ID controlling external PTZ camera.
isptz	0 ~ 2	1/7	0: disable PTZ commands.
			1: enable PTZ commands with PTZ driver.

			2: enable PTZ commands with UART tunnel.
disablemdonptz	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	Disable motion detection on PTZ operation.

Group: snmp (capability.snmp)	(product dependent)
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NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
v2	0~1	6/6	SNMP v2 enabled. 0 for disable, 1 for enable
v3	0~1	6/6	SNMP v3 enabled. 0 for disable, 1 for enable
secnamerw	string[31]	6/6	Read/write security name
secnamero	string[31]	6/6	Read only security name
authpwrw	string[8~128]	6/6	Read/write authentication password
authpwro	string[8~128]	6/6	Read only authentication password
authtyperw	MD5,SHA	6/6	Read/write authentication type
authtypero	MD5,SHA	6/6	Read only authentication type
encryptpwrw	string[8~128]	6/6	Read/write password
encryptpwro	string[8~128]	6/6	Read only password
encrypttyperw	DES	6/6	Read/write encryption type
encrypttypero	DES	6/6	Read only encryption type
rwcommunity	string[31]	6/6	Read/write community
rocommunity	string[31]	6/6	Ready only community
syslocation	string[128]	6/6	Description of Camera location (Ex. Address)
syscontact	string[128]	6/6	Description of Camera contactor (Ex. E-mail)

Group: **privacymask_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask.
win_i<0~4>_enable	<boolean></boolean>	4/4	Enable privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_name	string[14]	4/4	Name of the privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_left	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Left coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_top	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Top coordinate of window position.
win_i<0~4>_width	0 ~ 320/352	4/4	Width of privacy mask window.
win_i<0~4>_height	0 ~ 240/288	4/4	Height of privacy mask window.

Group: capability

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
api_httpversion	0200a	0/7	The HTTP API version.
bootuptime	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Server bootup time.

nir	0,	0/7	Number of IR interfaces.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
npir	0,	0/7	Number of PIRs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ndi	0,	0/7	Number of digital inputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
ndo	0,	0/7	Number of digital outputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioin	0,	0/7	Number of audio inputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
naudioout	0,	0/7	Number of audio outputs.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nvideoin	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of video inputs.
nmediastream	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of media stream per channels.
nvideosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of video settings per channel.
naudiosetting	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of audio settings per channel.
nuart	0,	0/7	Number of UART interfaces.
	<positive integer=""></positive>		
nvideoinprofile	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of videoin profiles.
nmotionprofile	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of motion profiles.
ptzenabled	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	An 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => Support camera control function;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 1 => Built-in or external camera;
			0(external), 1(built-in)
			Bit 2 => Support pan operation, 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 3 => Support tilt operation; 0(not
			support), 1(support)
			Bit 4 => Support zoom operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 5 => Support focus operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 6 => Support iris operation;
			0(not support), 1(support)
			Bit 7 => External or built-in PT; 0(built-in),
			1(external)
			Bit 8 => Invalidate bit 1 \sim 7;
			0(bit 1 \sim 7 are valid),

			1(bit 1 ~ 7 are invalid)
			Bit 9 => Reserved bit; Invalidate lens_pan,
			Lens_tilt, lens_zoon, lens_focus, len_iris.
			0(fields are valid),
			1(fields are invalid)
evctrlchannel	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP tunnel for
			event/control transfer.
joystick	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support joystick
			control.
storage_dbenabled	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Media files are indexed in database.
npreset	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	Number of preset locations.
eptz	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	A 32-bit integer, each bit can be set
			separately as follows:
			Bit 0 => stream 1 supports ePTZ or not.
			Bit 1 => stream 2 supports ePTZ or not.
			The rest may be deduced by analogy
protocol_https	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support HTTP over SSL.
protocol_rtsp	< boolean >	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTSP.
protocol_sip	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SIP.
protocol_maxconnec	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum allowed simultaneous
tion			connections.
protocol_maxgenco	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum general streaming
nnection			connections.
protocol_maxmegac	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	The maximum megapixel streaming
onnection			connections.
protocol_rtp_multic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support scalable
ast_scalable			multicast.
protocol_rtp_multic	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support backchannel
ast_backchannel			multicast.
protocol_rtp_tcp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over TCP.
protocol_rtp_http	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support RTP over HTTP.
protocol_spush_mjp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support server push
eg			MJPEG.
protocol_snmp	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support SNMP.
protocol_ipv6	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support IPv6.
videoin_type	0, 1, 2	0/7	0 => Interlaced CCD
			1 => Progressive CCD
			2 => CMOS
		1	

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	network_wireless	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless.
	wireless_s802dot11	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless
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wireless_s802dot11 <boolean> 0/7 Indicate whether to support wireless</boolean>	wireless_s802dot11	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless

g			802.11g.
wireless_beginchan	1 ~ 14	0/7	Indicate the begin channel of wireless
nel			network
wireless_endchanne	1 ~ 14	0/7	Indicate the end channel of wireless
1			network
wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WEP.
ер			
wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA.
ра			
wireless_encrypt_w	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support wireless WPA2.
pa2			
derivative_brand	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support the upgrade
			function for the derivative brand. For
			example, if the value is true, the VVTK
			product can be upgraded to VVXX.
			(TCVV<->TCXX is excepted)
nanystream	<positive integer=""></positive>	0/7	number of any media stream per channel
iva	<boolean></boolean>	0/7	Indicate whether to support Intelligent
			Video analysis

Group: event_customtaskfile_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[41]	6/6	Custom script identification of this entry.
date	string[17]	6/6	Date of custom script.
time	string[17]	6/6	Time of custom script.

Group: event_i<0~2>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this event.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this event:
			"0" = low priority
			"1" = normal priority
			"2" = high priority
delay	1~999	6/6	Delay in seconds before detecting the next event.

trigger	boot,	6/6	Indicate the trigger condition:
	di,		"boot" = System boot
	motion,		"di"= Digital input
	seq,		"motion" = Video motion detection
	visignal,		"seq" = Periodic condition
	recnotify,		"visignal" = Video input signal loss.
	tampering,		"pir" = PIR detection.
			"recnotify" = Recording notification.
			"audioswitch" = Audio switch.
			"tampering" = Tamper detection.
			"iva" = IVA trigger.
triggerstatus	String[40]	6/6	The status for event trigger
di	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which DI detects.
			This field is required when trigger condition is "di".
			One bit represents one digital input. The LSB indicates
			DI 0.
mdwin	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows detect.
			This field is required when trigger condition is "md".
			One bit represents one window.
			The LSB indicates the 1 st window.
			For example, to detect the 1^{st} and 3^{rd} windows, set
			mdwin as 5.
mdwin0	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate which motion detection windows of profile 1
			detect.
inter	1~999	6/6	Interval of snapshots in minutes.
			This field is used when trigger condition is "seq".
weekday	0~127	6/6	Indicate which weekday is scheduled.
			One bit represents one weekday.
			bit0 (LSB) = Saturday
			bit1 = Friday
			bit2 = Thursday
			bit3 = Wednesday
			bit4 = Tuesday
			bit5 = Monday
			bit6 = Sunday
			For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday,
			set weekday as 66.
begintime	hh:mm	6/6	Begin time of the weekly schedule.
endtime	hh:mm	6/6	End time of the weekly schedule.
			(00:00 \sim 24:00 sets schedule as always on)

lowlightcondition	0, 1	6/6	0 => Do action at all times
			1 => Do action in low-light conditions
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable trigger digital output.
>_enable			
action_do_i<0~(ndo-1)	1~999	6/6	Duration of the digital output trigger in seconds.
>_duration			
action_cf_enable	0.1	6/6	Enable media write on CF.
action_cf_folder	string[128]	6/6	Path to store media.
action_cf_media	NULL, 0~4	6/6	Index of the attached media.
action_cf_datefolder	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour
			automatically.
action_server_i<0~4>_e	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this server action.
nable			The default value is 0.
action_server_i<0~4>_	NULL, 0~4	6/6	Index of the attached media.
media			
action_server_i<0~4>_	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable this to create folders by date, time, and hour
datefolder			automatically.
action_goto_enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable/disable ptz goto preset on event triggered.
action_goto_name	string[40]	6/6	Preset name that ptz goto on event triggered.

Group: **server_i**<0~4>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	email,	6/6	Indicate the server type:
	ftp,		"email" = email server
	http,		"ftp" = FTP server
	ns		"http" = HTTP server
			"ns" = network storage
http_url	string[128]	6/6	URL of the HTTP server to upload.
http_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
http_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_address	string[128]	6/6	FTP server address.
ftp_username	string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
ftp_passwd	string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
ftp_port	0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
ftp_location	string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.

0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable passive mode.
		0 = disable passive mode
		1 = enable passive mode
string[128]	6/6	Email server address.
0, 1	6/6	Enable support SSL.
0~65535	6/6	Port to connect to the server.
string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
string[128]	6/6	Email address of the sender.
string[128]	6/6	Email address of the recipient.
string[128]	6/6	Location to upload or store the media.
string[64]	6/6	Username to log in to the server.
string[64]	6/6	Password of the user.
string[64]	6/6	Workgroup for network storage.
	string[128] 0, 1 0~65535 string[64] string[128] string[128]	string[128] 6/6 0, 1 6/6 0~65535 6/6 string[64] 6/6 string[128] 6/6

Group: **media_i<0~4>** (media_freespace is used internally.)

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry
type	snapshot,	6/6	Media type to send to the server or store on the server.
	systemlog,		
	videoclip,		
	recordmsg		
snapshot_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
			2 means the third stream and etc.
			3 means the fourth stream and etc.
snapshot_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
snapshot_datesuffix	0,1	6/6	Add date and time suffix to filename:
			1 = Add date and time suffix.
			0 = Do not add.
snapshot_preevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	Indicates the number of pre-event images.
snapshot_postevent	0 ~ 7	6/6	The number of post-event images.
videoclip_source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
			2 means the third stream and etc.
			3 means the fourth stream and etc.

videoclip_prefix	string[16]	6/6	Indicate the prefix of the filename.
videoclip_preevent	0~9	6/6	Indicates the time for pre-event recording in seconds.
videoclip_maxduration	1 ~ 10	6/6	Maximum duration of one video clip in seconds.
videoclip_maxsize	50 ~ 1500	6/6	Maximum size of one video clip file in Kbytes.

Group: recording_i<0~1>

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
name	string[40]	6/6	Identification of this entry.
trigger	schedule,	6/6	Trigger type of this entry.
	networkfail		
enable	0, 1	6/6	Enable or disable this recording.
priority	0, 1, 2	6/6	Indicate the priority of this recording:
			"0" indicates low priority.
			"1" indicates normal priority.
			"2" indicates high priority.
source	<integer></integer>	6/6	Indicate the source of media stream.
			0 means the first stream.
			1 means the second stream and etc.
			2 means the third stream and etc.
			3 means the fourth stream and etc.
limitsize	0,1	6/6	0: Entire free space mechanism
			1: Limit recording size mechanism
cyclic	0,1	6/6	0: Disable cyclic recording
			1: Enable cyclic recording
notify	0,1	6/6	0: Disable recording notification
			1: Enable recording notification
notifyserver	0~31	6/6	Indicate which notification server is scheduled.
			One bit represents one application server (server_i0~i4).
			bit0 (LSB) = server_i0.
			bit1 = server_i1.
			bit2 = server_i2.
			bit3 = server_i3.
			bit4 = server_i4.
			For example, enable server_i0, server_i2, and server_i4 as
			notification servers; the notifyserver value is 21.

weekday 0~127 6/6 Indicate which weekday is scheduled. One bit represents one weekday. bit0 (LSB) = Saturday bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday	
bit1 = Friday bit2 = Thursday	
bit2 = Thursday	
hit? Wednesday	
bit3 = Wednesday	
bit4 = Tuesday	
bit5 = Monday	
bit6 = Sunday	
For example, to detect events on Friday and Sunday,	set
weekday as 66.	
begintime hh:mm 6/6 Start time of the weekly schedule.	
endtime hh:mm 6/6 End time of the weekly schedule.	
(00:00~24:00 indicates schedule always on)	
prefix string[16] 6/6 Indicate the prefix of the filename.	
cyclesize 20~ 6/6 The maximum size for cycle recording in Kbytes when	
choosing to limit recording size.	
reserveamount 100~ 6/6 The reserved amount in Mbytes when choosing cyclic	
recording mechanism.	
dest cf, 6/6 The destination to store the recorded data.	
0~4 "cf" means CF card.	
$0\sim4''$ means the index of the network storage.	
cffolder string[128] 6/6 Folder name.	

Group: https (product dependent)

NAME	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
enable	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	To enable or disable secure HTTP.
policy	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	If the value is 1, it will force HTTP connection
			redirect to HTTPS connection
method	auto,	6/6	auto => Create self-signed certificate
	manual,		automatically.
	install		manual => Create self-signed certificate manually.
			install => Create certificate request and install.
status	-3 ~ 1	6/6	Specify the https status.
			-3 = Certificate not installed
			-2 = Invalid public key
			-1 = Waiting for certificate
			0 = Not installed
			1 = Active

countryname	string[2]	6/6	Country name in the certificate information.	
stateorprovincename	vincename string[128] 6/6		State or province name in the certificate	
			information.	
localityname	string[128]	6/6	The locality name in the certificate information.	
organizationname	string[64] 6/6		Organization name in the certificate information.	
unit string[32] 6/6		6/6	Organizational unit name in the certificate	
			information.	
commonname	string[64]	6/6	Common name in the certificate information.	
validdays	0 ~ 9999	6/6	Valid period for the certification.	

Group: disk_i<0~(n-1)> n is the total number of storage devices.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION
		(get/set)	
cyclic_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable cyclic storage method.
autocleanup_enabled	<boolean></boolean>	6/6	Enable automatic clean up method.
			Expired and not locked media files will be deleted.
autocleanup_maxage	<positive integer=""></positive>	6/6	To specify the expired days for automatic clean up.

Group: **roi_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product, and m is the number of streams which support ROI.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
		(get/set)		
s<0~(m-1>_home	<coordinate></coordinate>	6/6	ROI left-top corner coordinate.	
s<0~(m-1>_size	<window size=""></window>	6/6	ROI width and height. (width must be 16x and height	
			must be 8x)	

Group: **eptz_c<0~(n-1)>** for n channel product.

PARAMETER	VALUE	SECURITY	DESCRIPTION	
		(get/set)		
osdzoom	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	Indicates multiple of zoom in is "on-screen display" or not	
smooth	<boolean></boolean>	1/4	Indicates ePTZ is smooth or not.	
tiltspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/7	Tilt speed	
			(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.)	
panspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/7	Pan speed	
			(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.)	
zoomspeed	-5 ~ 5	1/7	Zoom speed	
			(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.)	
autospeed	1 ~ 5	1/7	Auto pan/patrol speed	
			(It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.)	

VALUE SECURITY DESCRIPTION PARAMETER (get/set) string[120] 1/4The indexes of patrol points, separated by "," patrolseq patroldwelling string[160] 1/4 The dwelling time of each patrol point, separated by "," i<0~19>_name string[40] 1/7 Name of ePTZ preset. (It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.) <coordinate> 1/7 Left-top corner coordinate of the preset. i<0~19>_pos (It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.) Width and height of the preset. i<0~19>_size <window size> 1/7 (It should be set by eCamCtrl.cgi rather than by setparam.cgi.)

Group: **eptz_c<0~(n-1)>_s<0~(m-1)>** for n channel product. and m is the number of streams which support ePTZ.

Drive the Digital Output

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=< <i>state</i> >[&do2= <state>]</state>	
[&do3= <state>][&do4=<state>][&return=<<i>return page</i>>]</state></state>	

Where state is 0 or 1; "0" means inactive or normal state, while "1" means active or triggered state.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
do <num></num>	0, 1	0 – Inactive, normal state
		1 – Active, triggered state
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

Example: Drive the digital output 1 to triggered state and redirect to an empty page.

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/setdo.cgi?do1=1

Query Status of the Digital Input

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?[di0][&di1][&di2][&di3]

If no parameter is specified, all of the digital input statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n		
Content-Type: text/plain\r\n		
Content-Length: \r\n		
\r\n		
$[di0=]\r\n$		
$[di1 =]\r\n$		
[di2= <state>]\r\n</state>		
$[di3 =]\r\n$		

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital input 1.

Request:

http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdi.cgi?di1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n di1=1\r\n

Query Status of the Digital Output

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. **Method:** GET/POST Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?[do0][&do1][&do2][&do3]

If no parameter is specified, all the digital output statuses will be returned.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <*length*>\r\n \r\n [*do0*=<*state*>]\r\n [*do1*=<*state*>]\r\n [*do2*=<*state*>]\r\n [*do3*=<*state*>]\r\n

where *<state>* can be 0 or 1.

Example: Query the status of digital output 1.

Request: http://myserver/cgi-bin/dido/getdo.cgi?do1

Response: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: 7\r\n \r\n do1=1\r\n

Capture Single Snapshot

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://< <i>servername</i> >/cgi-bin/viewer/video.jpg?[channel= <value>][&resolution=<value>]</value></value>
[&quality= <value>][&streamid=<value>]</value></value>

If the user requests a size larger than all stream settings on the server, this request will fail.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DEFAULT	DESCRIPTION
channel	0~(n-1)	0	The channel number of the video source.

resolution	<available resolution=""></available>	0	The resolution of the image.
quality	1~5	3	The quality of the image.
streamid	0~(m-1)	<product< th=""><th>The stream number.</th></product<>	The stream number.
<product dependent=""></product>		dependent>	

The server will return the most up-to-date snapshot of the selected channel and stream in JPEG format. The size and quality of the image will be set according to the video settings on the server.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: image/jpeg\r\n [Content-Length: <image size>\r\n]

Account Management

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/editaccount.cgi?

method=<value>&username=<name>[&userpass=<value>][&privilege=<value>]

[&privilege=<value>][...][&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
method	Add	Add an account to the server. When using this method, the
		"username" field is necessary. It will use the default value of
		other fields if not specified.
	Delete	Remove an account from the server. When using this method,
		the "username" field is necessary, and others are ignored.
	edit	Modify the account password and privilege. When using this
		method, the "username" field is necessary, and other fields are
		optional. If not specified, it will keep the original settings.
username	<name></name>	The name for the user to add, delete, or edit.
userpass	<value></value>	The password of the new user to add or that of the old user to
		modify. The default value is an empty string.
privilege	<value></value>	The privilege of the user to add or to modify.
	viewer	Viewer privilege.
	operator	Operator privilege.

	admin	Administrator privilege.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or relative
		path according to the current path. If you omit this parameter, it
		will redirect to an empty page.

System Logs

Note: This request require Administrator privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/syslog.cgi

Server will return the most up-to-date system log.

Return: HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <syslog length>\r\n \r\n <system log information>\r\n

Upgrade Firmware

Note: This request requires Administrator privileges. Method: POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/upgrade.cgi

Post data:

fimage=<file name>[&return=<return page>]\r\n \r\n <multipart encoded form data>

Server will accept the file named <file name> to upgrade the firmware and return with <return page> if indicated.

ePTZ Camera Control

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eCamCtrl.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>

[&move=<value>][&auto=<value>][&zoom=<value>]

[&zooming=<value>&zs=<value>]

[&vx=<value>&vy=<value>&vs=<value>]

[&speedpan=<value>][&speedtilt=<value>][&speedzoom=<value>][&speedapp=<value>]

[&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of video source.	
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.	
move	home	Move to home ROI.	
	up	Move up.	
	down	Move down.	
	left	Move left.	
	right	Move right.	
auto	pan	Auto pan.	
	patrol	Auto patrol.	
	stop	Stop auto pan/patrol.	
zoom	wide	Zoom larger view with current speed.	
	tele	Zoom further with current speed.	
zooming	wide or tele Zoom without stopping for larger view or further view		
		used for joystick control.	
zs	0~6	Set the speed of zooming, "0" means stop.	
vx	<integer></integer>	The direction of movement, used for joystick control.	
vy	<integer></integer>		
vs	0 ~ 7	Set the speed of movement, "0" means stop.	
speedpan	-5 ~ 5	Set the pan speed.	
speedtilt	-5 ~ 5	Set the tilt speed.	
speedzoom	-5 ~ 5	Set the zoom speed.	
speedapp	1 ~ 5	Set the auto pan/patrol speed.	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned.	
		The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be a full URL path or relative path according to	
		the current path.	

ePTZ Recall

Note: This request requires camctrl privileges. Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/camctrl/eRecall.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>& recall=<value>[&return=<*return page*>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
recall	Text string less than 40 characters	One of the present positions to recall.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is
		assigned. The < <i>return page</i> > can be a full URL path or
		relative path according to the current path.

ePTZ Preset Locations

Note: This request requires Operator privileges.

Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/operator/ePreset.cgi?channel=<value>&stream=<value>
[&addpos=<value>][&delpos=<value>][&return=<return page>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
channel	<0~(n-1)>	Channel of the video source.
stream	<0~(m-1)>	Stream.
addpos	<text 40="" characters="" less="" string="" than=""></text>	Add one preset location to the preset list.
delpos	<text 40="" characters="" less="" string="" than=""></text>	Delete preset location from the preset list.
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the
		parameter is assigned. The <i><return page=""></return></i> can be
		a full URL path or relative path according to the
		current path.

System Information

Note: This request requires Normal User privileges. (obsolete) Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/sysinfo.cgi

Server will return the system information. In HTTP API version 2, the CapVersion will be 0200. All fields in the previous version (0100) are obsolete. Please use "getparam.cgi?capability" instead.

Return	:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n \r\n Model=<model name of server>\r\n CapVersion=0200\r\n

PARAMETER (supported	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
capability version)		
Model	system.firmwareversion	Model name of the server.
		Ex:IP3133-VVTK-0100a
CapVersion	MMmm, MM is major version from 00 ~ 99	Capability field version.
	mm is minor version from 00 ~ 99	
	ex: 0100	

IP Filtering

Note: This request requires Administrator access privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/ipfilter.cgi? method=<value>&[start=<*ipaddress*>&end=<*ipaddress*>][&index=<*value*>] [&return=<return page>]

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	
Method	addallow	Add allowed IP address range to the server. Start and end parameters	
		must be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add	
		starting from the index position.	
	adddeny	Add denied IP address range to the server. Start and end parameters must	
		be specified. If the index parameter is specified, it will try to add starting	
		from the index position.	
	deleteallow	Remove allowed IP address range from server. If start and end parameters	
		are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index is	
		specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position.	
		[start, end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.	
	deletedeny	Remove denied IP address range from server. If start and end paran	
		are specified, it will try to remove the matched IP address. If index is	
		specified, it will try to remove the address from given index position.	
		[start, end] parameters have higher priority then the [index] parameter.	
start	<ip address=""></ip>	The starting IP address to add or to delete.	
end	<ip address=""></ip>	The ending IP address to add or to delete.	
index	<value></value>	The start position to add or to delete.	
return	<return page=""></return>	Redirect to the page < <i>return page</i> > after the parameter is assigned. The	
		<return page=""> can be a full URL path or relative path according to the</return>	
		current path. If you omit this parameter, it will redirect to an empty page.	

Get SDP of Streams

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges. **Method:** GET/POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

"m" is the stream number.

"network_accessname_<0~(m-1)>" is the accessname for stream "1" to stream "m". Please refer to the "subgroup of network: rtsp" for setting the accessname of SDP.

You can get the SDP by $\ensuremath{\mathsf{HTTP}}$ GET.

Open the Network Stream

Note: This request requires Viewer access privileges.

Syntax:

For HTTP push server (MJPEG):

http://<*servername*>/<network_http_s<0~m-1>_accessname>

For RTSP (MP4), the user needs to input the URL below into an RTSP compatible player.

```
rtsp://<servername>/<network_rtsp_s<0~m-1>_accessname>
```

"m" is the stream number.

For details on streaming protocol, please refer to the "control signaling" and "data format" documents.

Senddata (capability.nuart>0)

Note: This request requires Viewer privileges. Method: GET/POST

Syntax:

```
http://<servername>/cgi-bin/viewer/senddata.cgi?
[com=<value>][&data=<value>][&flush=<value>] [&wait=<value>] [&read=<value>]
```

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
com	1 ~ <max. com="" port<="" td=""><td>The target COM/RS485 port number.</td></max.>	The target COM/RS485 port number.
	number>	
data	<hex data="" decimal="">[,<hex< td=""><td>The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex></td></hex<></hex>	The <hex data="" decimal=""> is a series of digits from 0 \sim 9, A \sim F.</hex>
	decimal data>]	Each comma separates the commands by 200 milliseconds.
flush	yes,no	yes: Receive data buffer of the COM port will be cleared before
		read.
		no: Do not clear the receive data buffer.
wait	1 ~ 65535	Wait time in milliseconds before read data.
read	1 ~ 128	The data length in bytes to read. The read data will be in the
		return page.

Return:

HTTP/1.0 200 OK\r\n Content-Type: text/plain\r\n Content-Length: <system information length>\r\n \r\n <hex decimal data>\r\n Where hexadecimal data is digits from 0 ~ 9, A ~ F.

Storage managements (capability.storage.dbenabled=1)

Note: This request requires administrator privileges.

Method: GET and POST

Syntax:

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=<cmd_type>[&<parameter>=<value>...]

The commands usage and their input arguments are as follows.

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
cmd_type	<string></string>	Required.
		Command to be executed, including search, insert, delete, update, and
		queryStatus.

Command: search

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Optional.
		The integer primary key column will automatically be
		assigned a unique integer.
triggerType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the event trigger type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='motion'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
mediaType	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file media type.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. mediaType='videoclip'
		Support trigger types are product dependent.
destPath	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the file location in camera.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. destPath ='/mnt/auto/CF/NCMF/abc.mp4'
resolution	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the media file resolution.
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. resolution='800x600'
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Optional.

		Indicate if the file is locked or not.
		0: file is not locked.
		1: file is locked.
		A locked file would not be removed from UI or cyclic storage.
triggerTime	<text></text>	Optional.
		Indicate the event trigger time. (not the file created time)
		Format is "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS"
		Please embrace your input value with single quotes.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'
		If you want to search for a time period, please apply "TO" $$
		operation.
		Ex. triggerTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01
		23:59:59' is to search for records from the start of Jan 1^{st}
		2008 to the end of Jan 1 st 2008.
limit	<positive integer=""></positive>	Optional.
		Limit the maximum number of returned search records.
offset	<positive integer=""></positive>	Optional.
		Specifies how many rows to skip at the beginning of the
		matched records.
		Note that the offset keyword is used after limit keyword.

To increase the flexibility of search command, you may use "OR" connectors for logical "OR" search operations. Moreover, to search for a specific time period, you can use "TO" connector.

Ex. To search records triggered by motion or di or sequential and also triggered between 2008-01-01 00:00:00 and 2008-01-01 23:59:59.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=search&triggerType='motion'+OR+'di'+OR+'seq'&trigge rTime='2008-01-01 00:00:00'+TO+'2008-01-01 23:59:59'

Command: delete

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1

Ex. Delete records whose key numbers are 1, 4, and 8.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=delete&label=1&label=4&label=8

Command: $\ensuremath{\textbf{update}}$

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
label	<integer key="" primary=""></integer>	Required.
		Identify the designated record.
		Ex. label=1
isLocked	<boolean></boolean>	Required.
		Indicate if the file is locked or not.

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 1 and 5 to be locked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=1&label=1&label=5

Ex. Update records whose key numbers are 2 and 3 to be unlocked status.

http://<servername>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=update&isLocked=0&label=2&label=3

Command: queryStatus

PARAMETER	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
retType	xml or javascript	Optional.
		Ex. retype=javascript
		The default return message is in XML format.

Ex. Query local storage status and call for javascript format return message.

http://<*servername*>/cgi-bin/admin/lsctrl.cgi?cmd=queryStatus&retType=javascript

Technical Specifications

System	Networking	
· CPU: TI DM365 SoC	· 10/100 Mbps Ethernet, RJ-45	
· Flash: 128MB	• Protocols: IPv4, IPv6, TCP/IP, HTTP, HTTPS, UPnP,	
• RAM: 256MB	RTSP/RTP/RTCP, IGMP, SMTP, FTP, DHCP, NTP, DNS, DDNS,	
Embedded OS: Linux 2.6	PPPoE, CoS, QoS, SNMP and 802.1X	
Pan/Tilt/Zoom	Alarm and Event Management	
· 8x digital zoom	Triple-window video motion detection	
_ens	Tamper detection	
· CS-mount, vari-focal, f = 3 ~ 8 mm, F1.2, auto-iris	• One D/I and one D/O for external sensor and alarm	
 Removable IR-cut filter for day & night function 	 Event notification using HTTP, SMTP or FTP 	
Angle of View	Local recording of MP4 file	
· 35.2° ~ 90.7° (horizontal)	On-board Storage	
Shutter Time	SD/SDHC card slot	
· 1/5 sec. to 1/40,000 sec.	 Stores snapshots and video clips 	
mage Sensor	Security	
· 1/3.2" CMOS sensor in 1600x1200 resolution	 Multi-level user access with password protection 	
Vinimum Illumination	· IP address filtering	
• 0.1 Lux / F1.2	HTTPS encrypted data transmission	
/ideo	 802.1X port-based authentication for network protection 	
· Compression: H.264, MPEG-4 & MJPEG	Users	
• Streaming:	Live viewing for up to 10 clients	
Simultaneous multiple streams	Dimension	
H.264 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS	· 154 mm (D) x 72 mm (W) x 62 mm (H)	
MPEG-4 streaming over UDP, TCP, HTTP or HTTPS MPEG-4 multicast streaming	Weight	
MJPEG streaming over HTTP or HTTPS	• Net: 664 g	
· Supports activity adaptive streaming for dynamic frame rate control	LED Indicator	
Supports video cropping for bandwidth efficiency	System power and status indicator	
Supports ePTZ for data efficiency Supports 3GPP mobile surveillance	System activity and network link indicator	
Frame rates:	Power	
H.264: up to 30 fps at 800x600	· 12V DC	
up to 15 fps at 1600x1200	· 24V AC	
MPEG-4: up to 30 fps at 800x600 up to 15 fps at 1600x1200	Power consumption: Max. 8 W	
MJPEG: up to 30 fps at 800x600	802.3af compliant Power-over-Ethernet	
up to 15 fps at 1600x1200	Approvals	
Interface: DNC compositor fermidee subput	· CE, LVD, FCC, VCCI, C-Tick	
BNC connector for video output NTSC/PAL video output switch	Operating Environments	
	• Temperature: 0 ~ 50 °C (32 ~ 122 °F)	
mage Settings · Adjustable image size, quality and bit rate	• Humidity: 90% RH	
· Time stamp and text caption overlay	Viewing System Requirements	
• Flip & mirror	· OS: Microsoft Windows 2000/XP/Vista	
· Configurable brightness, contrast, saturation, sharpness, white	Browser: Mozilla Firefox, Internet Explorer 6.x or above	
balance and exposure	· Cell phone: 3GPP player	
 AGC, AWB, AES Automatic, manual or scheduled day/night mode 	• Real Player: 10.5 or above	
· BLC (Backlight Compensation)	Quick Time: 6.5 or above	
· Supports privacy masks	Installation, Management, and Maintenance	
Audio	· RS-485 interface for scanners, pan/tilts	
· Compression:	Installation Wizard 2	
GSM-AMR speech encoding, bit rate: 4.75 kbps to 12.2 kbps	· 32-CH ST7501 central management software	
MPEG-4 AAC audio encoding, bit rate: 16 kbps to 128 kbps	· Supports firmware upgrade	
Interface:	Applications	
Ruilt-in microphone	SDK available for application development and system integration	
Built-in microphone External microphone input		
Built-in microphone External microphone input Audio output		
External microphone input	Warranty • 24 months	

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Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

FCC Statement

This device compiles with FCC Rules Part 15. Operation is subject to the following two conditions.

- This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a partial installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Shielded interface cables must be used in order to comply with emission limits.

CE Mark Warning **((**

This is a Class B product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference, in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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